# Bigland Green Carrielan aspirations in action...





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# **Appendices**

The Learning Vision
Subject specific expectations
Curriculum Overviews organised by Year Group

## **Curriculum rationale and curriculum intent**

Our curriculum starting point at Bigland Green begins with the aims of the 2014 National Curriculum in England:

### Aims

- 1.1 The national curriculum provides pupils with an introduction to the essential knowledge that they need to be educated citizens. It introduces pupils to the best that has been thought and said; and helps engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement.
- 1.2 The national curriculum is just one element in the education of every child. There is time and space in the school day and in each week, term and year to range beyond the national curriculum specifications. The national curriculum provides an outline of core knowledge around which teachers can develop exciting and stimulating lessons to promote the development of pupils' knowledge, understanding and skills as part of the wider school curriculum.

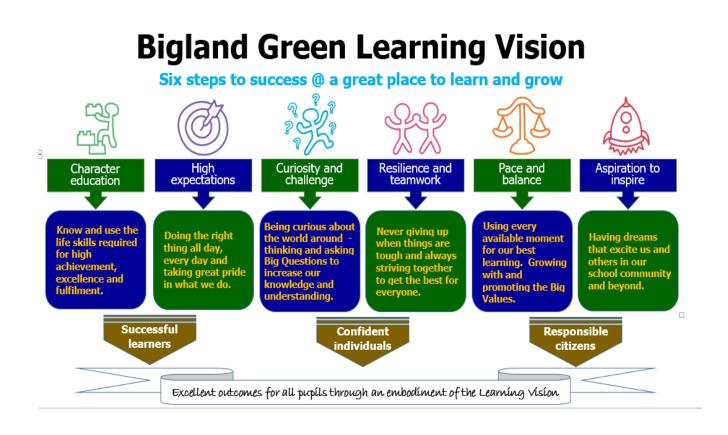
Our ultimate goal at Bigland Green is to increase children's life chances. Located in an area with high levels of deprivation and challenging living circumstances, we want our school to be a safe haven for children where learning is seen as the key to a bright future of success and fulfilment.

Less than two miles from the city of London, we believe our children deserve to have the aspirations to work in the top jobs and therefore should be equipped with the knowledge and understanding to be successful at their next stage of education. Social mobility is not just a theory at Bigland Green, it is our purpose and mission for the community we serve.

Our curriculum has been designed to provide our children with the knowledge, understanding and opportunities for application by having a progressive, structured approach that also gives the creative opportunities to our teaching staff to deliver the very best for the children. It is designed to be logical, coherent and easy to use for teaching staff so that most of their time can be spent planning and teaching the best possible learning.

Bigland Green teaches all the subjects detailed in the 2014 National Curriculum for England and delivers the core knowledge required at primary education. In addition, we are a *Philosophy for Children* school and our pupils are **Big Thinkers**. This underpins all teaching and learning at Bigland Green as we consider it vital for our children's all round well-being and their academic achievement. They are encouraged to ask big questions about what they are learning and beyond. The **Learning Vision** is the bedrock from which all teaching and learning stems (detailed in appendices). The Learning Vision demonstrates what key virtues we consider are the most important for our children to develop to fulfil our mission (i.e. children becoming successful learners, confident individuals and responsible citizens).

Subjects are organised with a subject overview detailing the units of learning covered from Year 1-6. The subjects are then broken down into individual year groups showing the expected knowledge, understanding and application objectives for each half term. It has been organised in this way so it is very clear what children should know and be able to do by the end of each year. Schemes, resources and enrichment opportunities have been designed to help children learn more.



# **Curriculum implementation**

### Teaching methods and approaches at Bigland Green

Bigland Green relies on a range of teaching methods to help children learn. The Bigland Green CPD community ensures teaching staff are continuously learning about pedagogy and developing their own practice to help support the children to achieve their best. The school recognises that teaching is a profession that is ever evolving and sets out a culture of sharing great practice and continuously striving for school improvement.

The school recognises that a great curriculum will need constant review to ensure the best teaching and learning.

Next full review date: July 2024

# Consistency across the curriculum

Planning	<ul> <li>The Bigland Green Curriculum is always the starting point for planning great learning</li> </ul>
	that is knowledge rich: this document contains long term planning. Teachers must
	then plan for the medium term (each half-term) and then weekly
	<ul> <li>Teachers will use and adapt the schemes of learning detailed in this document for</li> </ul>
	each subject. The key knowledge objectives and what the children are expected to
	understand and apply will not differ from this curriculum to support children knowing
	and remembering more. Teachers will use their creativity in planning for meaningful
	links, providing local context to the learning and how Big Thinking permeates the
	curriculum
	<ul> <li>The school has agreed proformas for planning</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Planning will include a WALT and success criteria (if needed), starter activity if</li> </ul>
	applicable, content to teach, children's individual/group learning, plenary and
	differentiation
	<ul> <li>Teachers display planning in the areas they teach</li> </ul>
Lesson	<ul> <li>Teachers will utilise learning strategies such as talk partners, individual, group and</li> </ul>
Delivery	whole class learning
	<ul> <li>Use of the Interactive White Board is encouraged through Notebook and other</li> </ul>
	educational software to support the learning
	<ul> <li>Teachers are expected to further their pedagogical knowledge through CPD and apply</li> </ul>
	this in how they deliver lessons
Learning in	<ul> <li>Learning must be presented with high expectations at all times with the same</li> </ul>
books	expectations across all the subjects for handwriting
	<ul> <li>Children will always have a date and WALT (We are learning to) for each lesson</li> </ul>
	recorded in a learning book
	<ul> <li>A variety of ways to record learning will be utilised; e.g. writing, tables, charts,</li> </ul>
	diagrams etc
	5
	<ul> <li>Photographs should only be used where there will be an impact on children's</li> </ul>
	learning. E.g. where a child has not recorded in their books such as mini white-board
	work. A caption should accompany any photograph. Photographs of other children's
	learning should not be included in books or to document an activity as this will be
	shown on planning
	<ul> <li>Some subjects present learning using a 'class big book'</li> </ul>
Learning	<ul> <li>English and Mathematics working walls are used to support the learning in every</li> </ul>
environment	class/set room
	<ul> <li>Resources for children should be readily available and children are taught how to look</li> </ul>
	after and use them for learning
	Each classroom has a book corner which is inviting
	<ul> <li>All classrooms will have working walls for subjects taught in that room and</li> </ul>
	appropriate resources to support the unit of learning
Assessment	<ul> <li>The school has an agreed Assessment and Feedback policy that all staff are expected</li> </ul>
and Feedback	to follow
	<ul> <li>There are three 'data drops' in the academic year where evidence is gathered to</li> </ul>
	assess children's progress including summative assessment tests
	<ul> <li>The school identifies vulnerable children who are working below the age expected</li> </ul>
	standard and uses PixL (Partners in Excellence) intervention program to support them
	make accelerated progress
	<ul> <li>Enrichment is offered through after-school clubs, trips, visits from experts,</li> </ul>
	competitions, residentials, in-school sleep-overs and special events
	<ul> <li>The school has a sensory 'rainbow room' to support specific needs and inclusion is</li> </ul>
	fundamental to the school's values
	Refer to the berts offer for further guidance for support provided for those animately
	with additional needs
Resources	<ul> <li>All staff are responsible for the upkeep and organisation of the curriculum resources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers order PDC library resources to support learning where appropriate</li> </ul>

### **Curriculum Impact** How do we know the curriculum is delivering our Mission and Vision?

### **Ongoing Assessment/Evaluation**

Teachers assess pupil's learning continuously and keep their own records in the class planning folder. Key performance indicators (KPIs) are used for KS1 and KS2 (see appendices). The KPIs are completed on an on-going basis. Each class is provided with an electronic *Attainment and Progress Information* (API) spreadsheet which is updated using the information from the KPIs and other assessments. There are three data drops in the Year to monitor the outcomes from the taught curriculum.

### Feedback and Assessment

Staff members will use reflective feedback to identify the big picture by looking through pupils learning at the end of each lesson. The assessment insights with be used improve teaching and learning and promote progress.

### Pupil Voice

Pupil voice is paramount at Bigland Green in assessing the implementation of the curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to speak openly about what and how they learn with teaching staff. The School Councillors meet regularly to discuss education at Bigland Green. A pupil voice survey is completed termly by all children to help provide further insight on the quality of education delivered across classes and year groups.

### **Daily Learning Reviews**

This involves all staff members who teach in the class. The review is usually at 8:45 AM in the classroom every day.

### **Teaching and Learning Conversations - TLC**

### Team TLC

This involves Team Leaders discussing the quality of learning/education with individual teachers and identifying strengths and areas for further improvement.

### Leaders' TLC

The Headteacher has discussions with team and curriculum leaders about (a) the curriculum, (b) support for learning, and (c) pupil progress. Any mini action plans are evaluated and reviewed.

### **QE – Quality of Education**

QE focuses on gaining a snap-shot of the implementation and impact of the curriculum across the school. Often a focus is identified based on school self-evaluation information.

### Individual Education Plan Cycle

Year groups meet termly to set and review individual targets for children with additional needs. As part of this process, teaching staff adapt and personalise the curriculum to meet the additional needs of these children.

### **Outcomes**

Outcomes from the Reception baseline, Phonics screening in Year 1, KS1 SATs (non-statutory), Multiplication Tables Check in Year 4 and KS2 SATs are rigorously monitored by the school. Summative assessment data is also monitored closely to help measure the impact of the curriculum. The school curriculum for Nursery and Reception are based on the revised framework for Early Years Foundation Stage<sup>1</sup> (EYFS).

The Statutory Framework for the EYFS states that:

"All areas of learning and development are important and inter-connected. Three areas are particularly important for building a foundation for igniting children's curiosity and enthusiasm for learning, forming relationships and thriving."

The Three prime areas are:

- Communication and Language (C&L)
- Physical Development (PD)
- Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)

There are also four specific areas, through which the prime areas are strengthened and applied. These are:

- Literacy
- Mathematics
- Understanding the world (UTW)
- Expressive arts and design (EAD)

Children learn by exploring, being active, and through creative thinking (Characteristics of Effective Learning). It is very important for children to develop social skills, such as turn-taking, sharing and independence, which help them in the next stages of their learning. Everyday children experience learning and teaching opportunities covering all aspects of the Early Years Foundation Stage curriculum, sometimes individually, in small groups or as a whole class.

The curriculum is taught both indoors and outdoors. We provide a stimulating environment in which children can discover and learn about the world around them through their own exploration and our teaching. We ensure a rich curriculum content, each area is sequential, connected and builds on prior learning and is relevant to each child in the school, regardless of their age, gender, individual circumstances or academic ability.

At the end of the EYFS children are assessed using the Early Learning Goals<sup>2</sup>.

Many of our children start with a localised experience of the world. Our role is to open the world of knowledge and curiosity for them. We work closely with parents, understanding that they are their child's first teacher.

We help our children make connections in learning and it is through reading, sharing and learning from books that the world of knowledge can be made fully accessible to them. Creating a sense of awe and wonder that excites and inspires our children is a key factor in attaining our high academic standards. We ensure that all members of our school community share our aspirational expectations for our school and each individual pupil.

A key element of our approach to the development of reading and writing is the use of Little Wandle Systematic Synthetic Phonics. Phonics is introduced and taught in Nursery so that our children are ready for the learning in Reception. Please refer to the 'Learning to Read at Bigland Green' document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup><u>https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/974907/EYFS\_framew\_ork\_\_March\_2021.pdf</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/1024319/Early\_years\_foundation\_stage\_profile\_handbook\_2022.pdf

#### Nursery weekly offer

- Daily singing of nursery rhymes, literacy and mathematics, end of day story, free access to outside.
- Weekly Little Wandle Rhyme Time from autumn 2

### **Reception weekly offer**

- Daily Phonics, Daily literacy and Numeracy, end of day story, Little Wandle Daily Supported Reading, weekly 1:1 reading with a class adult, free access to outside
- Tuesday Friday Learning to Read
- Weekly PE.

### **EYFS Curriculum overview – Two yearly cycle**

We have a two yearly cycle as the majority of our children attend our Nursery and Reception classes and we feel that this is a way to build on and expand their knowledge in a systematic and thorough way ensuring continuity of learning inside and outside for all children. The aim of the EYFS curriculum at Bigland Green is to offer children knowledge and experiences to grow, develop and learn. The curriculum also prepares children to be successful learners at Key Stage 1.

Our themes are broad enough to ensure key knowledge is taught yet also following the children's needs and interests. The curriculum is designed to give opportunities to introduce, consolidate and independently apply all that has been learnt. We encourage our children to build upon the key skills that they will need throughout their lives, primarily social interaction, independence, creativity, physical capability, and communication and language skills.

### **Characteristics of effective learning**

When planning for the children's development in the medium or short term Characteristics of effective learning are referred to. We also use these as part of our on entry observations and share with parents in our written report format.

#### Computing

Computing is embedded throughout our curriculum. We plan specific computing activities using Barefoot Computing EYFS resources. We also think of the skills of computing in our everyday teaching and learning and know how this links together.

The Digital Literacy part of the Pillars of progression which are the skills, knowledge and understanding needed in order to participate fully and safely in an increasingly digital world begins in EYFS.

# 2023 - 2024: Curriculum for Nursery and Reception ~ Cycle A

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Rationale	To ensure all children begin the year with knowledge of rhymes and traditional stories and can apply this throughout the year.	To think about what is important to us and develops to a wider focus of the world including importance of light and our solar system.	Children are more settled to share and therefore learn about themselves.	Introduction to parts of a plant and what is needed to grow. Awe and wonder of growing their own.	Expand children's world from beyond London and United Kingdom. Farm, wild, minibeasts and dinosaurs are covered>>	Prepare for their new environment by experiencing it as appropriate. Sea creatures explored.
Theme	Once upon a time	Treasure	Who am I?	Plants and Flowers	Animals	Animals continued and Transition
Suggested key books	Nursery Rhymes, Each Peach Pear Plum A. Ahlberg, Goldilocks and the Three Bears, Little Red Riding Hood	The Paper Dolls J. Donaldson, Star in the JarS. Hay, Dogger Shirley Hughes, Look up! N Bryon, Christmas story	Owl Babies M.Waddell Here's a little poem Kipper's Birthday Mick Inkpen, Giraffe's Can't Dance G Andreae Be who you are T Parr All are Welcome! Alex Penfold, Anna Hibiscus song Atinuke	Jack and the Beanstalk, Titch R Hutchins Stanley's Stick J Hegley non-fiction Plant a rainbow, The Tiny Seed-E Carle New life spring	What the ladybird heard J. Donaldson, The Very Hungry Caterpillar E. Carle, Yucky Worms V French, Aargh Spider Reception - E.Carle as author	Non fiction Tanka Tanka Skunk Steve Webb The Leopard's Drum Jessica Souhami Walking through the Jungle Julie Lacome Dear Zoo R Campbell
Possible Visits/Trips/Enrichment	Bulb planting	Autumn experiences. Children bring in what they treasure from home throughout the term to make a book. End of term party	Nursery Reading to Learn In school theatre performance	Use of EYFS garden – planting, sowing Mothering Sunday Nursery mathematical Easter Egg hunt Take a seed planted home	Reception Discovery Centre Reception Writing book for Transition to Year 1	Caterpillars Visit to Mudchute farm Sports Day EYFS picnic
Parental support	Join your local library. Continue, or start the habit of reading every day and writing in your child's Reading Record.	Talking together about what is important to you at home. Bring in treasure from home to share	Understand who is in your family.	Look after your seed/bulb from school, go for walks in the park.	Learn baby animal names and know a wide range of animals and where they live.	Talk about what your child has learnt this year and how ready for the next year. Listen to any concerns.

# 2024 - 2025: Curriculum for Nursery and Reception ~ Cycle B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Rationale	Reception stories build on nursery. Children in Reception are more settled so can build on deeper literacy than when in nursery.	Thinking about their homes and where we live. Learning about environments different to our context.	Understanding where food comes from and importance of healthy eating.	Learning about different countries in the world and different forms of transport.	Water links to planting again for all children. Tactile exploration and experiences of different places>>	Prepare for their new environment by experiencing it as appropriate.
Theme	Once upon a story	Homes and Buildings	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand and Water	Sand and Water
Suggested key books	Nursery Rhymes Each Peach Pear Plum A. Ahlberg, Goldilocks and	The Three little Pigs, Home – Carson Ellis Non	Handa's Surprise- E.Browne, Biscuit Bear-M. Grey The Little Red Hen,	Little Red Riding Hood, Mr. Gumpy's Outing J.Burningham, The Train	Billy's Bucket by K.Grey, Surprising Sharks N. Davies	Shark in the Park N Sharrat Anna Hibiscus Splash! – Atinuke Shirley Hughes – stories and poems

	the Three bears, Gingerbread Man, Little Red Riding Hood	fiction texts Christmas Story	Gigantic Turnip, Non Fiction, I will not ever eat tomato- Lauren Child Oliver's Vegetables-V French	Ride-J Crebbin, Naughty Bus!-J Oke Non fiction New life spring	Non fiction	
Possible Visits/Trips/enrichment		Walk around the school building. Autumn experiences. End of term party	Cooking and food tasting in school Nursery Reading to Learn	Mothering Sunday Walk around the school or local environment Nursery mathematical Easter Egg hunt	Take a seed planted home Reception – Discovery Centre Reception Writing book for transition	Caterpillars Beach visit Sports Day EYFS picnic
Parental support	Join your local library. Continue, or start the habit of reading every day and writing in your child's Reading Record.	As you walk about talk about the buildings you see. Take a trip into central London.	Talk about being healthy together as a family. Cook and go shopping together.	Talk about short journeys you go on, talk about longer travels your family have been on.	Have fun with water play in the bath, shower, washing up. Go to the River Thames and take a look.	Talk about what your child has learnt this year and how ready for the next year. Listen to any concerns.

Italics Learning linked to the developmental cycle of the academic year, not the topic key knowledge of topic >> on going throughout the year but particularly relevant to this topic>>

# Cycle B - Nursery for prime and specific areas

		Once upon a story	Homes and Buildings	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand and Water (plants need water)	Sand and Water
	Communication and Language (C&L)	Listening to a story in small groups Introduce traditional tales, characters, story line, nursery rhymes Learning names of children/adults in school Repetitive refrain	Sing a large repertoire of songs Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult Introducing vocabulary of topic eg, wall, window	<i>Enjoy listening to longer</i> <i>stories &amp; can remember</i> <i>much of what happens.</i> <i>Know many rhymes</i> <i>Use a wider range of</i> <i>vocabulary</i> <b>eg, food</b> <b>eaten at lunch</b> < <understand why<br="">questions &gt;&gt;</understand>	Start a conversation with a friend and continue it for many turns Longer sentences 4-6 words Question which has two parts Relate to own lives in full sentences Emergency vehicles	Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses Be able to talk about familiar books and to tell a long story. Start a conversation with an adult and continue it for many turns	<i>Be able to express point of view using words and gestures. Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying some sounds</i>
Prime Areas	Physical Development (PD)	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs Start eating independently learning how to use a knife and fork Sitting on the carpet as part of a large group Moving in a large space Holding mark making implement	Increasingly independent putting coats on and doing zips Use large muscle movement to paint and make marks Show preference for dominant hand Use one handed tools and equipment < <skip, hop,="" on<br="" stand="">one leg and hold a pose for a game&gt;&gt; &lt;<go and="" stairs<br="" steps="" up="">or climb on apparatus using alternate feet. &gt;&gt;</go></skip,>	< <make choices<br="" healthy="">about food , drink, tooth brushing&gt;&gt; Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.</make>	< <collaborate with<br="">others to manage large items &gt;&gt; &lt;<continue develop<br="" to="">their movement balancing, riding, and ball skills. &gt;&gt;</continue></collaborate>	< <choose right<br="">resources to carry out their own plan&gt;&gt;</choose>	Take part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams < <use large="" muscle<br="">movement to wave flags&gt;&gt;</use>
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)	Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. Saying goodbye to parent/carer Learning to be in Nursery	Play with one or more other children, Remember rules without an adult needing to remind them	Develop sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Show more confidence in new social situations	Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they important Talk with others to solve conflict	Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries Extend and elaborate play ideas	Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.
Specific Areas	Literacy Please see Appendix for Foundation for Phonics overview	Read English left to right Foundation for phonics begun through singing rhymes. Introduce book bag and Reading record to home Difference drawing and writing. Print/illustration Knowing have a name card.	Print has meaning – reading the words Read English top to bottom Turning pages 1 by 1 independently Reading name, knowing their name is needed on their learning. Choosing to mark make in their preferred area. Making book choices	Understand page sequencing of print Write some or all of their name Recognise words with same initial sound Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Foundation for phonics initial sounds < <recipes, shopping<br="">lists &gt;</recipes,>	Foundation for phonics blending Independently forming letters in name correctly Difference sentence, word, letter Confident to mark make with an adult focus. See themselves as a writer. < <tickets, drawings of journeys,</tickets, 	Foundation for phonics segmenting and blending Spot and suggest rhymes Engage in extended conversation about stories Writing name without name card	Able to talk about what they have written. Write some letters accurately See themselves as a writer with confidence to have a go in all areas of writing.

			Retelling a familiar	read – destination, road		
Mathematics	<>Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.>> 1,2,3 Saying numbers outloud Difference number and letter and number	Recognise fast recognition of up to 3 objects Recite numbers past 5 < <talk about="" and<br="">explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles &amp; cuboids) using informal &amp; mathematical language: 'sides', 'round'&gt;&gt; Numbers on door Introduce Milon Mathematical Monkey</talk>	story Say one number for each item in order Show finger numbers up to 5 < <compare language:="" more="" quantities="" than="" using="">&gt; &lt;<talk about="" and="" around="" identify="" patterns="" them="">&gt; &lt;<use informal="" language="" like="" pointy="" spotty="">&gt;</use></talk></compare>	names >> Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects & tell you how many there in total < <describe a="" familiar<br="">route&gt;&gt; &lt;<select shapes<br="">appropriately&gt;&gt; Number on buses, transport</select></describe>	Link numerals & amounts Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals Begin to describe sequence of events, real or fictional using words such as first < <make comparisons<br="">between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity &gt;&gt;</make>	<i>Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 Extend and create ABAB patterns</i>
Understanding the world (UTW)	We live in a city (London) setting of traditional tales in woods We can learn knowledge from stories.	< <begin make="" sense<br="" to="">of their own life story and family's history&gt;&gt; &lt;<know are<br="" that="" there="">different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced&gt;&gt; Vocabulary of homes - key parts of our home, homes beyond UK Know we live in London a city Christmas story</know></begin>	< <use all="" in<br="" senses="">hands on exploration of natural materials&gt;&gt; &lt;<explore collections="" of<br="">materials with similar or different properties&gt;&gt; &lt;<talk about="" they<br="" what="">see, using a wide vocabulary&gt;&gt; &lt;<understand key<br="">features of life cycle of plant&gt;&gt; &lt;<talk about="" differences<br="">between materials and changes they notice&gt;&gt;</talk></understand></talk></explore></use>	< <show in<br="" interest="">different occupations&gt;&gt; &lt;<explore how="" things<br="">work&gt;&gt; &lt;<explore different<br="" the="">forces they can feel&gt;&gt; Knowing that walking is a form of transport Learning parts of vehicles knowledge of where we live – introduce maps</explore></explore></show>	< <plant and="" care<br="" seeds="">for growing plants&gt;&gt; Know water, sun, soil needed for plant to grow. Waiting for seed to shoot. Exploring floating and sinking Life cycle of caterpillar/butterfly</plant>	< <understand key<br="">features life cycle of animal&gt;&gt; &lt;<talk about="" different<br="">forces they can feel&gt;&gt; &lt;<begin to="" understand<br="">need to respect and Care for the natural environment&gt;&gt; Vocabulary – river, sea, ocean, pond, lake River Thames</begin></talk></understand>
Expressive arts and design (EAD)	Using aprons, cleaning paintbrushes between colours, name on art work. Role play area, using voices to sing songs	Increasing detail in representational drawing Take part simple pretend play Explore different materials freely <b>Construction for a</b> <b>purpose</b>	Explore colour and colour mixing Remember and sing entire songs < <begin develop<br="" to="">complex stories using small world &gt;&gt; &lt;<draw increasing<br="">complexity and detail&gt;&gt;</draw></begin>	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas < <make and<br="" imaginative="">complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits&gt;&gt; &lt;<join and<br="" materials="">explore different textures&gt;&gt;</join></make>	Develop own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them < <listen increased<br="" with="">attention to sounds&gt;&gt;</listen>	Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know < <use drawing="" to<br="">represent ideas like movement&gt;&gt; &lt;&lt; respond to what they have heard&gt;&gt;</use>

# Cycle B - Reception for prime and specific areas

		Once upon a story	Homes and Buildings	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand and Water (Plants need water.)	Sand and Water
Areas	Communication and Language (C&L)	Engage in story times Develop social phrases Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Able to retell simple familiar stories. Talk about beginning, middle and end and characters.	Use new vocabulary throughout the day eg, house, flat, home Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound	Learn poems, rhymes & songs. Use new vocabulary in different contexts < <articulate ideas<br="" their="">and thoughts in well- formed sentences&gt;&gt; &lt;<retell a="" a<br="" once="" story="">deep familiarity with it&gt;&gt;</retell></articulate>	< <ask find<br="" questions="" to="">out more and to check they understand what has been said to them&gt;&gt; &lt;<use help="" talk="" to="" work<br="">out problems and organise thinking and activities to explain how things works and why they might happen&gt;&gt;</use></ask>	< <li><listen and="" talk<br="" to="">about selected non- fiction to develop deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary&gt;&gt;</listen></li>	Retell the story with some exact repetition and some in their own words
Prime A	Physical Development (PD) NB Alongside PE curriculum	Forming letters correctly. Pen grip Further develop and refine a range of ball skills <b>PE in the hall</b>	Develop small motor skills range of tools.	Trying different foods Knowledge of healthy eating < <know about<br="" and="" talk="">different factors that support their overall health and well being&gt;&gt;</know>	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills < <use a="" of="" range="" tools<br="">competently (making vehicles)&gt;&gt; &lt;<being a="" safe<br="">pedestrian&gt;&gt;</being></use>	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	<i>Combine different movements with ease and fluency</i>
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)	Welcoming new children into class. Manage their own needs	Build constructive and respectful relationships	Express their feelings and consider feelings of others	Using talk to solve conflict	Think about perspectives of others	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
	<b>Literacy</b> See Appendix ? for Little Wandle for Phonics progression	Read individual letters by saying sound of them Know beginning, middle and end Performing in class Repetitive refrain 1:1 reading, Little Wandle	Blend sounds into words so that they can read short words of known GPC. Read a few common exception words Use of non-fiction texts	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them Spell words by identifying the sounds then writing the sounds with letter/s Writing recipes and shopping lists applying phonics	<i>Re read what they have written and make sure it makes sense. Read simple phrases and sentences</i>	Write short sentences with words known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Diary of beanstalk, life cycle caterpillar – non fiction writing	Re read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment
Specific Areas	Mathematics See NCETM Mastering Number for progression throughout the year Appendix ???	Introducing Mastering number in Reception Subitise Count objects, sounds and actions	Count beyond 10 < <select, and<br="" rotate="">manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills&gt;&gt; &gt;&gt; &lt;<recognise shapes<br="">within shapes&gt;&gt;</recognise></select,>	Continue and copy repeating patterns < <compare and<br="" weight="">capacity &gt;&gt; &lt;<understand more<br="" one="">than/one less than' relationship&gt;&gt;</understand></compare>	Compare numbers < <compare length="">&gt; Use of number out and about – bus number, car number plates.</compare>	< <compare weight,<br="">length and capacity &gt;&gt;</compare>	<i>Automatically recall number bonds for number 0-10</i>
	Understanding the world (UTW)	< <comment images<br="" on="">of familiar situations in the past&gt;&gt; &lt;<understand effect<br="" the="">of changing seasons on the natural world around them&gt;&gt;</understand></comment>	< <talk about="" members<br="">of their immediate family and community&gt;&gt; &lt;<name and="" describe<br="">people who are familiar to them&gt;&gt; &lt;<understand some<br="" that="">places are special to</understand></name></talk>	< <compare and="" contrast<br="">characters from stories, including figures from the past&gt;&gt; Food names and types.</compare>	< <recognise some<br="">similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries&gt;&gt; &lt;<draw information<br="">from a simple map&gt;&gt;</draw></recognise>	< <recognise some<br="">environments that are different to the one in which they live&gt;&gt; &lt;<explore natural<br="" the="">world around them&gt;&gt; Floating and sinking – predictions</explore></recognise>	Sea creature names Beach – a different location to the city different environments.

	Knowing about other settings in stories, story maps linking to real maps.	members of their community>> < <recognise people<br="" that="">have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways&gt;&gt; Increased vocabulary about homes – flat, house, home Know some of the key buildings in London – link occupations Christmas story</recognise>		Barefoot Computing – plan directions Use of maps New life of spring, Mothering Sunday and Easter. Boats – floating and sinking	Use vocabulary of sun, soil, water, roots, petal, stem, root Explain lifecycle of caterpillar/butterfly and apply	
Expressive arts and design (EAD) Well known songs, music and art work linked to the themes	Develop story lines in their pretend play Sing in a group Nursery rhymes	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills Hundertwasser, Gaudi	Still Life Giuseppe Arcimboldo	< <return and="" build<br="" to="">on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them&gt;&gt; &lt;<listen attentively,<br="">move to and talk about music&gt;&gt; Small World journeys</listen></return>	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Hokkusai	< <use drawing="" to<br="">represent ideas like movement&gt;&gt;</use>

# Cycle A - Nursery for prime and specific areas

		Once upon a Story	Treasure	Who am I?	Plants and Flowers	Animals	Animals
	Communication and Language (C&L)	< <introduce traditional<br="">tales, characters, story line, nursery rhymes&gt;&gt; <i>Listening to a story in</i> <i>small groups</i> Learning names of children/adults in school</introduce>	Introducing vocabulary of topic Sing a large repertoire of songs Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult	Question which has two parts Enjoy listening to longer stories & can remember much of what happens. Know many rhymes. < <relate in<br="" lives="" own="" to="">full sentences &gt;&gt; Vocabulary of a person eg, elbow, knee</relate>	Start a conversation with a friend and continue it for many turns Longer sentences 4-6 words < <understand why<br="">questions&gt;&gt; Petal, leaf, flower, tree</understand>	Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses Be able to talk about familiar books and to tell a long story. Start a conversation with an adult and continue it for many turns	Be able to express point of view using words and gestures. Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying some sounds <b>Baby animal names</b>
Prime Areas	Physical Development (PD)	Holding mark making implement Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs Start eating independently learning how to use a knife and fork Sitting on the carpet as part of a large group Moving in a large space	Increasingly independent putting coats on and doing zips Use large muscle movement to paint and make marks Show preference for dominant hand Use one handed tools and equipment	Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils < <make choices<br="" healthy="">about food drink, activity and tooth brushing&gt;&gt; &lt;<start in<br="" part="" taking="">some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams&gt;&gt;</start></make>			Take part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams < <use large="" muscle<br="">movement to wave flags&gt;&gt;</use>
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)	Saying goodbye to parent/carer Learning to be in Nursery Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed.	Play with one or more other children, Remember rules without an adult needing to remind them	Show more confidence in new social situations < <develop of<br="" sense="">responsibility and membership of a community&gt;&gt; &lt;<talk about="" their<br="">feelings using words like 'happy' 'sad'&gt;&gt;</talk></develop>	Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they important Talk with others to resolve conflict	Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries Extend and elaborate play ideas	Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.
Specific Areas	Literacy Please see Appendix 1 for Little Wandle – Foundation for Phonics	Read English left to right Foundation for Phonics begun with nursery rhymes Introduce book bag and reading record to home Difference drawing and writing, print/illustration Knowing have a name card.	Print has meaning – reading the words Read English top to bottom Reading name, knowing their name is needed on their learning. Choosing to mark make in their preferred area. Making book choice Turning pages 1 by 1 independently	Understand page sequencing of print Retelling a familiar story Writing their name with name card – write some or all of their name Foundation for phonics initial sounds Recognise words with same initial sound Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing eg, birthday cards,	Foundation for phonics blending Independently forming letters in name correctly Difference sentence, word, letter Confident to mark make with an adult focus. See themselves as a writer. Diary of a beanstalk	Foundation for phonics segmenting and blending Spot and suggest rhymes Engage in extended conversation about stories Writing name without name card	Able to talk about what they have written. Write some letters accurately See themselves as a writer with confidence to have a go in all areas of writing.

			< <recognise with<br="" words="">same initial sound&gt;&gt;</recognise>			
Mathematics	1,2,3 Saying numbers out loud Difference number and letter and number is counting/amount Understand position through words alone – with no pointing. < <discuss and<br="" routes="">locations, using words like `in front of' &gt;&gt;</discuss>	Recognise fast recognition of up to 3 objects Recite numbers past 5 < <talk about="" and<br="">explore 2D and 3D shapes&gt;&gt; &lt;<use informal="" language<br="">like 'pointy' 'spotty' &gt;&gt; Introduce Milon Mathematical Monkey</use></talk>	Say one number for each item in order Show finger numbers up to 5 < <compare quantities<br="">with more than fewer than&gt;&gt; &lt;<describe a="" familiar<br="">route&gt;&gt; &lt;<discuss and<br="" routes="">locations&gt;&gt; Age, date of birth – date and month</discuss></describe></compare>	Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects & tell you how many there in total	Link numerals & amounts Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals Begin to describe sequence of events, real or fictional using words such as first < <talk about="" and<br="">identify patterns around them&gt;&gt;</talk>	Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 < <extend aba<br="" and="" create="">pattern &gt;&gt;</extend>
Understanding the world (UTW)	We live in a city (London) setting of traditional tales in woods. We can learn knowledge from stories.	< <explore collections="" of<br="">materials with similar or different properties&gt;&gt; &lt;<show in<br="" interest="">different occupations&gt;&gt; &lt; cegin to understand need to respect and care for the natural environment&gt;&gt; Stars and planets, day and night. Christmas story</br></show></explore>	< <use all="" in<br="" senses="">hands for exploration natural materials&gt;&gt; &lt;<talk about="" they<br="" what="">see using a wide vocabulary&gt;&gt; &lt;<begin make="" sense<br="" to="">of their own life story and family's history&gt;&gt; &lt;<comntinue developing<br="">positive attitudes about differences between people&gt;&gt;</comntinue></begin></talk></use>	< <understand key<br="">features of life cycle of plant&gt;&gt;Know water, sun, soil needed for plant to grow. Waiting for seed to shoot. Exploring floating and sinking</understand>	< <understand key<br="">features of the life cycle of a plant and animal&gt;&gt; Life cycle of a butterfly</understand>	< <know are<br="" that="" there="">different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have seer in photos&gt;&gt; &lt;<begin th<br="" to="" understand="">need to respect and care for all living things&gt;&gt;</begin></know>
Expressive arts and design (EAD)	Using aprons, cleaning paintbrushes between colours, name on art work. Role play area, using voices to sing songs	Increasing detail in representational drawing Take part simple pretend play Explore different materials freely Construction for a purpose -	Remember and sing entire songs < <begin develop<br="" to="">complex stories using small world play&gt;&gt; &lt;<create closed="" shapes<br="">with continuous lines and begin to use to form objects&gt;&gt; Self portraits</create></begin>	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas < <explore and<br="" colour="">colour mixing&gt;&gt;</explore>	Develop own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them < <make imaginative<br="">complex small worlds with blocks and construction&gt;&gt; &lt;<draw increasing<br="" with="">complexity and detail&gt;&gt;</draw></make>	Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know < <show different="" emotions<br="">n their drawings and patterns &gt;&gt; &lt;<listen increased<br="" with="">attention to sounds&gt;&gt;</listen></show>

# Cycle A - Reception for prime and specific areas

		Once upon a story Reception Baseline Assessment	Treasure	Who am I?	Plants and Flowers	Animals	Animals
Prime Areas	Communication and Language (C&L)	Able to retell simple familiar stories. Talk about beginning, middle and end and characters. Engage in story times Develop social phrases Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound < <listen and="" talk<br="" to="">about selected non- fiction books &gt;&gt;</listen>	Learn poems, rhymes & songs Use new vocabulary in different contexts < <describe events="" in<br="">some detail&gt;&gt; Vocabulary of person – eyebrow, eyelash</describe>	< <ask find<br="" questions="" to="">out more and to check they understand what has been said to them&gt;&gt; Vocabulary of stem, roots,</ask>	< <li>&lt;<li><li><li><li>selected non- fiction to develop deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary&gt;&gt; More complex baby animal names eg foal</li></li></li></li></li>	Retell the story with some exact repetition and some in their own words
Ā	Physical Development (PD) P.E	Forming letters correctly. Pen grip <b>PE in the hall</b>	Develop small motor skills range of tools.	< <know about<br="" and="" talk="">different factors that support their overall health and well being&gt;&gt;</know>	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)	Welcoming new children into class. Manage their own needs	Build constructive and respectful relationships < <see a<br="" as="" themselves="">valuable individual&gt;&gt;</see>	< <express feelings<br="" their="">and socially and emotionally&gt;&gt;</express>	Using talk to solve conflict	Think about perspectives of others	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
	Literacy See Appendix ?? Little Wandle for Phonics progression	Read individual letters by saying sound of them Know beginning, middle and end Performing in class Repetitive refrain 1:1 reading, Daily whole class Little Wandle	Read a few common exception words Blend sounds into words so that they can read short words of known GPC. Use of non-fiction texts	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them Spell words by identifying the sounds then writing the sounds with letter/s	<i>Re read what they have written and make sure it makes sense.</i> <i>Read simple phrases and sentences</i> <b>Diary of beanstalk</b>	Write short sentences with words known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Life cycle caterpillar – non fiction writing	Re read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
Specific Areas	Mathematics See Maths for progression throughout the year	Introducing Maths Mastery in Reception Subitise Count objects, sounds and actions	Count beyond 10	< <continue and="" copy<br="">repeating patterns &gt;&gt; &lt;<compare and<br="" weight="">capacity &gt;&gt;</compare></continue>	<i>Compare numbers</i> < <compare length="">&gt;</compare>	< <continue, and<br="" copy="">create repeating patterns&gt;&gt;</continue,>	Automatically recall number bonds for number 0-10
Spec	Understanding the world (UTW)	< <comment images<br="" on="">of familiar situations in the past&gt;&gt; &lt;<understand effect<br="" the="">of changing seasons on the natural world around them&gt;&gt; Knowing about other settings in stories, story maps linking to real maps.</understand></comment>	< <name and="" describe<br="">people who are familiar to them&gt;&gt; &lt;<understand some<br="" that="">places are special to members of their community&gt;&gt; &lt;<recognise people<br="" that="">have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways&gt;&gt; <b>Christmas story and</b></recognise></understand></name>	< <talk about="" members<br="">of immediate family &amp; community&gt;&gt; Know about beyond where they live – similarities and differences life this country and other countries &lt;<describe see,<br="" they="" what="">hear, feel whilst outside&gt;&gt;</describe></talk>	Use of maps New life of spring, Use vocabulary of sun, soil, water, roots, petal, stem, root Sequencing of growth Barefoot Computing – plan directions	< <recognise some<br="">environments that are different to the one in which they live&gt;&gt; Explain lifecycle of caterpillar/butterfly and apply Number of legs on an insect/ spider</recognise>	

			explain links, understand differences	Know some of the key buildings in London. Link occupations to buildings Different types of maps			
E	Expressive Art and Design	Develop story lines in their pretend play Sing in a group Nursery rhymes	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills	< <explore, and<br="" use="">refine a variety of artistic effects to express their feelings&gt;&gt; Self portrait</explore,>	Construction – planning & improving	< <listen attentively,<br="">move to music&gt;&gt; &lt;<watch about<br="" and="" talk="">dance and performance art&gt;&gt;</watch></listen>	Eric Carle as illustrator Matisse –Snail Henri Rousseau Jungle Saent-Saens Carnival or animals

Eid is celebrated when it falls, other cultural celebrations dependent on children with class and wider community, national and global events as appropriate for children who are under 5. Seasons and weather are celebrated and explored throughout the year. Children gaining first hand experiences of them.

### **End of EYFS expectations**

Language	Facilitation	Writing
- All/some/none, Always/sometimes/never,	Draw attention to some of the reasoning terms	Teachers scribe some of the responses of pupils
More/less (eg, important, good and so on),	using conversations around "books" or	around a book or consultation board and refer to
Better/worse.	"consultation boards":	the written items: "Ilyas thought such and such".
- Is/isn't, If then, Group/class, Is/are,	<ul> <li>You can group similar things on a page</li> </ul>	This draws their attention to one purpose of
Example, Alternative, Addition, Kind,	- You can put things into order (more and less	writing – to keep a record and aid reflection. Some
Same/similar/different/like	)	children may be able to use pretend writing or
- Before/after/at the same time.	<ul> <li>You could present a story and ask for</li> </ul>	more advanced markings with the teacher
- Unless, Agree/disagree, Reason (because)	reasons why something happened	translating and writing out the meaning after
	<ul> <li>Illustrate the story title and the reasons</li> </ul>	dialogue with the child.
	(causes) suggested by children	

### Year 1

Autumn	Spring	Summer		
- General introduction to P4C enquiries	- Starting to understand the 'bigger idea'	- Active listening		
- Setting ground rules	behind a stimulus	<ul> <li>Taking turns by building on previous</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Exploring teacher guided questions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Concept builder activities and concept</li> </ul>	speaker		
- Understanding what makes a philosophical	collisions	- Starting to give reasons		
question	- Starting to formulate own questions with			
- Introducing Big Thinking Big Books	teacher support			

# Year 2

Autumn	Spring	Summer
- Being familiar with the order of a full enquiry	- Introducing P4C language	- Starting to review individual and class
- Identifying concepts from the stimulus	<ul> <li>Moving questions away from stimulus</li> </ul>	progress in relation to 4 C's
- Starting to ask open questions that then can	- Starting to ask different types of questions	- Starting to link questions to own
be turned into philosophical questions		experiences
		<ul> <li>Responding to each other's ideas</li> </ul>

# Year 1&2 Expectations

Creative thinker	Critical thinker	Caring thinker	Collaborative thinker
Can make connections between	Can ask questions about a stimulus,	Can show that they've been listening	Can talk in a friendly way with peers,
ideas, say how some things are the	give reasons for their ideas that are	to what others are saying, wait their	agree and disagree respectfully and
same and different and	supported with evidence and suggest	turn and speak politely to adults and	politely, build on others' ideas and be
suggest/evaluate different	what might happen if	peers.	an effective member in small group
possibilities.			tasks.

Langu	Jage	Facilitation	Writing
- All/some/none,	Sentence stems	All the terms used at Foundation/Year	Children will be encouraged to write
Always/sometimes/never,	-I don't agree because	1 stage should be used with more	down questions, to have some
More/less (eg, important, good	-I disagree because	complex and abstract material suitable	writing-thinking time during a
and so on), Better/worse	-I don't think that is true because	for the children. Those terms can also	discussion, to write a final thought
- Is/isn't, If then,	-I think that is right because	be linked up into reasoning sequences	and so on. Use writing prompts to
Group/class, Is/are, Example,	-I think that is true because	with the teacher prompting children if	give to children as a task:
Alternative, Addition, Kind,	-I agree because	necessary. For example, if a child	<ul> <li>Write fives <u>examples</u> of</li> </ul>
Same/similar/different/like	-I am unsure because	expresses an <u>opinion</u> , the teacher	<ul> <li>Write two <u>reasons</u> to support</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Before/after/at the same time</li> </ul>	Non-verbal	might ask what the <u>reasons</u> are; when	your opinion about
- Unless, Agree/disagree, Reason	-Getting eye contact with others	a reason is given, the teacher might	
(because)	during speaking and listening	ask for alternative opinions and	
	-Being aware of facial expressions	reasons, when alternatives are given,	
	when people speak	the teacher might ask which of the	
	-Using the right volume for speaking	alternative are the <u>best</u> , and so on.	
	-Beginning to change the tone/pitch		
	of voice		

Resources/schemes to support	www.P4C.com	Tower Hamlets EMA progression in language
the teaching & learning	https://www.philosophy-foundation.org/	structures
	The philosophy Shop – book	PiXL sentence frames and vocab for Yrs1-6
	The If Machine – book	PiXL Oracy progression ladder - use as assessment
	Suggested picture book list for stimulus	tool for language
	P4C manual – level 1 and level 2	

# **Big Thinking Overview of progression**

# Year 3

Autumn	Spring	Summer
<ul> <li>Encouraging active listening and turn taking</li> <li>Making links with real life other than own experience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Looking more closely at concepts</li> <li>Identifying different aspects of a concept and moving away from relating back to stimulus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understanding collaborative thinking during an enquiry</li> <li>Looking at building blocks</li> <li>Evaluating enquiry as a class looking at 4C's</li> <li>Listening with care and respect</li> <li>Trying to understand someone else's viewpoint</li> </ul>

# Year 4

Autumn	Spring	Summer
- Concept stretching	- Pupils setting own class Big Thinking focus	- Looking for examples to support an idea
- Introducing the language of critical and	and reviewing progress	- Identifying assumptions
creative thinking		- Suggesting criteria

# Year 3&4 Expectations

Creative thinker	Critical thinker	Caring thinker	Collaborative thinker
Can explain how ideas are linked, explore a range of different possibilities and suggest new and alternative ideas.	Can identify the 'big ideas' in a stimulus and ask questions related to these, draw upon evidence and their own experiences to support their ideas and suggest reasoned conclusions.	Can understand how others feel, show an interest in what others are saying and encourage others to join in.	Can support and build on the ideas of others, keep focused on the matter at hand and demonstrate a willingness to illustrate ideas with their own experiences.

# Year 3&4 Expectations

Resources/schemes to support the	www.P4C.com	Tower Hamlets EMA progression in language
teaching & learning	https://www.philosophy-foundation.org/	structures
	The philosophy Shop – book	PiXL sentence frames and vocab for Yrs1-6
	The If Machine – book	PiXL Oracy progression ladder - use as assessment
	Suggested picture book list for stimulus	tool for language
	P4C manual – level 1 and level 2	
Possible enrichment	Debate club	

# **Big Thinking Overview of progression**

# Year 5

Autumn	Spring	Summer
- Concept stretching. looking for concepts and	- Building the community of enquiry - What is	- Asking philosophical questions with greater
important words in questions.	still missing? What can we do differently?	clarity
		<ul> <li>Understanding basic logic and reasoning</li> </ul>
		- Justifying opinion with reason and evidence

# Year 6

Autumn	Spring	Summer
- Using the question to identify concepts,	<ul> <li>Evaluating the 4C's progress</li> </ul>	- Interrogating an idea more deeply
assumptions, interpretations	- Identifying and recording the progress of an	- Being able to self-reflect and review whole
- Refining the Big Thinking question as a class	enquiry	class progress
		<ul> <li>Pupils facilitating the enquiry with support</li> </ul>

# Year 5&6 Expectations

Creative thinker	Critical thinker	Cari	ng thinker	Collaborative thinker
Creative thinker Can identify associated concepts, explain their connections and relevance and evaluate in some detail the range of possibilities. Lange - Means/end/purpose, Compatible/incompatible - Proposition, Hypothesis - Premise, Argument, Grounds (for an opinion), Principle, Maxim, Assumption/ presupposition - Evidence (this might be introduced in lower year groups too)	Can ask questions of each other that support the progress of the enquiry, evaluate the evidence offered by themselves and others and offer/evaluate a range of reasoned conclusions.	Can acknowledg contributions of interest in the p and demonstrat their peers. <b>Fac</b> These terms als of reasoning us already familiar <u>evidence</u> is aske follow-up quest makes that a go in this case?" (L	ng thinker ge positively the others, show an progress of the enquiry te empathy towards cilitation to initiate sequences ing terms that are . For example, if ed for and provided, a ion might be: "what bod piece of evidence .ooking for <u>criteria</u> ). <u>ost</u> convincing piece	Collaborative thinkerCan air feelings in a way that is supportive to the enquiry, encourage others to contribute and is able to summarise the progress of the enquiry.Writing- Short dialogues of ideas between imaginary characters that could be based on a classroom dialogue or could be used to prepare for a classroom dialogue- A persuasive piece of writing to make an argument
Resources/schemes to support the teaching & learning	-Holding good confident posture and knowing what impressions others may get from non-verbal indicatorse.g. slouching in a chair		PiXL sentence frames	progression in language structures and vocab for Yrs1-6 n ladder - use as assessment tool for
Possible enrichment	Debate club		1	

# English Overview - Whole school units of learning

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Nursery	Cycle 1&2 - Once upon a story	Cycle 1 - Treasure Cycle 2 - Homes and Buildings	Cycle 1 – Who am I? Cycle 2 - What shall we eat?	Cycle 1 –Plants and Flowers Cycle 2 - Where	Cycle 1 – Animals Cycle 2 -Sand and Water	Cycle 1 – Animals Cycle 2 – Sand and Water	
Reception	Cycle 1&2 -	Cycle 1 – Treasure	Cycle 1 – Who am I?	shall we go? Cycle 1 - Plants and	Cycle 1 - Animals	Cycle 1 - Animals	
	Once upon a time	Cycle 2 - Homes and Buildings	Cycle 2 - What shall we eat?	Flowers Cycle 2 – Where shall we go?	Cycle 2 -Sand and Water	Cycle 2 -Sand and Water	
Texts	Poetry	Poetry	Poetry	Poetry	Poetry	Poetry	
(See MTPs for	Fiction	Fiction	Fiction/ Non-Fiction	Fiction/ Non-Fiction	Fiction/ Non-Fiction	Fiction/ Non-Fiction	
more details)	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes	
Links to	Communication and	Communication and	Communication and	Communication and	Communication and	Communication and	
Development	Language	Language	Language	Language	Language	Language	
Matters	Literacy: Reading and	Literacy: Reading and	Literacy: Reading and	Literacy: Reading and	Literacy: Reading and	Literacy: Reading and	
	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	
	Physical Development: Handwriting	Physical Development: Handwriting	Physical Development: Handwriting	Physical Development: Handwriting	Physical Development: Handwriting	Physical Development: Handwriting	
Systematic	Children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly						
Synthetic	encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in						
Phonics	words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and						
(Little	across terms and years, i	n order to move this knowle	dge into their long-term me	emory.			
Wandle)	Phase 2 graphemes	Phase 2 graphemes	Phase 3 graphemes	Phase 3 graphemes	Phase 4 graphemes	Phase 4 graphemes	

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Labels, Lists and Captions	Re-telling	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative Short story	Non-chronological report about chicks	<b>Descriptive setting</b> <b>Text:</b> The Something
Year 1	Re-telling Text: Little Red Riding Hood	<b>Text:</b> The Enormous Turnip	Poem Text: The Tempest	Text: Olivia Saves the Circus	<b>Text:</b> non-fiction information books.	
	Re-telling Text: Elmer and the Lost Teddy	Diary entry Text: Beegu		<b>Descriptive setting</b> <b>Text:</b> Nimesh the Adventurer	<b>Recount</b> Recount of a visit to the Farm.	Poetry Shape poems Text: Patterns and Rhymes
Year 2	<b>Instruction</b> How to Put out a Fire. <b>Text:</b> books on Fire Safety.	<b>Diary Entry</b> <b>Text:</b> The Disgusting Sandwich	Shakespeare Festival Storm setting Text: The Tempest	Narrative Short Story Text: Billy and the Beast	Biography on famous figures. Text: biographies and information books on famous figures.	Narrative Traditional stories on Dragons. Text: Tell Me a Dragon/ George and the Dragon.
	Character Description Text: Man on the Moon	Non-chronological report on endangered animals Text: The Journey Home (fiction) and non-fiction texts		Recount	Poetry: Sound collector related to sounds of the seasons Text: Sound Collector	
	Instructions	Diary Entry	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Non-chronological report on	Persuasive Advert
Year 3	<b>Text:</b> Stone Age Boy/Woolly Mammoth/The First Drawing	Text: Iron Man	A speech from a main character. <b>Text:</b> Julius Caesar	Re-writing a section of the story.	Plants/chosen flower Text: non-fiction	<b>Text:</b> Charlie and the Chocolate Factory
	Poetry	Narrative		Place in Between	texts	Narrative
	Shape Poems	Section of the story				Text: Charlie and the
		Text: Iron Man				Chocolate Factory

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Poetry	Newspaper article	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Biography	Narrative
Year 4	Structured poems	Text: Egyptian Echo	Letter	Fables	Text: A range	Short Story
	Explanation Explanation on Earthquakes/ Volcanoes Text: non-fiction books	Narrative Re-write a section of the story from a character's POV focusing on the setting, <b>Text:</b> Marcy and the Riddle of the Sphinx.	<b>Text:</b> Anthony and Cleopatra	<b>Text:</b> Michael Rosen's Aesop's Fables	of biographies	Text: Street child
	Explanation	Non-chronological	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Newspaper	Argument
Year 5	Text: Beowulf	<b>Text:</b> non-fiction texts	Persuasive letter	Viking Myth Text: Illustrated	article Text: Ice Trap	<b>Text:</b> non-fiction texts on fair trade
	Diary entry Text: Beowulf	Narrative poem Text: The Highwayman	Text: Macbeth	Norse Myths		
Year 6	Diary entry Text: One Thousand and One Arabian Nights	Persuasive brochure on Gorsefield Text: Range of travel brochures	Shakespeare Festival Soliloquy Text: Romeo and Juliet	Narrative Short story Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's stone	Free Verse Poetry	Transition units/creative writing
	<b>Story</b> <b>Text:</b> One Thousand and One Arabian Nights		<b>Obituary</b> <b>Text:</b> Romeo and Juliet	Non-chronological report Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's stone/Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find them		

## English Year 1 - Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers.

Year 1	YEAR 1 F	READING
Кеу	Child as a reader	Retrieval
Objectives	-Listens attentively to stories at an appropriate interest level	-Can use pictures (unprompted) and texts to identify meaning
teaching	-Can read aloud with the correct intonation and attention to punctuation	-Can retell known stories, including significant events / main ideas in
knowledge,	(this indicates understanding/comprehension)	sequence
understanding	-Can talk about likes / dislikes of stories and information texts	-Can answer simple questions / find information in response to a direct,
and	-Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to	literal question
application	empathise, infer and deduce	-Can sometimes talk about main points or key events in a simple text
	-Can choose and talk about a book from a selection and explain choice	-Can begin to locate in the text where to find the answer
	-Is becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional	-Can locate information and make use of non-fiction texts
	tales	
	-Listens to and discusses a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at	
	a level beyond that at which they can read independently	
	Word level and decoding	Comprehension
	-Can point to a full stop, speech marks, question mark and comma in text	-Can make plausible predictions about the plot of an unknown story, using
	-Responds speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups	the text and other book features
	of letters) for all 40+ phonemes as learnt in R, including, where applicable,	-Can make plausible predictions about characters, using knowledge of the
	alternative sounds for graphemes (digraphs & tri-graphs)	story and own experiences
	-Can distinguish between a word, a letter and a space	-Can express opinions about main events and characters in stories, e.g.
	-Can use phonic knowledge i.e. to attempt unknown words.	good and bad characters.
	-Is beginning to identify when reading does not make sense and attempts	-Can discuss the significance of the title and events
	to self-correct.	
	-Can read most Year 1 high frequency word lists.	
Schemes/	DSR teacher guidance	
resources to	DSR packs	
support the		
learning		

# **English Year 1 - Subject objectives - knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply** Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Key       Labels, lists and captions/re-telling       Genre: Recount         Objectives       Text: Little Red Riding Hood       Text: Elmer and the Lost Teddy         Key objectives:       Key objectives:       Key objectives:	
Key objectives:key objectives:can read aloud with the correct intonation and attention to punctuation Is fully pragaed in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin- Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that test sory List is structure Can make plausible predictions of the story Orally identify different types of punctuation and what effect this has on the reader e.g. exclamation mark Define, collect and magpine key vocabulary e.g. nouns, adjectives Extending sentences using the co-ordinating conjunction of "an	on to punctuation. In events and adjectives verbs and the letters. Id and start and and full stop. In of "and".

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	2A sentence (expanded noun phrase) Book 1 p13 All the W's Book 1 p41	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Nouns: identifying common nouns and personal pronoun of "I"</li> <li>Adjectives</li> <li>Verbs</li> <li>Co-ordinating conjunction "and"</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Capital letters at beginning of sentences and for the personal pronoun (I)</li> <li>Capital letter for proper nouns- days of the week.</li> <li>Full stop at the end of a sentence.</li> <li>Finger spaces between words-using a lolly stick for support.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Using the simple past, present and future tense in writing.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>ai and oi vowel digraph</li> <li>ay and oy vowel diagraph</li> <li>ee vowel diagraphs</li> <li>ea and ie vowel diagraphs with /i:/sound</li> <li>e digraph and i-e split diagraph.</li> <li>Common exception word list: and, the, a, do, you, to, with, of, what, put, her, on.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To form all lower case and capital letters correctly including numbers.</li> <li>Curly Caterpillar:</li> <li>c a d, e, f, g, o, q, s</li> <li>One-armed Robots:</li> <li>r, b, h, k, m, n, p</li> <li>Long Ladder:</li> <li>l, i, j, t, u, y</li> <li>Zig-Zag:</li> <li>V, w, x, z</li> <li>Before moving forward, children to write letters relative in size to one another and on the line.</li> <li>Once children meet above criteria, write words of the week learnt in phonics, or high frequency words that they need to learn to spell.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider readi Alan Peat Book 1 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ng.		<u> </u>

	Autumn 2 WRITING					
Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application         Text: The Enormous Turnip         Text: E           Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writing. - Share book cover and discuss what children see and ascribe meaning to the title and images. - Predict what the story may be about. - Listens attentively to stories at an appropriate interest level. - Can distinguish between a word, a letter and a space. - Make inferences on what is being said and done e.g., how do you think the farmer feels at this point? - Use immersive activities to sequence events in the story. - Orally share sequential language e.g., "first, next, then" - Identify verbs in context of the story - Define, collect and magpie key vocabulary e.g., nouns, adjectives and verbs. - Composing a sentence orally before writing it. - Using spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters. - For greater depth; Letters are correctly formed and oriented, start, and finish in the correct place. - Extending sentences using the co-ordinating conjunction of "and". - Punctuating sentences correctly using a capital letter and full stop. - Re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense.         - Text: E Key objectives: - Identify - Using sentences using the co-ordinating conjunction of "and". - Punctu	: Diary entry					

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Last Stop on Market Street 2A sentence (expanded noun phrase) Book 1 p13 All the W's Book 1 p41 Beegu 2A sentence (expanded noun phrase) Book 1 p13 Similes (simple) (to add description to writing) Book 1 p15	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Nouns: Proper nouns of names and places.</li> <li>Verbs</li> <li>Adjectives and verbs in a sentence.</li> <li>Co-ordinating conjunction "and"</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Capital letter for proper nouns- people's names and places.</li> <li>Finger spaces between words.</li> <li>Punctuate sentences with question mark.</li> <li>Sentences demarcated with capital letters and full stops.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Using the simple past, present and future tense in writing.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>ea vowel diagraph with £/ sound</li> <li>er and ir diagraph with /3:/ sound.</li> <li>er digraph /ə/ sound</li> <li>The sounds /f/, /l/, /s/, /z/ and /k/ spelt ff, II, ss, zz and ck.</li> <li>The /ŋ/ sound spelt n before k and using K for the /k/sound</li> <li>Common exception word list: as, said, says, are, went, was, full, house, our, but, came, mr</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To form all lower case and capital letters correctly including numbers.</li> <li>Curly Caterpillar:</li> <li>c a d, e, f, g, o, q, s</li> <li>One-armed Robots:</li> <li>r, b, h, k, m, n, p</li> <li>Long Ladder:</li> <li>l, i, j, t, u, y</li> <li>Zig-Zag:</li> <li>V, W, X, Z</li> <li>Before moving forward, children to write letters relative in size to one another and on the line.</li> <li>Once children meet above criteria, write words of the week learnt in phonics, or high frequency words that they need to learn to spell.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider readi Alan Peat Book 1 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ing.		

Year 1	Spring 1 WRITING			
Year 1 Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Spring 1 Shakespeare Festival Genre: Poem Text: The Tempest Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writingListens attentively to the story and can articulate likes and dislikes about certain parts of the story/charactersCan sequence the storyCan use immersive techniques to explore characters further- Prospero, Caliban, Antonio etc. This can be through role on the wall, conscious alley, hot seating etcDiscuss the setting of the Tempest and the significance of the titleDefine and contextualise simple Shakespearean EnglishChoose a part of the play to perform for the festivalDefine, collect and magpie language features used to describe the setting of the storm in the sea: - Simple expanded noun phrases (2A sentences) - Verbs - Simple sound words (onomatopoeia) e.g. CRASH! BANG! WHOOSH! -Vocalise and read script with correct intonation and expressionIntroduce children to poems e.g. Pussy Cat, Pussy Cat. Read the rhyme to children, then repeat it, encouraging them to join in. Point out to children, that the rhyming words are at the end of each line, and using a highlighter colour the pairs of rhyming words. Draw children's attention to the repeated phrases/wordsRead a range of poems including those that describe the sounds of the sea. Chn to identify rhymes, patterns and structural features such as versesImitate language features such as adjectives (2A), verbs and simple similes.	<ul> <li>•Draft and write by: <ul> <li>Composing and rehearsing sentences orally.</li> <li>Progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Using spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.</li> <li>For greater depth, Letters are correctly formed, oriented and start and finish in the correct place.</li> <li>•Applying exclamations marks for effect.</li> </ul> <li>•Evaluate and edit by: <ul> <li>Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> </ul> </li> <li>•Re-reading sentences to ensure it makes sense.</li> <li>•Read-aloud their own poems to the whole class.</li>		

# English Year 1 - Subject objectives - knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Bos/co-ordinating conjunctions <b>Book 1 p11</b> Expanded noun phrase <b>Book 1 p13</b> All the W's (written) <b>Book 1 p41</b> Similes (simple) <b>Book 1 p15</b>	Grammar         1. Nouns: Proper nouns of days of the week.         2. Simple expanded noun phrase- placing an adjective before a noun.         3. Co-ordinating conjunction (but)         Punctuation         1. Capital letter for proper nouns- days and months.         2. Exclamatory sentence-punctuating sentence with an exclamation point         Tense to be taught throughout the year:         Using the simple past, present and future tense in writing.	<ol> <li>Compound words: football playground farmyard bedroom blackberry pancake rainbow springtime eyebrow suitcase</li> <li>ur digraph</li> <li>oo vowel digraph with/u:/ sound</li> <li>oo vowel digraph with /ʊ/ sound</li> <li>Days of the week and times of the day</li> <li>Division of words into syllables</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Teach horizontal joins: oo ww, vv, rr</li> <li>Ensuring correct letter proportion so upper- and lower-case letters are not mixed up.</li> <li><u>Continue</u> teaching the 4 joins Begin to teach letters that don't join (letters that end on the left don't join): b,g,j,p,s,x,y</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider rea Alan Peat Book 1 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ding on seas, oceans and storms.		

# English Year 1 - Subject objectives - knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 1 Spring 2 V	Spring 2 WRITING				
Year 1       Spring 2 V         Key       Objectives         teaching       Short story         rext: Olivia Saves the Circus       Key objectives:         and       -Plan a hook for this unit of work.         - Can read aloud with the correct intonation and attention to punctuation, especially inverted commas to indicate direct speech.         - Is fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to empathise, infer and deduce.         - Can use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words.         - Can use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words.         - Can use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words.         - Can use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words.         - Can use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words.         - Can use pictures (unprompted) and texts to identify meaning.         - Sequence and re-tell the story.         - Use immersive activities such as freeze frames, role-play etc. to discuss and explore character's feelings and motivations.         - Define and put words in context from the story e.g. tight ropewalker, lion tamer, and unicycle.         - Collect and magpie descriptive language for each act that Olivia performs.         - Imitate language features and sentence types for the story e.g. :         - Adjectives         - Simple similes         - Simple sentence openers (Luckily,)         - Some adverbs for GD	WRITING         Genre: Descriptive Setting         Text: Nimesh the Adventurer         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for this unit of work e.g., basket full of clues from the text.         -Use only illustration of the text to predict what happens in the story. Use speech bubbles to predict what the characters may be saying.         - Can read aloud with the correct intonation and attention to punctuation.         -Sequence and re-tell the story.         -Use immersive techniques e.g., role-play, hot seating, to secure knowledge of the story and characters.         -Draw/create setting and key characters         -Collect descriptive vocabulary for chosen setting.         -Identify language features and senses to describe the setting.         -Identify language features in the text and discuss impact e.g., adjectives, conjunctions.         -Composing a sentence orally before writing it.         -Extend sentences using the co-ordinating conjunctions of "and".         -Punctuating sentences correctly using a capital letter and full stop.         -Insert exclamation mark and question mark where appropriate and for effect.         -Assess own writing and correct spelling and punctuation errors.         -Edit word choice for greater effect.				

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Expanded noun phrase	Grammar	1. <b>oa, oe</b> and <b>ow</b> vowel diagraph	Teach horizontal joins: oo ww,
	Book 1 p13	1.Co-ordinating conjunctions-	2. <b>ou</b> and <b>ow</b> vowel digraphs with	vv, rr
		Using "and" and "but"	/aʊ/ sound	Ensuring correct letter
	All the W's		3. <b>ue</b> and <b>ew</b> vowel digraphs	proportion so upper- and
	Book 1 p41	Punctuation	4. ear and igh trigraph	lower-case letters are not
		Inverted commas- to be introduced	5. <b>or</b> digraph and <b>ore</b> trigraph	mixed up.
	Similes	during shared reading (not written).	6. Common exception word list:	<u>Continue</u> teaching the 4 joins
	Book 1 p15		Your, they, be, he, me, she,	Begin to teach letters that
		Tense (to be taught throughout	we, no, go, so, that, an	don't join (letters that end on
	Bos/co-ordinating conjunctions	<u>the year):</u>		the left don't join):
	Book 1 p11	Using the simple past, present and		b,g,j,p,s,x,y
		future tense in writing.		
Planning	Order Books from PDC for wider reading on seas, oceans and storms.			
support/	Alan Peat Book 1			
resources	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 1	Summer 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Genre: Non-fiction/information Information about chicks.</li> <li>Text: non-fiction information books about farms or the chicken lifecycle. (Order books from the PDC).</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Plan a hook for this unit of work.</li> <li>Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction and non-fiction texts on chicks.</li> <li>Identify features of a non-fiction book e.g. contents, glossary, index, images and diagrams etc. Compare and contrast with fiction books.</li> <li>Define, collect and magpie technical language from texts on chickens e.g. cockerel, habitat, hatch etc.</li> <li>Read and discuss potential topics for an information booklet e.g. a chicken's habitat, differences between chickens, a chicken's diet etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Composing a sentence orally before writing it.</li> <li>Organise information using simple headings e.g. "Where Chickens Live"</li> <li>Extend sentences using the co-ordinating conjunctions of "and" and "but".</li> <li>Punctuating sentences correctly using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>Insert exclamation mark and question mark where appropriate and for effect.</li> <li>Assess own writing and correct spelling and punctuation errors.</li> <li>Edit word choice for greater effect.</li> </ul>	Genre: Recount a visit to the farm Text: non-fiction information books about farms or the chicken lifecycle. (Order books from the PDC). Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for this unit of work. -Sequence the events of the visit. -Use immersive techniques to familiarise children with the chronological events of the visit e.g. role play, freeze frames. -Use sequential language/adverbials of time to aid chronology of events. -Define, collect and magpie technical and descriptive language of the farm and animals. -Read a range of recounts and identify structural features of a recount: - Introduction Main body- chronological order of events Simple subheadings Simple subheadings -Identify language features: Adjectives Simple adverbials of time (Next, later etc.) Apply question marks and exclamation marks where appropriate and for effect. Some adverbs Written in the first person. Written in the first person. Written in the past tense. -Plan recount including journey to the destination, activities at the destination and the journey back to school. -Orally rehearse sentences -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions of "and" and "but" -Use a range of punctuation marks -Assess own writing and correct spelling and punctuation errors. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Information text Expanded noun phrase/ 2A Book 1 p13 All the W's Book 1 p41 Bos/co-ordinating conjunctions Book 1 p11 Recount All the W's Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.33 First, next, then Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.38 What I liked and why Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.42 Finally Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.41	Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.Grammar:1. Co-ordinating conjunctions- Using "so"2. Adverb- modifying a verb with the suffix –lyPunctuation: 1. Sentences demarcated with capital letters and full stops. 2. Inserting exclamation and question marks where appropriate.Tenses (to be taught throughout the year): Using the simple past, present and future tense in writing.	<ol> <li>aw and au digraph</li> <li>ear, air, and are trigraphs with /Ea/sound</li> <li>New consonant spelling ph and wh</li> <li>Words ending – y and the e-e split diagraph making /i:/ sound</li> <li>Adding the prefix –un</li> <li>Common exception word list:my come here there some where up one mum had all can</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To practise handwriting in conjunction with spelling and independent writing.</li> <li>Ensuring correct letter proportion so upper and lower case letters are not mixed up.</li> <li>By term 3 chn should either know or be aware of the 4 joins. Most of the class should be able to join up.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider readi Alan Peat Book 1&2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ing.		

Year 1	Summer 2 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Descriptive setting of what is inside the hole.         Text: The Something         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for this unit of work (based around holes)         - Can read aloud with the correct intonation and attention to punctuation.         - Find clues from images in the book and make predictions.         - Use immersive techniques to ensure children are fully engaged in the text and understanding it so that they can begin to empathise, infer and deduce.         - Infer what a character may be thinking and how they are feeling.         -Sequence the story and explore alternative endings.         - Discuss their own creative ideas about what could be inside the hole.         - Visualise what could be inside the hole by drawing/painting.         - Collect and magpie descriptive language for the setting (what is in the hole.)         - Majectives         - Verbs         - Similes         - Adverbs to describe movement for GD         -Composing a sentence orally before writing it.         -Extend sentences using the co-ordinating conjunctions of "and" and "but".         -Punctuating sentences correctly using a capital letter and full stop.         - Insert exclamation mark and question mark where appropriate and for effect.         -Include some prepositions e.g. "under, below, beside, above".         -Assess own writing and correct spelling and punc	Genre: Poetry         Shape poems         Text: Poetry 2: Pattern and Rhyme.         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Discuss the different forms of poetry e.g., visual/shape and structured poems.         -Read aloud a range of poems and discuss its meaning.         -Discuss key vocabulary for poetry e.g. verse, couplet, rhyme etc.         -Identify patterns and rhyming words in the poems.         -Perform poetry through drama.         -Children to experiment and write their own rhyming words.         -Apply descriptive language to poem with:         • Adjectives         • Onomatopoeia         • Simile         • Verbs         -Draft and write by:         • Composing and rehearsing sentences orally.         • Progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.         -Evaluate and edit by:         • Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency.         • Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.         • Read-aloud their own poems to the whole class.	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Similes <b>Book 1 p15</b> Expanded noun phrase/ 2A <b>Book 1 p13</b> All the W's <b>Book 1 p41</b> Bos/co-ordinating conjunctions <b>Book 1 p11</b>	Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.         Grammar:         Co-ordinating conjunctions- Using "and", "but" and "so".         Punctuation:         1. Sentences demarcated with capital letters and full stops.         2. Inserting exclamation and question marks where appropriate.         Tenses (to be taught throughout the year):         Using the simple past, present and future tense in writing.	<ol> <li>o-e and u-e split diagraph with /əʊ/ and /oo/ sound</li> <li>words with -tch</li> <li>The /v/ sound at the end of words.</li> <li>Adding s and -es to words.</li> <li>Adding the endings -ing, ed, and er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word.</li> <li>Adding -er and -est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To practise handwriting in conjunction with spelling and independent writing.</li> <li>Ensuring correct letter proportion so upper- and lower-case letters are not mixed up.</li> <li>By term 3 chn should either know or be aware of the 4 joins. Most of the class should be able to join up.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider real Alan Peat Book 1 Purple Mash Spell	ading.		

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers. Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Year 2	YEAR 2 F	READING	
Кеу	Word Meaning and Decoding	Comprehension (Language and context)	
Objectives	-Can read all of the Y1 / 2 high frequency words (fluent reading of	-Can use the front cover and book title as well as illustrations and the	
teaching	frequently encountered words without 'segmenting and blending').	words inside to make reading choices	
knowledge,	-Can use phonic strategies when reading unknown words, however may		
understanding	need support when reading long vowel phonemes that have several	-Can compare similarities and differences between texts / books in terms of	
and	representations (e.g. ai a_e) or graphemes that have more than one sound	characters, settings and themes	
application	(e.g. bread, read, beach; said, plaid, raid).		
approxition	-Can read aloud, taking into account . ? ! and using correct information	-Can talk about how different words and phrases affect meaning	
	-Can use a range of phonic strategies to read unknown words		
	-Can identify when reading does not make sense and self-corrects in order		
	for the text to make sense	Comprehension (Deduction and Inference)	
	-Can use syllables to read unknown polysyllabic words, including knowledge		
	of common prefixes and suffixes (chunking; e.g. un-import-ant) -Can read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll, we'll, he's and understands	-Can relate stories / texts to their own experiences, including story settings	
	that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)	and incidents	
	that the apositophe represents the offitted letter(s)	-Can make predictions about a text using a range of clues (e.g. experience of books written by the same author, experience of books already read on	
		a similar theme, book title, cover and blurb)	
	Comprehension (Retrieval)	-Can comment on obvious characteristics and actions of characters in	
	-Can retell an unknown story (i.e. on that's unfamiliar before first reading)	stories	
	beginning, middle and end (may only be in simple terms because of its unfamiliarity but children have got the general gist of the story as a whole)	-Can provide simple explanations about events or information (e.g. why a	
	-Can locate specific information on a given page in response to a direct	character acted in a particular way)	
	question	-Can explain the meaning of 'WOW' words in context (appropriate 'standard	
	-Can locate some specific information e.g. key events, characters' names	level text'), e.g. despair, marvel (including words with common prefixes	
	etc. or key information on a non-fiction page	and suffixes e.g. undecided, forgetful)	
	-Having read a text (level / standard appropriate), can find the answers to	-Can discuss reasons for events in stories by beginning to use clues in the	
	literal questions, both written and oral	story.	
	-Can ask questions before reading a non-fiction text and look for the	-Is beginning to read between the lines, using clues from text and pictures,	
	answers within the text when reading	to discuss thoughts, feelings and actions	
Schemes/	-Guided reading packs		
resources to	-KS1 question stems/ Guided Reading question types		
support the	-Progression of reading ladder		
learning	-Progression of reading activity ideas		

Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
InstructionListBook 1 page 43BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions (to extend sentences to give more information)Book 1 p11Verbing an ObjectAlan Peat Non-fiction text p.13How toAlan Peat Non-fiction text p.132A OpenerAlan Peat Non-fiction text p.132A OpenerAlan Peat Non-fiction text p.16Sequence word, action verbAlan Peat Non-fiction text p.21Character Description BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions Book 1 p11Simile (extended from year 1) Book 1 p15 List (to add description to writing) Book 1 page 43 One Pair sentence (to add description about characters and their feelings) Book one page 19 (adapted from 2 pair sentences)Order Books from PDC for wider reading. Alan Peat Non-Fiction Book Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	Grammar         1. Identifying nouns- Proper nouns.         2. Nouns: common nouns         3. Adjectives         4. Verbs/imperative verbs         5. Co-ordinating conjunction "and" and "so"         6. Identify sentence types-questions and commands.         7. Adverbs that express time (first, next, after etc.)         Punctuation         1. Sentences demarcated with capital letters and full stops.         2. Capital letters for proper nouns.         3. Review use of question marks.         Tense (taught throughout the year):         Correct and consistent use of simple present tense and simple past tense throughout writing.         Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.	<ol> <li>The /dʒ/ sound spelt as ge and dge at the end of words, and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before e, i and y</li> <li>Homophones and near homophones.</li> <li>The /i:/ sound spelt ey</li> <li>he /b/ sound spelt a after w and q</li> <li>Common exception word list:</li> <li>move prove just sure sugar eye could should would like big then</li> <li>big then</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To continue using and practising the four basic handwriting joins:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> </ul>

Year 2	Autumn 2 WRITING			
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Diary entry Text: The Disgusting Sandwich Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for this unit of work. -Read the story with the correct intonation (using phonics where necessary) and take heed of punctuation. -Use adverbials of time to sequence the events of the story: first, after that, minutes later -Use Immersive techniques to familiarise children with the sequence of events e.g. freeze frames -Use immersive techniques to explore the badger's feelings at different points of the story -Collect and put into context a range of vocabulary to describe emotions of characters -Children to create and draw their own "disgusting sandwich" -Collect a range of descriptive vocabulary to describe the sandwich including: expanded noun phrases, similes, adverbs -Children to generate ideas about what could happen to their sandwich -Read a range of diary entries and identify its features including: Written in first person Written in the past tense Starting with Dear Diary A personal tone -Timitate sentence types in the lead up to the outcome -Children to plan what they write in the diary ensuring to: decide what the sandwich consists of, what journey the sandwich takes and what happens to it. -Orally rehearse each stage of the journey -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions. -Secretarial editing (correct grammar, punctuation and spelling errors). -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	Genre: Information text on endangered animals Text: The Journey Home/non-fiction texts on endangered animals Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for this unit of work. -Read the story with the correct intonation (using phonics where necessary) and take heed of punctuation. -Sequence the story e.g. story maps, comic strips etc. -Discuss and explore the wider issues in the book: climate change, poachers, loss of habitats and extinction. -Use Immersive techniques/character profiles of each character to understand their significance in the book. -Make plausible predictions especially at the end-will they ever return to their original home? -Ch to select one endangered animal and do wider reading on its physical appearance, habitat, diet etc. -Collect and magpie descriptive and technical language on the animal. -Read a wide range of information texts/non-chronological reports and identify: - Title - Introduction - Subheadings - Main body - Short summary -Identify and imitate language features/sentence types for the report. - Plan what will be written for each paragraph and orally rehearse sentences. -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions. -Secretarial editing (correct grammar, punctuation and spelling errors). -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. - Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.		

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Diary Entry1 ed sentence? (to create mood in a description)Book 1 p17BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctionsBook 1 p11Simile (extended from year 1)Book 1 p15List (to add description to writing)Book 1 page 43One Pair sentenceBook one page 19 (adapted from 2 pair sentences)Sound! Cause / exclamation sentence (to visualise the sound things make in stories)Book 2 p 102Information text BOYSAlan Peat Non-fiction book p. 87 The W'sAlan Peat Non-fiction book p. 91 Phrase listsAlan Peat Non-fiction book p. 91 Phrase listsAlan Peat Non-fiction book p. 92-93	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Nouns: pronouns</li> <li>Expanded noun phrase- placing two or more adjectives before a noun</li> <li>Identify sentence types-questions, statements and commands.</li> <li>Co-ordinating conjunctions "and, so and but"</li> <li>Subordinating conjunction-"because" and "when"</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Sentences punctuated with question mark and exclamation point.</li> <li>Use of commas in a list.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Correct and consistent use of simple present tense and simple past tense throughout writing.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The /3:/ sound spelt or after w and the /J/ sound spelt ar after w</li> <li>The suffixes -ment, - ness, -ful, -less and -ly</li> <li>Contractions</li> <li>Words ending in -tion</li> <li>Common exception word list:</li> <li>door floor poor because find kind have behind child children help will</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To continue using and practising the four basic handwriting joins: <ul> <li>diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> </ul> </li> <li>diagonal joins to letters with <ul> <li>ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children can engage in spelling practice, writing of their own story etc. Teacher to consistently give verbal feedback and model writing skills.</li> </ul>
Planning	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 and Non-fiction Book	5		
support/ resources	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 2	Spring 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Shakespeare Festival Genre: Storm setting</li> <li>Text: The Tempest</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Plan a hook for this unit of work.</li> <li>Read the story with the correct intonation and take heed of punctuation.</li> <li>Sequence the story e.g. story maps, comic strips etc.</li> <li>Discuss and do some research on William Shakespeare and the historical setting.</li> <li>Translate simple Shakespearean English to modern English.</li> <li>Use immersive techniques to further explore the plot and delve deeper into character traits e.g. freeze frames, whoosh! Etc.</li> <li>Visualise the storm or tempest through techniques such as drawing or painting.</li> <li>Collect and magpie descriptive language of storms through wider reading e.g. poems, fictional and non-fictional texts on storms.</li> <li>Tmitate sentence types and language features that will be used in the end outcome. E.g.: <ul> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Similes</li> <li>verbs</li> <li>adverbs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Plan what will be written for each paragraph and orally rehearse sentences.</li> <li>Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Extend sentences with subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Use a range of punctuation including question marks, exclamation marks and apostrophes.</li> <li>Secretarial editing (correct grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions. <i>Book 1 p11</i> Simile <i>Book 1 p15</i> Sound! Cause / exclamation sentence <i>Book 2 p 102</i> One Pair sentence <i>Book 1 p 19 (adapted from 2 pair sentences)</i>	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Co-ordinating conjunctions-Using "and" "but" and "so"</li> <li>Subordinating conjunction-"because" and "when"</li> <li>Modifying verbs into adverbs using the suffix -ly Punctuation <ol> <li>Apostrophe to indicate singular Possession.</li> <li>Apostrophe to indicate plural possession.</li> <li>Introduce a comma after a subordinate clause for GD</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Correct and consistent use of simple present tense and simple past tense throughout writing.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	<ol> <li>The /I/or /si/ sound spelt -le at the end of words</li> <li>Homophones and near homophones</li> <li>The /I/or /si/ sound spelt -el at the end of words</li> <li>The /I/or /si/ sound spelt -al at the end of words</li> <li>Common exception word list: wild climb most only both old cold gold into told called</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To <u>use and practise</u> the four basic handwriting joins:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> <li>Children can engage in spelling practice, writing of their own story etc. Teacher to consistently give verbal feedback and model writing skills.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wir Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Sound Collector poem by Rog Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	jer McGough		

Year 2	Spring 2 WRITING		
Year 2 Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Narrative Genre: Narrative Genre: Narrative Short Story Text: Billy and the Beast Key objectives: - Identify purpose and audience for writingPlan a hook for this unit of workRead blurb and make plausible predictions about the text by using a range of cluesCan read aloud with intonation and take heed of punctuationUse retrieval and inference skills to predict and make statements about charactersCan re-tell and sequence the storyUse a range of immersive techniques to explore characters and story plot furtherCollect and magpie descriptive language for characters. E.g., expanded noun phrases, similes, verbs, adverbsDraw and create their own BeastDescribe appearance, personality and behaviour of key characters using the language features collected Collect and magpie descriptive language for their own setting. E.g., expanded noun phrases, similes, verbs, adverbsImitate sentence types in the lead up to the written outcomePlan story structure especially the problem and solution Plan what will be written for each paragraph and orally rehearse sentences Extend sentences with subordinating conjunctions Subordinate sentence structure Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	Genre: Recount         Recount of a school visit         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for this unit of work.         -Sequence the events of the trip.         -Use immersive techniques to familiarise children with the chronological events of the trip e.g. role play, hot seating.         -Define, collect and magpie technical and descriptive language of the setting.         -Read a range of recounts and identify structural features of a recount:         Introduction- answering the 5W's         Main body- chronological order of events.         Simple summary         Subheadings         -Identify language features:         Adjectives/expanded noun phrase         Adverbs         Simple adverbials of time (Next, later etc.)         Apply question marks and exclamation marks where appropriate and for effect.         Written in the first person.         Written in the past tense.         -Plan recount including journey to the destination, activities at the destination and the journey back to school.         -Orally rehearse sentences         Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.         -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.         -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.         -Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	<ul> <li>Billy and the Beast</li> <li>Simile</li> <li>Book 1 p15</li> <li>Sound! Cause / exclamation sentence</li> <li>Book 2 p 102</li> <li>1 ed sentence?</li> <li>Book 1 p17</li> <li>One Pair sentence</li> <li>Book one page 19</li> </ul> Recount Alan Peat Non-fiction text <ul> <li>p.33</li> <li>Time starters</li> <li>Alan Peat Non-fiction text</li> <li>p.34</li> <li>List sentences</li> <li>Alan Peat Non-fiction text</li> <li>p.37</li> <li>First, next, then</li> <li>Alan Peat Non-fiction text</li> <li>p.38</li> <li>What I liked and why</li> <li>Alan Peat Non-fiction text</li> <li>p.42</li> <li>In the end</li> <li>Alan Peat Non-fiction text</li> <li>p.45</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Subordinating conjunction- "that" and "if"</li> <li>More ambitious use of expanded noun phrases</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Apostrophe to indicate singular and plural Possession.</li> <li>Apostrophe to indicate contraction.</li> <li>Introduce a comma after a subordinate clause for GD.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Correct and consistent use of simple present tense and simple past tense throughout writing.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)</li> <li>Adding -ed, ing, -er and - est to a root word ending in -y with a consonant before it.</li> <li>Adding the endings -ing, - ed, -er, -est, and -y to words ending in -e with a consonant before it</li> <li>Adding -ing, -ed, -er, -est and -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter</li> <li>Common exception word list: very everybody even great break from pretty beautiful after fast asked</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use and practise the four basic handwriting joins:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> <li>Children consistently give verbal feedback and model writing skills.</li> </ul>
Planning support/	Order Books from PDC for wider Alan Peat Book 1 & 2 and Non-Fig			
resources	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 2	Summer 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Information         Biography on famous figures.         Text: Biographies and information books on famous figures (Order books from the PDC)         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         Plan a hook for this unit of work         -Discuss the difference between an autobiography and biography.         -Read a range of biographies and identify features: <ul> <li>Introduction/opening statement</li> <li>Significant events ordered chronologically</li> <li>Closing statement</li> <li>Subheadings to organise paragraphs</li> <li>Written in formal English</li> <li>Written in the past tense</li> <li>Inclusion of dates</li> <li>Use of conjunctions, especially time.</li> <li>Pictures and captions</li> </ul> <li>Do wider reading of chosen famous figure and research significant events.</li> <li>Define, collect and magpie technical and descriptive language of the chosen figure.</li> <ul> <li>Plan what will be written for each paragraph and orally rehearse sentences.</li> <li>Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Extend sentences with subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Extend sentences with subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Use a range of punctuation including question marks, exclamation marks and apostrophes.</li> <li>Secretarial editing (correct grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice cand sentence structure.</li> <li>Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.<th>Genre: Poetry         Sound collector related to sounds associated with the seasons.         Text: Sound Collector         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Discuss the different forms of poetry e.g., visual/shape poems, structured and free verse.         -Read aloud the Sound Collector by Roger McGough and discuss its meaning.         -Perform poetry through drama.         -Discuss what poetic devices have been used in the poem.         -Collect sounds related to the different seasons.         -Describe sounds using a range of language features:          <ul> <li>Expanded noun phrase</li> <li>Onomatopoeia</li> <li>Simile</li> <li>Adverb</li> </ul>          -Apply a range of punctuation e.g., commas in a descriptive list and exclamation mark for effect.         -Draft and write by:          <ul> <li>Composing and rehearsing sentences orally.</li> <li>Progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.</li> <li>Evaluate and edit by:</li> <li>Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> <li>Read-aloud their own writing to the whole class.</li> </ul></th></li></ul>	Genre: Poetry         Sound collector related to sounds associated with the seasons.         Text: Sound Collector         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Discuss the different forms of poetry e.g., visual/shape poems, structured and free verse.         -Read aloud the Sound Collector by Roger McGough and discuss its meaning.         -Perform poetry through drama.         -Discuss what poetic devices have been used in the poem.         -Collect sounds related to the different seasons.         -Describe sounds using a range of language features: <ul> <li>Expanded noun phrase</li> <li>Onomatopoeia</li> <li>Simile</li> <li>Adverb</li> </ul> -Apply a range of punctuation e.g., commas in a descriptive list and exclamation mark for effect.         -Draft and write by: <ul> <li>Composing and rehearsing sentences orally.</li> <li>Progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.</li> <li>Evaluate and edit by:</li> <li>Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> <li>Read-aloud their own writing to the whole class.</li> </ul>	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions <b>Book 1 p11</b> List <b>Book 1 page 43</b>	<ul> <li>Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.</li> <li>Grammar:         <ol> <li>Subordinating conjunction- "if" and "that"</li> <li>Co-ordinating conjunction of "or"</li> <li>Review of statements, commands and questions.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation:         <ol> <li>Introduce a comma after a subordinate clause.</li> <li>Inverted commas- to be introduced during shared reading (not written).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):         <ol> <li>Correct and consistent use of simple present tense and simple past tense throughout writing.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The /r/ sound spelt wr at the beginning of words.</li> <li>The /aɪ/ sound spelt - y at the end of words</li> <li>Adding -es to nouns and verbs ending in -y</li> <li>The / 3:/ sound spelt a before I and II</li> <li>Common exception word list: last past father class grass dad plant path bath hour make</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use the four basic handwriting joins <u>with</u> <u>confidence</u> and use these in independent writing:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> </ul>
Planning support/	Order Books from PDC for wider Alan Peat Book 1	reading		
resources	Purple Mash spelling Scheme			

Year 2	Summer	2 WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Narrative         Traditional stories on Dragons.         Text: Tell Me a Dragon/ George and the Dragon.         Key objectives:         - Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for this unit of work.         -Can read aloud with intonation and take heed of punctuation.         -Can make plausible predictions about the text by using a range of clues.         -Can re-tell and sequence the story.         -Use a range of immersive techniques to explore characters and story plot further.         -Identify features of a dragon story:         - Setting         - Characters         - Problem         - Solution	<ul> <li>Do wider reading of dragons and collect technical and descriptive language to describe dragons and their setting.</li> <li>-Draw and label parts of a dragon.</li> <li>-Magpie and imitate language features in the lead up to describing the dragon by using: <ul> <li>Adjectives/expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Adverbs</li> <li>Similes</li> <li>Powerful verbs</li> <li>Sentence starters</li> </ul> </li> <li>-Plan the plot for children's own stories using a story map.</li> <li>-Plan what will be written for each paragraph and orally rehearse sentences.</li> <li>Extend sentences with co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>-Extend sentences with subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>-Use a range of punctuation including question marks, exclamation marks and apostrophes.</li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correct grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions <b>Book 1 p11</b> Simile <b>Book 1 p15</b> Sound! Cause / exclamation sentence <b>Book 2 p 102</b> List <b>Book 1 page 43</b> One Pair sentence <b>Book one page 19 (adapted from 2 pair sentences)</b>	<ul> <li>Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.</li> <li>Grammar:         <ol> <li>Review of co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Review of subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Review of subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Review of different types of nouns.</li> <li>Review of verbs, adverbs and adjectives.</li> <li>Review of expanded noun phrases.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation:         <ol> <li>Review of use of exclamation point and question mark.</li> <li>Review of apostrophe for possession (singular and plural)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Review of commas in a list and after subordinate clause.</li> <li>Tenses (to be taught throughout the year): refer to Summer 1</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The /A/ sound spelt o</li> <li>Words ending -il</li> <li>The /dʒ/ sound spelt as ge and dge at the end of words, and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before e, I and y.</li> <li>The /s/ sound spelt c before e, i and y</li> <li>Common exception word list: whole any many clothes busy people water again half money</li> </ol>	Refer to Summer 1
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider re Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Purple Mash spelling Scheme	eading		

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers. Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Year 3	YEAR 3	READING	
Кеу	Child as a reader	Comprehension (Retrieval)	
Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>-Is increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally</li> <li>-Can read for enjoyment and chooses to read (can absorb themselves in a book/text)</li> <li>-Can recognise some different forms of poetry (for example, free verse, narrative poetry)</li> <li>-Can read books that are structured in different ways and comment on their structures</li> <li>-Can read for a range of purposes</li> <li>-Can use a dictionary to check the meaning of words they have read</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Shows understanding of main points with reference to the text - (who, what, where, when, how, why answers)</li> <li>Can read closely to obtain specific information e.g. what type of clothes someone was wearing</li> <li>-Can identify, select and highlight key words in a sentence to answer recall questions</li> <li>-Is beginning to scan for a specific purpose e.g. looking for specific information e.g. names of characters</li> <li>-Is beginning to skim e.g. to search for adjectives which describe a character</li> <li>-Can recognise and talk about the main differences between fiction and non-fiction texts</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>-Can decode unknown words rapidly and without undue hesitation</li> <li>-Can recognise, read and identify the full range of vowel graphemes</li> <li>-Can recognise, read and identify the full range of consonant graphemes</li> <li>-Can break words into syllables</li> <li>-Can read 200 words at expected level in 2 minutes</li> <li>-Can recognise and read a range of prefixes and use these to construct the meanings of words in context e.g. re, de, pre, non, mis, ex, co, anti</li> <li>-Can recognise and read a range of suffixes and use these to construct the meanings of words in context e.gtion,ive,ic</li> <li>-Can recognise an increasing range of punctuation (. CL ! ? " " , ') and use this to add expression and understanding to the text, including the apostrophe for omission</li> <li>-Can use the context of the sentence to help read unfamiliar words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Can identify the key features of different text types</li> <li>-Can understand and talk about the purpose of a specific paragraph e.g. it groups information together about</li> <li>-Can understand and talk about the features of page layout in non-fiction texts e.g. titles, subheadings, labels, diagrams and charts</li> <li>Comprehension (Deduction and Inference)</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>-Can make plausible predictions based on knowledge of the text (or of books on similar themes or by the same author)</li> <li>-Can discuss the actions of the main characters and justify views using evidence from the text</li> <li>-Can summarise the main points from a passage or a text</li> <li>-Can make inferences about characters' actions in a story based upon evidence from the text</li> <li>-Can identify and discuss characters, speculating how they might behave and giving reasons linked to the text</li> <li>-Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviour</li> <li>-Can identify the language used to create mood</li> </ul>	

Year 3	YEAR 3 I	READING
Key Objectives	Comprehension (Language & Context) -Can discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those they already	Comprehension (Responding to text) -Is beginning to identify the author's main purpose for writing - 'He doesn't
teaching knowledge, understanding and application	know -Can recognise adjectives and adverbs/simple adverbial phrases and similes -Can identify how vocabulary choices effect meaning e.g. 'Crept lets you know that he is trying to be quiet but also that he was going slowly because he did not want to be caught' -Can comment on the author's choice of language to create mood and build suspense e.g. suddenly is used to show that something surprising is coming next -Can collect words from their reading to use in their own writing -Can explain how simple and complex sentences influence meaning	want any more turtles to be killed' -Is beginning to identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph -Can explain how they think the author wants the reader to respond -Can explain what the writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' -Is beginning to identify and comment on different points of view in the text -Can simply evaluate specific texts with reference to text type e.g. these are good instructions because
	Comprehension (Themes & Conventions) -Can make simple connections between books by the same author e.g. 'Dick King Smith often writes about animals' -Can recognise some features of the text that relate to its historical setting or its social or cultural background e.g. 'The girls had on red flannel petticoats because that is what they wore then' or 'Grandpa Chatterji wears a dohti because he comes from India.'	Oracy and Reading -Can listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or text books -Can participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say -Can ask questions to improve their understanding of a text -Can prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action -Can read dialogue with appropriate expression
Schemes/ resources to support the learning	-Guided reading packs -KS2 question stems -Progression of reading ladder -Progression of reading activity ideas -Guided Reading question types	1

Key Ge	Autumn 1 WRITING		
teaching knowledge, understanding and application -Re -Lis age -De rea -Re -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Lis -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re -Re	<ul> <li>Enre: Instructions</li> <li>structions for making fire/making tools/using tools/preparing and using imal skins/ preparing and cooking food.</li> <li>Ext: Stone Age Boy/Woolly Mammoth/First Drawing and other related n-fiction texts</li> <li>Exy objectives:</li> <li>identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>ead aloud fiction books on the Stone Age.</li> <li>stening to and discussing a wide range of non-fiction texts on the stone e era.</li> <li>efining and Collecting technical and descriptive language from wider ading on the Stone Age era. E.g. striking flint stones.</li> <li>ead and identify structural features of instruction texts: <ul> <li>Headings</li> <li>Subheadings</li> <li>Opening statement</li> <li>Equipment using list layout of bullet points, numbers or alphabets</li> <li>Method,</li> <li>Summary</li> <li>Tips/extras</li> </ul> </li> <li>or G.D: Different structures may be chosen independently to support the rpose and engage the reader.</li> <li>ead and identify language features of instruction texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>WRITING</li> <li>Genre: Poetry</li> <li>Visual/Shape poems</li> <li>Key Objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Discuss different forms of poetry: visual, structured, free verse and narrative.</li> <li>Reading aloud poems.</li> <li>Discuss the poetic device of a calligram/shape poems and what impact this has on the reader.</li> <li>Read a range of calligrams/shape poems. Identify structural features.</li> <li>Identify key language features e.g. onomatopoeia, similes, personification, expanded noun phrase etc.</li> <li>Plan poem by taking into account structural and language features.</li> <li>Draft and write by: <ul> <li>Composing and rehearsing sentences orally.</li> <li>Progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.</li> <li>An increasing range of sentence structures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Evaluate and edit by: <ul> <li>Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency.</li> <li>Assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Read-aloud their own writing to the whole class.</li> <li>Publish final draft to a high standard.</li> </ul></li></ul>	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Instructions 2A (two adjectives) opener Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.16 When, then Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.24 Struggling to? Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.16 Sequence word, action verb Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.21 Adverbs of manner +verb Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.22 Exclamation summary Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.25 Poem (Year 2) List Book 1 page 43 (Year 2) Simile Book 1 p15 (Year 2) Sound! Cause / exclamation sentence Book 2 p 102	<ul> <li>Grammar</li> <li>Identify determiners in a sentence.</li> <li>Identify articles (a/an/the)</li> <li>Identify proper nouns, common nouns and abstract nouns.</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Adverbs that express time, place and cause (soon, next, then, therefore)</li> <li>Imperative verbs</li> <li>Co-ordinating conjunctions (BOYS)</li> </ul> Punctuation <ol> <li>Capital letters and full stops are used in sentences.</li> <li>Use of exclamation marks and question marks are secure.</li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):</li> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Homophones and near homophones</li> <li>Words with the /ei/ sound spelt ei, eigh or ey</li> <li>Words with the /ʃ/ sound spelt ch</li> <li>Statutory list: eight arrive breath circle fruit guard height often popular eighth</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To practise correct formation of basic joins from Year 2:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 &2 and Non-Fiction Book Purple Mash spelling Scheme	5		

Year 3	Autumn 2	WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Diary Entry-focus on the first few chapters Text: Iron Man -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit. -Read and sequence the first two chapters. -Use immersive techniques to familiarise children with the plot and deepen understanding of characters. -Collect and put into context vocabulary for emotions of different characters -Collect and put into context vocabulary for emotions of different characters -Collect and put into context a range of descriptive and technical vocabulary for the setting/characters -Identify the structural features of a diary entry by reading a wide range of diary entries including: written in the first person opening with Dear Diary, paragraphs organised around a theme, events in chronological order and written in the past tense. -Identify the language features of a diary entry e.g. emotive language, expanded noun phrases, conjunctions, adverbials similes and rhetorical questions etc. -Children to choose whose perspective to write from e.g. Iron Man, Hogarth or Hogarth's father. -Plan the content and language features for each paragraph -Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors). -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	<ul> <li>Genre: Narrative</li> <li>Section of the Story</li> <li>Text: Iron Man</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>-Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.</li> <li>-Read and sequence the story.</li> <li>-Use immersive techniques to delve deeper into the plot and investigate different characters e.g. through role play.</li> <li>-Do wider reading on the Iron Man or similar characters in other texts to collect and magpie descriptive language.</li> <li>-Children to draw and describe their own Iron Man/creature.</li> <li>-Children to apply language features to describe the different settings.</li> <li>-Discuss alternative endings or journey for the characters.</li> <li>-Imitate sentence types and language features in the lead up to the end outcome.</li> <li>-Plan a short story including the content and language features for each paragraph.</li> <li>- Apply a range of language features and punctuation including:</li> <li>Adverbials of time, place and manner</li> <li>Prepositions</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Similes</li> <li>Personification of weather</li> <li>Cohesive devices including pronouns and conjunctions.</li> <li>Commas to demarcate subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Extend sentences with a range of co-ordinating and subordinating sentences.</li> <li>Inverted commas to indicate direct speech.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Common Language: Double ly ending <i>Book 1 page 39</i> Exclamatory sentence <i>What +1/</i> <i>Book 2 p74</i> Personification of weather <i>Book 1 p47</i> Ernotion word, comma <i>Book 1 p29</i> Short sentence <i>Book 1 p53</i> 2Ed sentence <i>Book 1 p17</i>	<ul> <li>G&amp;P:</li> <li>I. Identify main and subordinate clause.</li> <li>Subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Adverbs that express time, place and cause (soon, next, then, therefore)</li> <li>Punctuation</li> <li>Re-cap apostrophe for contraction.</li> <li>Re- cap apostrophe for singular possession.</li> <li>Apostrophe for plural possession.</li> <li>Apostrophe for plural possession.</li> <li>Comma after a subordinate clause. (fronted adverbial/prepositional phrase)</li> <li>Use inverted commas to indicate direct speech.</li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):</li> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Spellings:</li> <li>1. endings which sound like fsn spelt -cian</li> <li>2. he /I/ sound spelt y elsewhere than at the end of words</li> <li>3. The /A/ sound spelt ou</li> <li>4. Prefixes - in</li> <li>5. Statutory list: difficult famous extreme guide heart history popular minute natural believe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Handwriting:</li> <li>To practise correct formation of basic joins from Year 2:</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>Diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Purple Mash spelling Scheme			

Year 3	Spring 1	WRITING
Key Objectives	Shakespeare Festival Genre: A speech from a main character.	-Read a range of monologues/speeches.
teaching	Text: Julius Caesar	-Define and put into context technical vocabulary e.g. democracy, republic, senate.
knowledge, understanding	Key objectives:	-Collect and magpie language features/vocabulary, which will be used to
and application	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.	describe characters or the setting.
	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.	<ul><li>-Identify features of a monologue:</li><li>Written in first person.</li></ul>
	-Research William Shakespeare and his historical setting.	Use of personal tone
	-Read the play of Julius Caesar and re-tell the story.	<ul><li>Rhetorical questions.</li><li>Use of imagery</li></ul>
	-Identify features of a play script.	<ul> <li>Use of persuasion if trying to persuade.</li> <li>Paragraphs organised around a theme.</li> </ul>
	-Explore Shakespearean English and translate into modern English.	Correct and consistent tense
	-Do wider research/reading of the historical setting and significance of key characters.	-Imitate language features/sentence types in the build up to the written outcome.
	-Use immersive techniques e.g. role on the wall, hot seating etc. to explore character motives, opinions and feelings.	-Plan the content and language features for each paragraph.
	-Use intonation, expression, body language and action to perform a section of the play.	-Apply cohesive devices such as co-ordinating, subordinating conjunctions and adverbs that express time, place and cause.
	-Discuss the importance of monologues as a writing device for playwrights.	-Use a range of punctuation including commas to subordinate, question marks, exclamation marks and apostrophes.
		-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).
		-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.
		-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.
		-Perform and read aloud own monologue.

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Common Language Emotion word, comma Book 1 p29 Exclamatory sentence What +!/ Book 2 p74 Short sentence (for effect) Book 1 p53 2Ed sentence Book 1 p17	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Conjunctions that express time, place and cause (when, before, after, while, so, because)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Comma to demarcate a subordinate clause (middle or towards the end of a sentence)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Prefixes – super</li> <li>Prefixes – im</li> <li>Endings which sound like /3en/ spelt as –sion</li> <li>Statutory list: appear material library perhaps sentence various regular bicycle possess caught</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To <u>use and practise</u> the four basic handwriting joins: <ul> <li>diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words. <ul> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children can engage in spelling practice, writing of their own story etc. Teacher to consistently give verbal feedback and model writing skills.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Purple Mash spelling Scheme			

Year 3	Spring 2	WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Narrative Re-writing a section of the story Text: Leon and the Place in Between Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit. -Read and sequence the story. -Use immersive techniques to discuss the actions of the main characters and justify views using evidence from the text. - Identify and discuss characters, speculating how they might behave and giving reasons linked to the text - Children to comment on the author's choice of language to create mood and effective setting and character description. -Do wider reading of a circus/magic/fantasy world and collect technical and descriptive language. - Visualise and draw settings created by the author. -Children to create their own setting and character description -Imitate language features and sentence types in the lead up to the end outcome -Children to use inverted commas to show direct speech -Children to discuss what part of the story they can innovate	<ul> <li>-Plan what section of the story they would like to re-write by including the content and language features for each paragraph.</li> <li>Apply a range of language features and punctuation including: <ul> <li>Adverbials of time, place and manner.</li> <li>Prepositions</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Similes</li> <li>Personification of weather</li> <li>Cohesive devices including pronouns and conjunctions.</li> <li>Commas to demarcate subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Extend sentences with a range of co-ordinating and subordinating sentences.</li> <li>Inverted commas to indicate direct speech</li> </ul> </li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

C	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Pe (( B Er ch B Sh B Sh B 2E ac	ersonification of weather description) Book 1 p47 motion word, comma (emphasise a tharacter's feelings) Book 1 p29 hort sentence (for effect) Book 1 p53 Ed sentence (create atmosphere, add description) Book 1 p17	Grammar         1. Adverbs that express time, place and cause (soon, next, then, therefore)         2. Prepositions of position.         3. Prepositions that express time, place and cause (before, after, during, in, because of) <b>Punctuation</b> 1. Secure in using commas in a list and to demarcate a subordinate clause.         2. Use inverted commas to indicate direct speech. <b>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):</b> • Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.         • Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.	<ol> <li>Endings which sound like ∫ n spelt - tion</li> <li>Endings which sound like ∫ n spelt - sion</li> <li>Prefix- re</li> <li>Words with endings sounding like /3 / 0 / / t f )</li> <li>Statutory list: Decide Imagine group learn weight build early island grammar therefore</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To <u>use and practise</u> the four basic handwriting joins: <ul> <li>diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children to ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through practice.</li> <li>Children can engage in spelling practice, writing of their own story etc. Teacher to consistently give verbal feedback and model writing skills.</li> </ul>
support/ Al	rder Books from PDC for wider reading lan Peat Book 1 urple Mash spelling Scheme			

Year 3	Summer 1	WRITING
Year 3 Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Genre: Non-chronological report on plants.</li> <li>Text: Non-fiction texts on plant growth/parts of a plant and its functions.</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Plan a hook for the start of this unit.</li> <li>Read a range of non-fiction/fiction texts on different types of plants, variables for growth and different parts of a plant and its functions.</li> <li>Summarise the main points from a passage or a text</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Identify structural features of a non-chronological report: <ul> <li>Heading and subheadings</li> <li>Opening (introductory summary of what is to follow)</li> <li>Main body content (organised with subheadings)</li> <li>Closing (summary and significance)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify language features that will be used in the report: <ul> <li>Formal English</li> <li>Written in third person and present tense</li> <li>Adverbials of time, place and manner.</li> <li>Expanded noun phrase/ 2A sentence</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>-Define and collect technical and descriptive vocabulary from wider reading e.g. roots and shoots.</li> <li>-Research and take notes on plants.</li> <li>-Use simple subheadings to organise notes.</li> <li>-Read a wide range of non-chronological reports.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Rhetorical questions</li> <li>See Common language for sentence types.</li> <li>Imitate sentence types and language features appropriate for the report.</li> <li>Plan the content and language features for each paragraph.</li> <li>Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	BOYS/ co-ordinating conjunctions <b>Book 1 p11</b> The Question is:? <b>Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 88</b> The W's <b>Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 89</b> The BIG 'E' <b>Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 90</b> Summary sentences <b>Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 98</b>	Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term. Grammar: 1.Subordinating conjunctions/clauses Punctuation: 1. Secure in inverted commas. Tenses (to be taught throughout the year): 1. Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past. 2. Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.	<ol> <li>Suffix – ly</li> <li>Homophones and near homophones</li> <li>Statutory list: earth answer busy centre century descril exercise February occasion straight</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To practise correct formation of basic joins from the use of the four basic handwriting joins from Year 2 and use these in independent writing:</li> <li>diagonal joins to letters</li> </ul>
Planning support/	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 and non-fiction book	-		
resources	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 3	Summer 2	2 WRITING
Кеу	Genre: Persuasive advert	Genre: Narrative
Objectives	Text: Charlie and the Chocolate Factory.	Start of the story
teaching	Key objectives:	<b>Text:</b> Charlie and the Chocolate Factory.
knowledge,	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.	Key objectives:
understanding	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.
and	-Read and sequence the story/part of the story.	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.
application	-Use immersive techniques to discuss the actions of the main characters	-Use immersive techniques to discuss the actions of the main characters
application	and justify views using evidence from the text. E.g. role on the wall, conscious	and justify views using evidence from the text. E.g. role on the wall, conscious
	alley, hot seating etc.	alley, hot seating etc.
	-Can make inferences about characters' actions in the story based upon	-Can make inferences about characters' actions in the story based upon
	evidence from the text.	evidence from the text.
	- Define, collect and magpie descriptive language for a chocolate bar	-Can identify and discuss characters, speculating how they might behave
	-Children to draw and invent their own chocolate bar.	and giving reasons linked to the text.
	- Use collected vocabulary to describe the chocolate bar.	-Define, collect and magpie descriptive language for characters and
	-Read a range a of persuasive adverts	settings.
	-Imitate Sentence types for an advert (see below)	-Children to draw the setting-chocolate factory- and use collected
	-Identify language features for a persuasive advert including:	vocabulary to describe it.
	Expanded noun phrases	-Imitate sentence types and language features in the lead up to end
	Alliteration	outcome.
	Similes	-Plan the content and language features for each paragraph.
	Metaphors	-Apply a range of language features and punctuation including:
	Rhetorical questions	Adverbials that express time, place and manner.
	Superlatives	
	Imperative verbs	prepositions
	-Identify structural features of a persuasive advert including:	Expanded noun phrases
	Header	Similes
	Picture	Cohesive devices including pronouns and conjunctions.
	• Slogan	Commas to demarcate subordinate clauses.
	Subheadings to organise information	Extend sentences with a range of co-ordinating and subordinating
	-Plan an advert for their own chocolate bar	sentences.
	-Apply structural and language features taught in their advert	
	-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).	-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).
	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word
	choice and sentence structure.	choice and sentence structure.
	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.

Parsuasive advert Headers     Consolidate and fill in gaps in laming from Autumn and Spring Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.178 Quote     Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.     1. Initial "s' sound spelt with ci, ce and cy     • To practise correct formation of basic joins from the use of the four basic handwriting joins from Year 2 and use these in adverts, conjunctions and prepositions. Punctuation:     • To practise correct formation of basic joins from the use of the four basic handwriting joins from Year 2 and use these in adverts, conjunctions and prepositions. Punctuation:     • To practise correct formation of basic joins for the use of the four basic handwriting joins from Year 2 and use these in accenters, e.g. a, ai, ar, un without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un, vi, wi       Alan Peat Non-fiction text p.180 Offers     D. Appst prefits from the use of the trans exclamation point and question marks are used throughout writing. 3. Review use of commans, exclamation point and question marks are used throughout writing. 1. Endle year assessment     4. End of year assessment     • Horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it • horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, vi, vi witout ascenders, e.g. ab, vi, vi ascenders, e.g. ab, vi, vi and aroportions of letters and the spacing between letters and		Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Order Books from PDC for wider reading	support/	Persuasive advert         Headers         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.178         Quote         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.178         Calls to action         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.178         Calls to action         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.179         slogans         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.180         rhetorical question         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.181         Offers         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.188-189         Health Warnings         Alan Peat Non-fiction text         p.198         Narrative         Exclamatory sentence         What +!/         Book 2 p74         Emotion word, comma (emphasise a character's feelings)         Book 1 p29         Short sentence         Book 1 p53         2Ed sentence         Book 1 p17	<ul> <li>Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.</li> <li>Grammar: Expressing time. Place and cause using adverbs, conjunctions and prepositions.</li> <li>Punctuation:         <ol> <li>Capital letters, full stops, commas, exclamation point and question marks are used throughout writing.</li> <li>Apostrophe for contraction and possession used throughout writing.</li> <li>Review use of comma in a list and after a subordinate clause, beginning or middle.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tenses (to be taught throughout the year.)</li> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Initial 's' sound spelt with ci, ce and cy</li> <li>'s' sound within word spelt with ce</li> <li>Statutory list: special strange possible probably strength surprise remember although notice recent</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To practise correct formation of basic joins from the use of the four basic handwriting joins from Year 2 and use these in independent writing:</li> <li>diagonal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ai, ar, un</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters without ascenders, e.g. ou, vi, wi</li> <li>diagonal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ab, ul, it</li> <li>horizontal joins to letters with ascenders, e.g. ol, wh, ot</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and the spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility through</li> </ul>

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers. Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Year 4	YEAR 4 F	READING
Key Objectives	Child as a reader	Comprehension (Retrieval)
Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>-Can discuss a range of books and texts that they have read, explaining key information and giving their opinion about it</li> <li>-Is able to choose books that they enjoy and will challenge them</li> <li>-Is familiar with different types of poetry</li> <li>-Recognises similarities and differences between texts structured in different ways</li> <li>-Uses reading as a tool to support other aspects of learning</li> <li>-Understands when it would be helpful to use a dictionary to support reading</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Understands and explains the main points from what they have read, with direct reference to the text</li> <li>-Identify explicit details from the text, showing exactly where in the text they found the information</li> <li>-Is able to skim short passages to answer recall questions</li> <li>-Is able to scan short passages to answer recall questions</li> <li>-Can talk about key differences between text types, including texts of the same type but written by different authors</li> <li>-Is able to explain how paragraphs have been used to organise a text</li> <li>-Is able to explain how the format and presentation of a text impacts on the reader</li> </ul>
	Word reading and decoding	Comprehension (Deduction and Inference)
	<ul> <li>-Can read age appropriate texts with a good level of fluency and stamina</li> <li>-Can use a range of strategies to decode unfamiliar words</li> <li>-Can read and understand the meaning of words with prefixes from the Year 3/4 curriculum</li> <li>-Can read and understand the meaning of words with suffixes from the Year 3/4 curriculum</li> <li>-Uses a range of punctuation to add meaning to what they are reading</li> <li>-Gives meaning to new language using the context in which it appears</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Can make predictions based on knowledge of the text or similar reading experiences, giving clear reasons for their ideas</li> <li>-Is able to describe the actions of characters in a text and begin to explain them, in the context of the narrative</li> <li>-Can summarise the main points from a section of text</li> <li>-Can make inferences about characters actions in a story based on evidence from the text</li> <li>-Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviours</li> </ul>

Year 4	YEAR 4 I	READING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Comprehension (Language & Context) -Can discuss word meanings, based on their existing vocabulary knowledge -Can identify descriptive devices within a text i.e. expanded noun phrases, adverbial phrases, similes etc -Can explain how vocabulary choices affect meaning in a range of text types -Can identify language used to create atmosphere and discuss why this language has been chosen -Uses new language from their own reading experiences in their written and spoken work -Can discuss how the use of different sentence types changes the meaning of a passage	Comprehension (Responding to text) -Identifies the main purpose of a text -Discusses ideas from throughout a text e.g. how a conclusion may be linked to an opening -Is able to identify intended impact of a text and explain whether they feel the text has had the desired effect -Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character -Can evaluate the overall quality of a text, as well as the inclusion of specific features
	Comprehension (Themes & Conventions) -Uses their broad reading experiences to compare books by the same author or on a similar theme -Begins to recognise the importance of cultural or historical settings on how a text is composed	Oracy and Reading -Confidently discusses a range of reading experiences with peers and adults -Responds orally to texts read to them and those that they have read themselves, showing increasing maturity in the way they engage with the discussion -Chooses skilful questions to improve their understanding of the text -Confidently reads a range of texts aloud, considering intonation, tone, volume and actions -Demonstrates an ability to interpret how a character is feeling or behaving, when reading dialogue aloud
Schemes/ resources to support the learning	-Guided reading packs -KS2 question stems -Progression of reading ladder -Progression of reading activity ideas -Guided Reading question types	

Year 4	Autumn	1 WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Poetry (Free verse or structured) Image poems with a focus on similes, metaphors and figurative language. (2 weeks) Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. - Discuss different forms of poetry: visual, structured, free verse and narrative. -Reading aloud poems. -Identify expanded noun phrases, similes, metaphors and personification. -Drawing and visualising images. -Explore poetic devices e.g. alliteration, rhyming couplets etc. -Discuss language choice and impact on the reader. -Plan structure and content of the poem. -Secretarial editing (grammar, punctuation and spelling) -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard. -Children to perform their published poems.	Genre:       Explanation on Earthquakes/ Volcanoes         Text:       non-fiction books         Key objectives:       -Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for the start of this unit.       -Do wider reading (fiction and non-fiction) of chosen topic.         -Gather and organise research on chosen topic e.g. How earthquakes are caused.       -Define, collect and mapple technical and descriptive language from texts e.g. core, crust, eruption.         -Read and discuss a wide range of explanation texts.       -Identify the structural features of an explanation texts.         -Identify the structural features of an explanation text: <ul> <li>Title</li> <li>subheadings</li> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Main body</li> <li>Summary-what happened next or something interesting (GD)</li> <li>Extra information</li> </ul> -Imitate sentence types for explanation text in the lead up to the written outcome.         -Plan structure and language features/punctuation in the explanation text including:         -A range of fronted adverbials that express time, place and manner.         -Extend sentence using co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions         -Expanded noun phrases         -Pronouns for cohesion         -Question marks and exclamation points for varied sentence types.         -Colons in a list         -Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).         -Language choice editing- children should be e

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Planning	Explanation Alan Peat Non-fiction book pp. 52- 55 Time, details Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 56 2A opener Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57 Then and Now Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57 Statement of fact. The question is: Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.58 The question is Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60 Lists Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60-61 Sequence, words Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.64 Description: reason Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.66	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Re-cap determiners</li> <li>Re-cap articles</li> <li>Fronted adverbials</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Re-cap use of capital letters, full stops, exclamation point and question mark.</li> <li>Commas after fronted adverbials.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Homophones and near homophones</li> <li>Words with the /s/ sound spelt sc</li> <li>Endings which sound like ∫en spelt - sion</li> <li>Statutory list: actual address calendar disappear experience particular thought separate difficult weight</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use joined handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.</li> <li>To know when to use:</li> <li>clear neat hand for finished, presented work; informal writing for rough drafting etc.</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
support/ resources	Alan Peat Book 1&2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 4 Autumn 2	Autumn 2 WRITING		
Year 4       Autumn 2         Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application       Genre: Newspaper article Text: Egyptian Echo Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit (related to newspaper articles). -Read the Egyptian echo. Define, collect and magpie technical vocabulary e.g. delta, province etc. -Read a wide range of newspapers alongside the Egyptian echo (First News) and identify structural features: - Headline - By-line - Introduction (single sentence challenge) - Body - Short Summary - Sources (direct speech) - Illustration and caption         -Choose a topic/news event to report on e.g. the death of King Tut or the robbery of his tomb. - Do wider reading of chosen topic and collect research. -Complete a chronological timeline of the chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. -Participate In immersive activities e.g. role play of chosen event. - Alliteration - Puns/idioms - Expanded noun phrase - Use of pronouns (personal, possessive and demonstrative) for cohesion. - Extend sentences with a range of co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions Inverted commas for speech.         -Imitate sentence types and language features in the lead up to end outcome. -Plan the content and language features/punctuation for each paragraph. -Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spell	<ul> <li>WRITING</li> <li>Genre: Narrative Re-write a section of the story from a character's point of view. Focusing on the setting. Text: Marcy and the Riddle of the Sphinx. Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Can discuss the text that they have read, explaining key information and giving their opinion about it.</li> <li>Sequence and story map the plot.</li> <li>Discuss character's motivations, opinions and feelings through immersive activities <ul> <li>g. dot seating, role play, role on the wall, conscious alley etc.</li> <li>Can discuss the historical and cultural setting of Egypt.</li> <li>Can identify language used to create atmosphere and discuss why this language has been chosen. Look at how the author has utilised the different types of fronted adverbials.</li> <li>Can magpie and collect language features used to effectively describe the setting or atmosphere: expanded noun phrases, similes, metaphors, personification, adverbial phrases etc.</li> <li>Read and collect technical language and language features for end outcome from a wide range of resources. E.g. non-fiction books on an Egyptian sphinx, Pharos and Egyptian gods, poems based in the Nile or the desert etc.</li> <li>Imitate sentence types and language features/punctuation for each paragraph.</li> <li>For greater depth: characters are developed through show not tell techniques, using actions, speech and reactions.</li> <li>Use Character speech in writing.</li> <li>Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>		

Comm	mon Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Newsp Alliterat Alan Po Main po Alan Po Puns Alan Po The Sin Alan Po Direct S Alan Po Book 1	paper Article         tion         Peat Non-fiction book p. 107         oint summary         Peat Non-fiction book p. 106         Peat Non-fiction book p. 108         ngle Sentence Challenge         Peat Non-fiction book p. 110         Speech         Peat Non-fiction book p. 110         Speech         Peat Non-fiction book p. 117         tive         Intence (create atmosphere, add otion)         1 p17         pore, the more         1 p51         hors ( this is that)         2 page 70         ification of weather (description)	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Identify main and subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Expand knowledge of coordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Re-cap nouns</li> <li>Personal pronouns</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Commas to demarcate subordinate and main clause</li> <li>Inverted commas- including a comma before direct speech, capital letter at the beginning of direct speech and punctuation within inverted commas.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Prefixes – dis and mis</li> <li>Prefixes – il and il words</li> <li>Adding suffix – ation</li> <li>Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable</li> <li>Statutory list: notice ordinary certain suppose breathe increase recent quarter group island</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use joined handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.</li> <li>To know when to use:</li> <li>clear neat hand for finished, presented work; informal writing for rough drafting etc.</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
support/ Alan Pe	Books from PDC for wider reading eat Book 1&2 Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 4	Spring 1 WRITING			
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Shakespeare Festival Genre: Recount: Letter Text: Anthony and Cleopatra</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Plan a hook for the start of this unit.</li> <li>Research William Shakespeare and his historical setting.</li> <li>Recad the play of Anthony and Cleopatra and re-tell the story.</li> <li>Re-cap Julius Caesar from the previous year and discuss how the story links.</li> <li>Identify features of a play script.</li> <li>Explore Shakespearean English and translate into modern English and vice versa.</li> <li>Do wider research/reading of the historical setting and significance of key characters.</li> <li>Use intersive techniques e.g. role on the wall, hot seating etc. to explore character relationships, motives, opinions and feelings.</li> <li>Use intonation, expression, body language and action to perform a section of the play.</li> <li>Define and put into context technical vocabulary e.g. triumvirate, treaty, senator.</li> <li>Collect and magpie language features/vocabulary, which will be used to describe characters or the setting.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Identify purpose and features of a letter: Formal/informal register Address Date Greeting Opening Main body (paragraphs organised around a theme) Close -Imitate language features/sentence types in the build up to the written outcome. -Plan the content and language features for each paragraph. -Apply a range of language features/punctuation in the letter including: Fronted adverbials Co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions Expanded noun phrases Pronouns for cohesion Similes/metaphors Question marks and exclamation points for varied sentence types. Commas to subordinate clauses. -Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors). -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard. -Children to read aloud their letter.		

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Many questions <i>Book 1 page 33</i> Metaphors ( this is that) <i>Book 2 page 70</i> Description, which + simile <i>Book 2 page 66</i> Then and now sentence <i>Book 2 p50</i>	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner</li> <li>Prepositional phrases</li> <li>Demonstrative pronouns</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Re-cap apostrophe for contraction.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Re-cap apostrophe for singular possession.</li> <li>Apostrophe for plural possession</li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Words ending with the /g/ sound spelt – gue and the /k/ sound spelt -que</li> <li>Endings which sound like fen spelt – ssion</li> <li>words with the /k/ sound spelt ch</li> <li>Statutory list: through potatoes enough possess natural believe different possible probably although</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use joined handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.</li> <li>To build up speed, particularly for notes, drafts, lists etc.</li> <li>To know when to use:</li> <li>a clear neat hand for finished, presented work; informal writing for rough drafting etc.</li> <li>ilTo ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1&2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	3ed sentence <b>Book 1 p17</b> The more, the more <b>Book 1 p51</b> Description, which + simile <b>Book 2 page 66</b> Metaphors <b>Book 2 page 70</b> Adverb from adjective <b>Book 2 p62</b>	<ul> <li>Grammar         <ol> <li>Expressing time, place and manner using adverbial and prepositional phrases.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation         Re-cap inverted commas and other punctuation used to indicate direct speech.     </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):         <ol> <li>Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Endings which sound like <i>f</i> = n spelt - tion         <ol> <li>Suffix - ous</li> <li>Homophones and near homophones</li> <li>Guardian distance</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To use joined handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.</li> <li>To build up speed, particularly for notes, drafts, lists etc.</li> <li>To know when to use:</li> <li>a clear neat hand for finished, presented work; informal writing for rough drafting etc.</li> <li>To ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and spacing between letters and words.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from PDC for wider read Alan Peat Book 1&2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ding		

Year 4	Summer	· 1 WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre:       Biography         Text:       A range of biographies         Key objectives:       -Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for the start of this unit.       -Read a range of biographies and identify the structural features including:         •       -Title         •       -Opening paragraph         •       -Subheadings         •       -Paragraphs usually organised chronologically         •       -Inclusion of dates and key figures         •       -Concluding paragraph         •       -Pictures and captions         -Identify language features in a biography including         •       Written in third person         •       Formal register         •       Written in the past and past progressive tense	<ul> <li>A range of fronted adverbials that express time, place and manner.</li> <li>Extend sentences using co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Pronouns for cohesion</li> <li>Question marks and exclamation points for varied sentence types.</li> <li>Commas to subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Colons in a list</li> <li>-Chn to choose a famous figure to write a biography for and research</li> <li>-Research to be organised in paragraphs e.g. Early Life, Key achievements</li> <li>-Imitate sentence types and language features required in a biography</li> <li>-Plan the content and language features for each paragraph</li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

Year 4	Summer	2 WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre:       Biography         Text:       A range of biographies         Key objectives:       -Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for the start of this unit.       -Read a range of biographies and identify the structural features including:         •       -Title         •       -Opening paragraph         •       -Subheadings         •       -Paragraphs usually organised chronologically         •       -Inclusion of dates and key figures         •       -Concluding paragraph         •       -Pictures and captions         -Identify language features in a biography including         •       Written in third person         •       Formal register         •       Written in the past and past progressive tense	<ul> <li>A range of fronted adverbials that express time, place and manner.</li> <li>Extend sentences using co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Pronouns for cohesion</li> <li>Question marks and exclamation points for varied sentence types.</li> <li>Commas to subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Colons in a list</li> <li>-Chn to choose a famous figure to write a biography for and research</li> <li>Research to be organised in paragraphs e.g. Early Life, Key achievements</li> <li>-Imitate sentence types and language features required in a biography</li> <li>-Plan the content and language features for each paragraph</li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	3ed sentence <b>Book 1 p17</b> Then and now sentence <b>Book 2 p50</b> The more, the more <b>Book 1 p51</b> Description, which + simile <b>Book 2 page 66</b> Many questions <b>Book 1 page 33</b> Adverb from adjective <b>Book 2 p62</b> Metaphors <b>Book 2 page 70</b>	<ul> <li>Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.</li> <li>Grammar:</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of sentence openers by using fronted adverbials, adverbial phrases and prepositional phrases.</li> <li>Children to have good knowledge of both co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Punctuation:</li> <li>Children to be secure in applying the correct punctuation for direct speech.</li> <li>Children to demarcate main and subordinate clause using commas.</li> <li>Tenses (to be taught throughout the year):         <ul> <li>Refer to Summer 1</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Possessive apostrophes with plural words</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> <li>address believe business complete different eighth experience increase island medicine</li> <li>End of year assessment</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To build up speed and ensure consistency in size and proportions of letters and spacing between letters and words.</li> <li>To use a range of presentational skills, e.g.</li> <li>print script for captions, subheadings and labels;</li> <li>capital letters for posters, title plates, headings and a range of computer-generated fonts and point sizes.</li> </ul>
Planning support/ resources	Order Books from the PDC for wider readir Alan Peat Non Fiction book Purple Mash Spelling Scheme	ng		

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers.

Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Year 5	YEAR 5 READING			
Key Objectives	Child as a reader	Comprehension (Retrieval)		
teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>-Gives developed detail in discussion about a range of texts, including personal opinion</li> <li>-Explains different reasons for reading including for enjoyment</li> <li>-Perseveres with challenging texts</li> <li>-Can read and discuss the construction and meaning of different types of poetry</li> <li>-Can compare and evaluate different texts against their intended purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Retrieves key details and some quotations from the text to demonstrate understanding of key details/information in a text</li> <li>-Identify explicit details from the text, showing exactly where in the text they found the information</li> <li>-Is able to skim whole texts to answer recall questions</li> <li>-Is able to scan whole texts to answer recall questions</li> <li>-Can identify the text type according to key features</li> <li>-Recognises common themes/styles in texts written by the same author</li> <li>-Comments on the impact of organisational and presentational features of a text</li> </ul>		
	Word reading and decoding	Comprehension (Deduction and Inference)		
	<ul> <li>-Reads with fluency and stamina</li> <li>-Can use a range of strategies to decode unfamiliar words without impacting on overall fluency</li> <li>-Can read and understand the meaning of words with prefixes from the Year 5/6 curriculum</li> <li>-Can read and understand the meaning of words with suffixes from the Year 5/6 curriculum</li> <li>-Explains how punctuation and sentences construction is used to enhance meaning</li> <li>-Uses knowledge of vocabulary and context to give meaning to new language</li> </ul>	-Gives feasible, reasoned predictions based on evidence -Explains isolated events from a text, in the context of the whole narrative -Can summarise the main points from a whole text -Can prove or disprove simple statements about a character by finding evidence in a text -Begins to use evidence from description, dialogue and action tosupport their ideas -Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviours		

Year 5	YEAR 5 F	READING
Key Objectives	Comprehension (Language & Context)	Comprehension (Responding to text)
Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Explains clearly how vocabulary choices affect meaning in a range of text types</li> <li>Recognises a range of descriptive devices including figurative language</li> <li>Comments upon language choices/structures of different authors (particularly in poetry)</li> <li>Confidently uses new language from their own reading experiences in their written and spoken work</li> <li>Explains the use of sentence structures according to desired effect on the reader</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explains the inclusion of different sections of a text i.e. tables in non-fiction, flashbacks in narrative etc</li> <li>Selects information from across a text to explain or illustrate their ideas</li> <li>Compares the behaviour and feelings of different characters in a text</li> </ul>
	Comprehension (Themes & Conventions)	Oracy and Reading
	-Identifies key themes and styles in books and extracts by a range of authors -Can explain the importance of cultural or historical settings on how a text is composed	-Makes links between own reading experiences and that of others -Constructs detailed responses about what they have read, demonstrating deep understanding and maturity as a reader -Probes texts deeply through their own questioning and evaluation -Confidently presents texts aloud to a range of audiences -Uses information from the text to direct their presentation of it to others
Schemes/ resources to support the learning	-Guided reading packs -KS2 question stems -Progression of reading ladder -Progression of reading activity ideas -Guided Reading question types	

Year 5	Autumn 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Explanation on how to slay a monster         Text: Beowulf         (4 weeks)         Key objectives:         -Identify purpose and audience for writing.         -Plan a hook for this unit of work         -Identify the story as a legend.         -Place the story in its historical context: Anglo Saxon era         - Read the story (note that it is divided into 3 key episodes)         -Give developed detail in discussion about the text, including personal opinion.         -Sequence and story map text and identify key themes e.g. heroism, loyalty, good versus evil.         -Discuss how the author's language choice has impacted the mood or impression of a character in key points of the story e.g. kennings.         -Identify the monsters Beowulf has encountered and what language features the author has used to describe it.         -Do wider reading of other monsters in the literary and collect technical and descriptive vocabulary e.g. razor-sharp talon.         -Children to draw their own monster and use language features to describe it e.g. expanded noun phrases, metaphors, similes         -Read and discuss a wide range of explanation texts.         -Identify the structural features of an explanation texts.         • Title         • subheadings         • Introduction         • Main body         • Summary-what happened next or something interesting Extra information like interesting facts	<ul> <li>-Imitate sentence types for explanation text in the lead up to the written outcome.</li> <li>-Plan structure and language features for explanation text.</li> <li>-Apply a range of language features/punctuation in the explanation text including: <ul> <li>A range of fronted adverbials that express time, place and manner.</li> <li>Extend sentences using co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Relative clauses and parentheses for extra detail</li> <li>Commas to subordinate clauses.</li> <li>Colons in a list</li> </ul> </li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>	

Year 5	Autumn 1	WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Genre: Recount – diary entry Text: Beowulf (4 weeks)</li> <li>Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Identify features of a legend e.g.:</li> <li>Good and evil characters <ul> <li>Are often told chronologically, often in episodes</li> <li>Usually contain a moral</li> <li>Focuses on a single main character as they overcome several obstacles.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Read the story (note that it is divided into 3 key episodes)</li> <li>Give developed detail in discussion about the text, including personal opinion.</li> <li>Explore character's motives, opinions and feelings through immersive activities such as role on the wall, conscious alley etc.</li> <li>Compare and contrast characteristics of key characters in the story e.g. Beowulf and Grendel. Use evidence from the text to support this.</li> <li>Do wider reading and collect technical and descriptive vocabulary for settings and character description.</li> <li>Use sentence types and language features to describe a chosen setting e.g. Grendel's lair.</li> <li>Draw and describe Beowulf and children's own monster that will fit into the story.</li> <li>Identify the structural features of a diary entry by looking at a wide range of diary entries.</li> <li>Identify the language features of a diary entry e.g. first person, metaphors, similes and rhetorical questions etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Discuss the impact/effect of above language features.</li> <li>Plan the content and language features/punctuation for each paragraph.</li> <li>-Include a wide range of language features and punctuation in the diary entry including: <ul> <li>Fronted adverbials of time, place and manner</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Figurative language: metaphors, personification and similes</li> <li>Extend sentences with co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Relative clauses</li> <li>Parentheses</li> <li>Rhetorical questions</li> </ul> </li> <li>-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>

Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Explanation How to write a title Alan Peat Non-fiction book pp. 52-55 Noun, who/which/where Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 56 2A opener Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 57 Then and Now Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 57 Process steps: list Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 59 The question is Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 60 Lists Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 60 Lists Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 60-61 Name-adjective-pair Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 62 When;when;when,then Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 66 Diary Entry If, if, if, then Book 2 p27 Relative clauses also known as Noun, which who, where Book 1 p31 O(I) Book 1 p55 (Year 4) The more, the more Book 1 p51 (Year 4) 3ed sentence (create atmosphere, add description) Book 1 p17	Grammar         1. Re-cap determiners         2. Re-cap articles         3. Re -cap fronted adverbials         4. Expanded noun phrases from and concision.         5. Recap identifying main and subordinate clauses.         6. Relative clauses using the pronouns of: who, whose         Punctuation         1. Re-cap use of capital letter exclamation point and que         2. Re-cap commas after from adverbials.         3. Commas to demarcate su (relative) and main clause         4. Parenthesis using bracket and dashes.         5. Colon in a list format         Tense (to be taught throughout the progressive of time and cause.         2. Use of the progressive verbs in the present and cause.	1. Recap of mixed spellings from previous years         5. or precision         d         d         relative and that.         and that.         ers, full stops, estion mark.         ted         bordinate         s, commas         ut the         ct and past         e form of nd past	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
Order books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1&2 and non-fiction book		http://www.mythencyclopedia.com/Ar-Be Spelling Schem	2/Beowulf.html Purple Mash
	Explanation How to write a title Alan Peat Non-fiction book pp. 52-55 Noun, who/which/where Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 56 2A opener Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57 Then and Now Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57 Process steps: list Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.59 The question is Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60 Lists Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60-61 Name-adjective-pair Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.62 When;when;when,then Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.66 Diary Entry If, if, if, then Book 2 p27 Relative clauses also known as Noun, which who, where Book 1 p31 O(I) Book 1 p55 (Year 4) The more, the more Book 1 p51 (Year 4) 3ed sentence (create atmosphere, add description) Book 1 p17	ExplanationHow to write a titleAlan Peat Non-fiction book pp. 52-55Noun, who/which/whereAlan Peat Non-fiction book p. 56Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57Then and NowAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.57Then and NowAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.57Process steps: listAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.59The question isAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.60ListsAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.60Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60ListsAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.60Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.62When,when;when,thenAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.62When,when;when,thenAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.62When,when;when,thenAlan Peat Non-fiction book p.62When,whereBook 1 p31O(I)Book 1 p51O(I)Book 1 p51O(I)Book 1 p51Order books from PDC for wider readingOrder books from PDC for wider reading	Explanation       Grammar       1. Recap of mixed spellings from previous years         How to write a title       2. Re-cap articles       3. Re -cap fronted adverbials         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 55       3. Re -cap fronted adverbials       4. Expanded noun phrases for precision and concision.         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 57       5. Recap identifying main and subordinate clauses.       2. Words ending in – able and – ably         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.57       6. Relative clauses using the relative pronouns of: who, whose and that.       3. Statutory list: accompany amateur bargain bruise         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.50       1. Re-cap commas after fronted adverbials.       3. Statutory list: accompany amateur bargain bruise         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.60       1. Re-cap commas after fronted adverbials.       3. Statutory list: accompany amateur bargain bruise         Alan Peat Non-fiction book p.61       1. Re-cap commas after fronted adverbials.       3. Commas to demarcate subordinate (relative) and main clause.       3. Commas to demarcate subordinate       4. Parenthesis using brackets, commas and dashes.       5. Colon in a list format         Book 1 p31       0(1)       1. Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.       2. Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.       2. Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.         Book 1 p17       <

Year 5	Autumn 2 WRITING		
Key	Genre: Non-Chronological report on Earth and Space/Anglo Saxons/Local	Genre: Narrative poem	
Objectives	environment/forces	Text: The Highwayman	
teaching	Text: Non-fiction and fiction texts (order from PDC)	Key objectives:	
knowledge,	Key Objectives:	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.	
understanding	-Identify audience and purpose for writing and selecting the appropriate	-Plan a cold task	
and	form.	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.	
	-Provide a hook for this unit of work	-Read aloud the poem, taking heed of prosody.	
application	- Read and research from a wide range of fictional and non-fiction	-Sequence the events of the Highwayman.	
	resources on chosen topic.	-Discuss and identify the poetic devices used and what impact this has on	
	-Organise research around a theme e.g. architecture, religion.	the reader. E.g. rhythm, rhyme, metaphors, personification, similes	
	-Define and collect technical vocabulary e.g. runes, thatched house etc.	repetition, alliteration and onomatopoeia.	
	-Read and identify structural features of a non-chronological report from a	-Use immersive techniques such as hot seating, conscious alley, and role	
	range of reports.	play to further explore character and plot development. Also deepen	
	-Comments on the impact of organisational and presentational features of a	understanding of alternative character's motivations e.g. Tim and the King's	
	report: headings, subheadings, opening, main body, closing statement,	men.	
	diagrams and glossary/index.	-Define and put into context technical vocabulary relating to horses,	
	-Imitate different openers for each paragraph.	clothing and equipment of horse riders.	
	-Imitate sentence types and language features appropriate for the report.	-Collect and magpie descriptive language/vocabulary, which will be used to	
	-Plan the structure, content and language features for each paragraph in	describe characters and the setting. E.g. moonlight setting.	
	the report.	-Use above vocabulary and a range of language features to describe Bess,	
	-Using a range of cohesive devices including adverbials of time, place and	The Highwayman and settings.	
	number, within and across paragraphs.	-Read a range of narrative poems and identify some features. E.g. it must	
	-Use punctuation (parenthesis of commas, brackets and dashes) to add	narrate a story.	
	extra information.	-Plan a narrative poem from one of the character's point of view either	
	For <b>G.D</b> : Paragraphs are well-controlled and shape the text, guiding the	before or after the events of the poem.	
	reader effectively through shifts in time and place, and changes of events or information.	-Write a narrative poem from a character's point of view by applying a	
	-Include a glossary of key terms.	range of: - Rhythm, rhyme, expanded noun phrases, metaphors,	
	-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).	personification, similes, repetition, alliteration and onomatopoeia.	
	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word	-Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing.	
	choice and sentence structure.	-Secretarial editing: Proof read for spelling and punctuation errors.	
	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word	
		choice and sentence structure.	
		-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	
		-Orally perform final draft of the poem.	

Com	mon Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Non-Relatiwho,BookDe:deBookThe QAlanNameAlanTell: sAlanThe BAlanThe BAlanThe BAlanThe BAlanThe BAlanEnotiBookO(I)BookO(I)BookMetap	ive clauses also known as Noun, which where k 1 p31 e k 1 p21 Question is:? Peat Non-fiction book p. 88 e-adjective pair- Peat Non-fiction book p. 93 show 3 ; sentences Peat Non-fiction book p. 93 BIG 'E' Peat Non-fiction book p. 93 BIG 'E' Peat Non-fiction book p. 90 Highwayman onification of weather (description) k 1 p47	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Relative clauses using the relative pronouns of: which, where, when and whom.</li> <li>Parenthesis using brackets, commas and dashes.</li> <li>Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner.</li> <li>Prepositional phrases</li> <li>Modal verbs</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation <ol> <li>Commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity.</li> <li>Commas to demarcate subordinate (relative) and main clause.</li> <li>Brackets to indicate parenthesis.</li> <li>Pair of dashes to indicate parenthesis.</li> <li>Inverted commas to indicate parenthesis.</li> <li>Inverted commas to indicate direct speech.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Words with silent K</li> <li>Words with the /i:/ sound spelt ei after c and other consonants</li> <li>Exceptions to the i before e rule except after c</li> <li>Words containing the letter string ough</li> <li>Statutory list: occur forty according lightning stomach pronunciation signature criticise immediately attached</li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
support/ Alan I	r books from PDC for wider reading Peat Book 1&2 and non-fiction book e Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 5	Spring 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge,	Genre: Shakespeare Festival Recount: Persuasive letter Text: Macbeth	<ul> <li>-Read a range of letters and identify structural features including:</li> <li>Formal/informal register</li> <li>Address</li> </ul>	
knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Key objectives:</li> <li>-Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.</li> <li>-Research William Shakespeare, his historical setting and other famous plays he has written.</li> <li>-Read the play of Macbeth and re-tell the story.</li> <li>-Identify key themes of the play and compare to other plays the children have studied in previous years.</li> <li>-Identify features of a play script.</li> <li>-Explore Shakespearean English and translate into modern English and vice versa.</li> <li>-Use immersive techniques e.g. role on the wall, hot seating etc. to explore Macbeth and Lady Macbeth's relationships, motives, opinions and feelings.</li> <li>-Use intonation, expression, body language and action to perform a section of the play.</li> <li>-Define and put into context technical vocabulary e.g. Thane prophecy.</li> <li>-Collect and magpie language features/vocabulary, which will be used to describe characters and the setting.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Address</li> <li>Date</li> <li>Greeting</li> <li>Opening</li> <li>Main body (paragraphs organised around a theme)</li> <li>Close</li> <li>-Imitate language features/sentence types in the build up to the written outcome.</li> <li>-Formulate persuasive arguments using the PEE (point, evidence and explanation) method.</li> <li>-Plan the content and language features for each paragraph.</li> <li>-Apply a range of language features/punctuation in writing including: <ul> <li>Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner.</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Figurative language including similes, metaphors and personification.</li> <li>Modal verbs/adverbs of possibility.</li> <li>Relative clauses</li> <li>Devices to aid cohesion including pronouns and subordinating and co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Commas, brackets and dashes to indicate parenthesis.</li> <li>Colon for more detail</li> </ul> </li> <li>-Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing.</li> <li>-Secretarial editing: Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> </ul>	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	If, if, if, then Book 2 p27 De:de Book 1 p21 Relative clauses also known as Noun, which who, where Book 1 p31 Ad same ad Book 1 p35	<ul> <li>Grammar</li> <li>Adverbs of possibility</li> <li>Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner</li> <li>Re-cap Preposition</li> <li>Expand knowledge of co-ordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Review personal, possessive and demonstrative pronouns</li> <li>Punctuation: <ol> <li>Inverted commas- including a comma before direct speech, capital letter at the beginning of direct speech and punctuation within inverted commas.</li> <li>Re-cap use of apostrophes: contraction, singular and plural possession.</li> <li>Colon for more detail.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Words containing the letter string ough</li> <li>Words ending in able</li> <li>Words ending in able</li> <li>Homophones – words that are confused</li> <li>Statutory list:         <ul> <li>especially neighbour determined accommodate interfere committee apparent harass aggressive communicate</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
-	Order books from PDC for wider Alan Peat Book 1&2	reading		
	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

#### Year 5 Spring 2 WRITING Kev **Genre: Narrative** -Identify WMG character description and use language features to describe Viking Myth **Objectives** characters, which will be used in children's own myth. **Text:** Illustrated Norse Myths teaching **Key objectives:** knowledge, -Plan own Viking myth, which will include content and language features understanding -Identify purpose and audience for writing. for each paragraph. and application -Apply a range of language features/punctuation in writing including: -Plan a hook for the start of this unit. Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner. -Read a range of Viking myths and discuss historical and mythical context. Expanded noun phrases Figurative language including similes, metaphors and -Use immersive techniques to consolidate and explore plot and character personification. development further. Modal verbs/adverbs of possibility. Relative clauses -Compare and contrast with other legends and genres e.g. fairy tales Devices to aid cohesion including pronouns and subordinating and -Identify features of a Viking myth including: co-ordinating conjunctions. • A mythical setting e.g. Asgard Commas, brackets and dashes to indicate parenthesis. • Main characters involving gods. Colon for more detail Usually a long and dangerous journey the gods have to embark on. Inverted commas to indicate direct speech. • A guest/series of trials or villain that the hero needs to overcome. -Do wider reading of Viking myths including poems, information texts on -Include dialogue which moves the action forward. Viking gods etc. -Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors). -Define, collect and magpie descriptive language for the setting/characters. -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word -Imitate sentence types and language features in the lead up to the written choice and sentence structure. outcome. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard. -Identify WMG setting description and create and describe own setting using language features, which will be used in children's own myth.

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Imagine Book 1 p59 De:de Book 1 p21 Relative clauses also known as Noun, which who, where Book 1 p31 Emotion-consequence Book 2 p98 As_ly Book 2 p118 3ed sentence (create atmosphere, add description) Book 1 p17 The more, the more Book 1 p51	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Children to be applying a range of subordinate clauses- by using relative clauses and parenthesis.</li> <li>Modal verbs and adverbs of possibility</li> <li>Re-cap possessive and demonstrative pronouns.</li> <li>Expand knowledge of co-ordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Review personal, possessive and demonstrative pronouns</li> </ol> </li> <li>Punctuation: <ol> <li>Hyphens</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ol> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Endings which sound like/ fəs/ spelt – cious</li> <li>Words ending in – ancy</li> <li>Nouns that end in - ce/-cy and verbs that end in -se/-sy</li> <li>Words with silent letters</li> <li>Statutory list: dictionary existence especially neighbour average conscience vehicle shoulder relevant twelfth</li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
Planning support/ resources	Order books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1&2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 5	Summer 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Newspaper article Text: Ice Trap Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit. -Read and sequence the story of Ice Trap. -Use immersive techniques to further explore character and plot development. -Do wider reading of Sir Ernest Shackleton and expeditions to the Antarctic. -Define and put into context technical vocabulary relating to ships, sailing expeditions and the Antarctic. -Collect and magpie descriptive language/vocabulary, which will be used to describe characters and the setting. -Read a range of newspaper articles and note structural features including: - Headline - By-line - Introduction - Body - Short Summary - Sources (direct and indirect speech) - Picture and caption	Identify language features/punctuation for the newspaper report. Including: <ul> <li>Fronted adverbials of place, time and manner.</li> <li>Alliteration</li> <li>Puns/idioms</li> <li>Expanded noun phrase</li> <li>Use of pronouns (personal, possessive and demonstrative) for cohesion.</li> <li>Extend sentences with a range of co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Relative clauses</li> <li>Parentheses</li> <li>Colon for extra detail</li> <li>Inverted commas for speech</li> <li>Modal verbs</li> </ul> -Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing. <ul> <li>-Secretarial editing: Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.</li> <li>-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.</li> <li>-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.</li> </ul>	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Alliteration	Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning	1. Homophones – words	To use fluent joined up
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 107	from Autumn and Spring term.	that are confused.	handwriting for all writing except
	Rhyme	<u>Grammar:</u>		where other special forms are
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 107	1. Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs	2.Words ending in <b>ably</b>	required.
	Puns	using suffixes.	(continued)	
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 108	2.Adverbial phrases of place, time and manner		
	Idioms	3.Expand knowledge of co-ordinating	3.Words with silent letters	
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 107	conjunctions	Statutory list:	
	Then and now	4. Expand knowledge of subordinating	excellent familiar	
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 114	conjunctions.	identity privilege	
	Ending	Pronouns	recognise yacht	
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 116	5. Re-cap statements, exclamations and	sufficient rhythm	
	Direct and indirect speech	commands.	leisure soldier	
	Alan Peat Non-fiction book pp. 117-	Punctuation:		
	118	1. Colons in list formation and to express more		
		detail.		
		2. Re-cap inverted commas and other		
		punctuation for direct speech.		
		3. Re-cap punctuating exclamation points and		
		question marks.		
		Tenses:		
		1. Use the present perfect and past perfect		
		tense to mark relationships of time and cause.		
		2. Use of the progressive form of verbs in the		
		present and past tense to mark actions in		
		progress.		
Planning	Order books from PDC for wider reading			
support/	Alan Peat Non-fiction Book			
resources	Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 5	Summer 2	WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Genre: Balanced argument based on fair trade/sweat shops.</li> <li>Key objectives: <ul> <li>Identify purpose and audience for writing.</li> <li>Plan a hook for the start of this unit relating to fair trade.</li> <li>Do wider reading of fair trading, sweat shops and child exploitation.</li> <li>Link this to their geography unit of learning on trade.</li> <li>Orally debate for/against arguments.</li> <li>Compile argument for and against fair trading from wider reading.</li> <li>Read and discuss writing style of a range of balanced arguments.</li> <li>Identify structural features of a balanced argument: <ul> <li>Title, introducing the issue for discussion, main body (for and against arguments), final paragraph including a conclusion or a call to the reader to decide.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Articulate for/against arguments using the PEE (point, evidence and explanation) method.</li> <li>Imitate language features/sentence types in the lead up to the written outcome.</li> <li>Plan structure and content of balanced argument.</li> <li>Colons for extra detail or list format</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Apply a range of language features/punctuation in writing including:</li> <li>A range of sentence starters</li> <li>Modal verbs/adverbs of possibility</li> <li>Relative clauses</li> <li>Parentheses</li> <li>Rhetorical questions</li> <li>Extend sentences using subordinating and co-ordinating conjunctions.</li> </ul> -Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writingSecretarial editing: Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errorsLanguage choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structureFinal draft to be published to the best possible standard.

Planning	Argument Vs. Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 154 The question? Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 154 The issue: Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 155 The issue for discussion is, Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 155 Shakespeare: IFD Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 154 No answer questions Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 161 BOYS Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 162 Results Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 165 What do you think? Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 166 Getting worse/getting better <i>Book 2 p42</i>	<ul> <li>Consolidate and fill in gaps in learning from Autumn and Spring term.</li> <li>Crammar: <ol> <li>Children to have a broader range of sentence openers by using fronted adverbials, adverbial phrases and prepositional phrases.</li> <li>Children to have a broader and deeper knowledge of co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of relative pronouns across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of parentheses across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying nodal Verbs and adverbs of possibility across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying modal Verbs and adverbs of possibility across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying modal Verbs and adverbs of possibility across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying modal Verbs and adverbs of possibility across writing.</li> <li>Children to be applying commas for a range of purposes: to indicate parenthesis, after a fronted adverbial, to demarcate main and subordinate clauses and to clarify meaning.</li> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>1.ly endings</li> <li>2.Words with silent letters</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> <li>physical variety system rhyme ancient category develop occupy muscle suggest</li> <li>3.End of year assessment</li> </ul>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
support/ resources	Alan Peat Non-fiction Book Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

The reading curriculum is only detailed on one/two page/s for each year group as it shows the overarching objectives of reading that run throughout the curriculum subjects. We believe that repetition of the key knowledge and understanding children need with plenty of opportunity to rehearse application is the best way for children to become successful readers.

Writing is broken down in more detail to help teachers plan for the systematic progression from Year 1 to Year 6.

Year 6	YEAR 6 I	READING
Key Objectives	Word reading and decoding	Comprehension
teaching knowledge, understanding and application -Can -Can -Can -Can -Can -Can -Can -Ca	<ul> <li>-Can use appropriate decoding strategies fluently and accurately .</li> <li>-Can predict.</li> <li>-Can skim and scan.</li> <li>-Can summarise.</li> <li>-Can construct visual images.</li> <li>-Can compare, contrast and evaluate different texts.</li> <li>-Can identify question type.</li> <li>-Can persevere with challenging texts to read with fluency, understanding and expression.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Can understand the meaning of vocabulary in context.</li> <li>-Can accurately and selectively summarise main ideas, events, characters and information from fiction</li> <li>-Can accurately and selectively summarise main ideas, events and information from non-fiction</li> <li>-Can provide developed explanations for key information, events, character actions and motivations</li> <li>-Can retrieve key details and quotations to demonstrate understanding of character, events and information.</li> <li>-Can identify language, structural and presentational features used in texts</li> </ul>
	Comprehension (Deduction and Inference) -Can search for simple clues within the text to support 'Reading between the lines'. -Can make developed inferences drawing on evidence from the text and wider personal experience -Can use clues from action, dialogue and description to interpret meaning -Can prove or disprove a statement about character or setting by finding evidence in the text. -Can explain and justify inferences, providing evidence from the text to support reasoning -Can make developed predictions that are securely rooted in the text -Can empathise with different characters' points of view.	-Can identify the use of different sentence types in the text -Can provide straightforward explanations for the purpose of the language, structure and presentation of texts -Can make accurate and appropriate comparison within texts -Can justify their opinions of texts -Can correctly

Year 6	YEAR	6 READING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Comprehension (Language & Context) -Can identify a range of figurative language e.g. metaphor, simile, alliteration, idioms, euphemism, personification etcCan comment upon the use and effect of the author's language on the readerCan explain the effect of figurative language upon the reader -Can understand and recognise different forms of poetry.	Comprehension (Themes & Conventions) -Can identify the features, themes and conventions of a range of texts (fiction) -Can identify the features, themes and conventions of a range of texts (non- fiction) -Can find and discuss evidence of themes and conventions in different genres and forms of text -Can identify and comment on the grammatical features of text -Can identify and comment on the presentational features of text -Can use text format and text features accurately to determine text type
Schemes/ resources to support the learning	-Guided reading packs -KS2 question stems -Progression of reading ladder -Progression of reading activity ideas -Guided Reading question types	1

Year 6	5 Autumn 1 WRITING		
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application Genre: Diary entry Text: One Thousand Key objectives: -Identify purpose an -Plan a hook for the - Read the story of A -Sequence the story -Identify themes in t -Discuss the historica -Use immersive strat the wall, hot seating -Make conclusions al -Do wider reading of poems, non-fiction te -Define, collect and r setting/atmosphere/a -Imitate language fe end outcome. -Identify features of - Written in the fir - Use of a persona - Organising parage - Language featur noun phrases, si relative clauses, - Punctuation: ellip -Plan the content an -Secretarial editing (	I and One Arabian Nights- chapter 23 d audience for writing. start of this unit. laddin with fluency, expression and understanding. of Aladdin. ne story e.g. power, greed, love, rich vs. poor il, cultural and religious setting of Aladdin. egies to deconstruct characters e.g. role-play, role or mental health report etc. bout characters by using evidence from the text. the setting for the outcome. E.g. for the desert read exts and fiction texts on deserts. nagpie language features to describe the characters that will be used in the end outcome. atures and sentence types that will be applied in the a diary entry. E.g. st person and past tense. I tone throughout. graphs around a theme. es: fronted adverbials/adverbials phrases, expanded miles, metaphors, personification, rhetorical question modal verbs. osis, parentheses, single dash, colon, semi-colon. d language features for each paragraph. correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors) iting- children should be effectively up-levelling word	Genre:       Story- an alternative ending         Text:       One Thousand and One Arabian Nights-choose any tale         Key objectives:	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	3 bad (dash) questions Book 1 p37 Some; others Book 1 page 45 Then and now Book 2 p50 Broken Book 2 p 14 Emotion-consequence Book 2 p98 De:de Book 1 p21	Grammar         1.       Re-cap determiners         2.       Re-cap articles         3.       Re-cap sentence starters which indicate time, place and manner:         4.       Fronted adverbials         5.       Adverbial phrases         6.       Prepositional phrases.         7.       Re-cap Identifying main and subordinate clauses.         8.       Re-cap Parenthesis using brackets, commas and dashes.         Punctuation:       1.         1.       Re-cap commas after fronted adverbials.         2.       Re-cap Commas to demarcate subordinate and main clauses.         3.       Re-cap pairs of brackets, commas and dashes for parenthesis.         4.       Single dash.         5.       Inverted commas for direct speech         Tense (to be taught throughout the year): <ul> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use the present progressive and past progressive tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> <li>Use the present progressive tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Recap- year 5 spellings</li> <li>Homophones – words that are confused</li> <li>Words ending in –able and –ible</li> <li>Statutory list: available cemetery convenience environment foreign hindrance immediately temperature thorough attached</li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
Planning support/ resources	Order books from PDC for wider reading Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 6	Autumn 2	WRITING
Кеу	Genre: Persuasive brochure	- Use persuasive language features to describe the food in Gorsefield
Objectives	Based on the residential to Gorsefield.	House.
teaching	<b>Key objectives:</b> -Identify purpose and audience for writing.	Use neroussive language features to describe the evolutions in Correctiond
knowledge,		- Use persuasive language features to describe the excursions in Gorsefield House.
understanding	-Read and annotate a range of travel brochures.	House.
and		-Secretarial editing (correcting grammar, punctuation and spelling errors).
application	-Identify structural features of a brochure e.g. headings, subheadings,	
	bullet points, pictures, captions, quotes etc.	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure.
	-Identify language features of a persuasive brochure e.g. imperative verbs,	
	metaphors, personification, similes, play on words, catchy slogans, statistics, rhetorical questions and superlatives.	-Publish final draft in the form of a holiday brochure.
	-Compare urban and rural settings by using the above language features.	
	-Plan content and language features for each paragraph in the brochure.	
	-For GD: Identify shifts in formality.	
	-Apply comparative language in the introduction.	
	- Use persuasive language features to describe Gorsefield House.	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Planning	<ul> <li>If, if, if, then</li> <li>Book 2 p27</li> <li>De:de</li> <li>Book 1 p21</li> <li>Relative clauses also known as Noun, which who, where</li> <li>Book 1 p31</li> <li>Imagine</li> <li>Book 1 p59</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Relative clauses using the relative pronouns of: who, whose, that, which, where, when and whom.</li> <li>Re-cap modal verbs and adverbs of possibility.</li> <li>Differentiating between formal and informal writing and choosing the appropriate register.</li> <li>Identifying subject, object and verb in a sentence.</li> <li>Use of the passive voice</li> <li>Re-cap co-ordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> </ol> <b>Punctuation</b> <ol> <li>Re-cap commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity.</li> <li>Commas to demarcate subordinate (relative) and main clause.</li> <li>Use of semi –colon in a list and to show examples or more detail.</li> <li>Use of semi –colon in a complex list and to separate two main clauses.</li> <li>Hyphens</li> </ol> <b>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):</b> <ol> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in -fer</li> <li>Double consonants</li> <li>Continuing words ending in -ible and ibly</li> <li>Words containing the letter string ough</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> <li>equip equipped equipment criticise critic immediate ancient category</li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
support/ resources	Alan Peat Book 1 &2 Purple Mash Spelling Scheme			

Year 6	Spring 1	WRITING
Key	Genre: Shakespeare Festival Soliloquy	Genre: Obituary -Death of a key character
Objectives	Text: Romeo and Juliet	Text: Romeo and Juliet
teaching	Key objectives:	Key objectives:
knowledge,	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.
understanding	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit.	-Plan a hook for the start of this unit
and	-Research William Shakespeare, his historical setting and other famous	-Read a range of obituaries and discuss its purpose, which is a short news
application	plays he has written.	article/brief biography announcing the death of someone.
application	-Read the play of Romeo and Juliet and sequence the story.	-Identify structural features of an obituary including:
	-Identify key themes of the play and compare to other plays the children	-formal register
	have studied in previous years.	-Paragraphs organised around a theme
	-Identify features of a play script.	-Written in the third person
	-Explore Shakespearean English and translate into modern English and vice	-Identify language features/punctuation of an obituary including:
	versa.	-fronted adverbials, conjunctions, relative clauses, colons, semi-colons,
	-Use immersive techniques e.g. role on the wall, hot seating etc. to explore	parentheses, modal verbs, use of the passive voice, single dash,
	key character's relationships, motives, opinions and feelings.	hyphenated words
	-Use intonation, expression, body	- Chn to choose a character to write the obituary for and act out the death
	language and action to perform a section of the play. -Collect and magpie language features/vocabulary, which will be used to	scene -Plan structure and content of the obituary
	describe characters and the setting.	-Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing.
	-Translate and interpret Shakespearean love quotes/insults	-Secretarial editing: Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.
	-Imitate language features and sentence types in the lead up to the written	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word
	outcome by describing settings and key characters.	choice and sentence structure.
	-Plan content/language features/punctuation for each paragraph and	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.
	discuss the impact of this.	
	-Apply a wide range of language features/punctuation including: adverbial	
	phrases of place, time and manner, relative clauses, parentheses, rhetorical	
	questions, colons for list format and extra detail, semi-colon, single dash for	
	extra clarity, devices to aid cohesion including co-ordinating and	
	subordinating conjunctions, use of the passive voice and ellipsis for	
	suspense and to indicate character hesitation or thought.	
	-Apply figurative language including similes, metaphors and personification	
	-Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing.	
	-Secretarial editing: Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.	
	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word	
	choice and sentence structure.	
	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Solution for surging or Some; others Book 1 page 45 3 bad (dash) questions Book 1 p37 Then and now Book 2 p50 Broken Book 2 p14 If, if, if, then Book 2 p27 Obituary Then and now Book 2 p50 Ad same ad Book 1 p35 Ending Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 116 Direct and indirect speech Alan Peat Non-fiction book p. 117-118	Grammar         1. Applying a range of sentence openers, that indicate place, time and manner         2. Use of the passive voice         3. Expand knowledge of coordinating conjunctions         4. Expand knowledge of Subordinating conjunctions.         5. Re-cap possessive and demonstrative pronouns.         6. Re-cap sentences, commands and exclamation points.         Punctuation         1. Bullet points         2. Ellipsis         3. Re-cap inverted commasincluding a comma before direct speech, capital letter at the beginning of direct speech and punctuation within inverted commas.4.         4. Re-cap use of apostrophes: contraction, singular and plural possession.         Tense (to be taught throughout the year):         • Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.         • Use the present progressive and past progressive tense to mark relationships of time and cause.	<ol> <li>Endings which sound like / fəs/ spelt – ious</li> <li>Endings which sound like / fəl/</li> <li>Homophones – words that are confused</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> <li>correspond awkward achieve embarrass profession sacrifice harass aggressive definite queue</li> </ol>	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
Planning	Order books from PDC for wider reading			

Year 6	Spring 2 WRITING			
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Genre: Narrative- section of the story Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit	Genre: Non-chronological report on a fantastical beast Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone/Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them Key objectives: -Identify purpose and audience for writing. -Plan a hook for the start of this unit - Read and research a range of fantastical beasts and its characteristics -Chn to create their own fantastical beast and organise research around subheadings e.g. appearance, habitat etc., -Chn to visualise their beast by drawing and annotating -Use wider reading to collect and put into context vocabulary to describe the beast -Read a range of non-chronological reports and identify its structural features including: heading, introduction, subheadings, summary, diagrams and glossary of key terms -Imitate sentence types and language features for a non-chronological report -Plan the structure, content and language features for each paragraph in the report. -Apply a range of cohesive devices within and across paragraphs including: adverbials, conjunctions, pronouns and synonyms. -Use a range of punctuation including: parentheses, commas for clarity, colon, semi-colon, single dash and hyphenated words. -Assess the effectiveness of their own and other's writing. -Secretarial editing: Proof read for spelling and punctuation errors. -Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word choice and sentence structure. -Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.		

Cor	mmon Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
Narr O(I) Boo Emoi Boo Som Som Som Som Som Som Som Som Som S	rative <i>bk 1 p25</i> bition-consequence <i>bk 2 p98</i> gine <i>bk 1 p59</i> re; others <i>bk 1 page 45</i> <b>a-chronological report</b> Question is:? <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 8 sification <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 6 4A sentences <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 1 ase lists <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 2 show 3; sentences <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 8 simary sentences <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 8 simary sentences <b>n Peat Non-fiction book</b> 8	<ul> <li>Grammar <ol> <li>Modal verbs and adverbs of possibility</li> <li>Subjunctive form-link to modal verbs</li> <li>Use of the passive voice</li> <li>Expanding choice of sentence openers that indicate time, place and manner.</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of subordinate clauses- beginning, middle and end of a sentence.</li> <li>Expand knowledge of co-ordinating conjunctions and knowledge of subordinating conjunctions.</li> </ol> <b>Punctuation:</b> <ol> <li>Hyphens</li> <li>Inverted commas for direct speech</li> <li>Children to be applying a range of brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis.</li> <li>Children to be applying colons and semi-colons to mark the boundary between independent clauses.</li> <li>Use of single dash to be evident across writing.</li> </ol> <b>Tense (to be taught throughout the year):</b> <ul> <li>Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ol> <li>Words with silent letters</li> <li>Words ending in -ent, - ence, ency</li> <li>Double consonants</li> <li>Words ending in ance</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> </ol> nuisance language secretary restaurant communicate government controversy determined accommodate signature	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
support/ Alan	er books from PDC for wider rea Peat Book 1 &2 Jle Mash Spelling Scheme	ading		

Year 6	Summer 1 WF	RITING
Key		
Objectives	Genre: Free Verse Poetry- a spell in the context of Harry Potter	
teaching	<b>Text:</b> Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone/ A range of free verse poems	
knowledge,	Key objectives:	
	-Identify purpose and audience for writing.	
understanding		
and	- Identify the features of visual, structured and free verse poetry	
application	-Read a range of free verse poetry including: monologues, conversations	
	and list poems.	
	-Identify poetic devices used e.g. simile, alliteration, onomatopoeia,	
	rhyming couplet	
	-Generate ideas about a spell e.g. to make things disappear	
	-Discuss language choice and impact on the reader.	
	-Plan structure and content of the poem.	
	-Secretarial editing (grammar, punctuation and spelling)	
	-Language choice editing- children should be effectively up-levelling word	
	choice and sentence structure.	
	-Final draft to be published to the best possible standard.	
	-Children to perform their published poems.	

Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
	Grammar: Revise all KS2 grammar in preparation for end of key stage assessment. Punctuation: Revise all KS2 grammar in preparation for end of key stage assessment. Tenses Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.	<ol> <li>Abstract noun</li> <li>Use of the hyphen</li> <li>Double consonants</li> <li>Statutory list:</li> </ol> Parliament programme privilege explanaton disastrous exaggerate frequently necessary appreciate opportunity	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.

Year 6	Summer 2	WRITING
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Year 7 Transition units	
	Use the present progressive and past progressive tense to mark relationships of time and cause.	
Planning support/ resources		

	Common Language:	G&P:	Spellings:	Handwriting:
		Grammar:         Year 7 transition units.         Punctuation:         Year 7 transition units.         Year 7 transition units. <b>Tenses:</b> • Use the present perfect and past perfect tense to mark relationships of time and cause.	1. Words ending in ly 2. Words ending in -ant 3. Statutory list: vegetable symbol sincerely pronunciation interfere committee apparent desperate curiosity persuade	To use fluent joined up handwriting for all writing except where other special forms are required.
		Use the present progressive and past progressive tense to mark relationships of time and cause.		
Planning				
support/				
resources				

# Mathematics Overview Whole school units of learning

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
	Once upon a story	Homes and	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand & Water (C1)					
	(C&2)	buildings (C1)	(C1)	(C1)	Anima	als (C2)				
		Treasure (C2)         Changes (C2)         Plants & Flowers (C2)								
Nursery	Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').									
Defer to		Recite numbers past 5. Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').								
Refer to			ting a small set of object	ts tells you how many the	re are in total ('cardir	nal principle').				
Development	Show 'finger numbers' u	•								
Matters for				objects to match the num	neral, up to 5.					
examples on	Experiment with their ov									
how to support	Solve real world mathem		•							
each area of	Compare quantities usin									
learning				gles, triangles and cuboids	s) using informal and					
Cao MTDo for	mathematical language:									
See MTPs for				n for a roof, etc. Combine		ones – an arch				
further planning information				nder the table," – with no						
IIIOIIIauoii				e 'in front of' and 'behind'.						
	Make comparisons betw			• •						
	,	•		on clothes, designs on ru	igs and wallpaper.					
	Use informal language li		•							
	Extend and create ABAB	. , ,	,							
	Notice and correct an er									
Descution	Begin to describe a sequ	•	fictional, using words s	uch as first, then						
<b>Reception</b> See point above	Count objects, actions a	na sounas.								
for Nursery.	Subitise									
ior nursery.	Link the number symbol	(numeral) with its card	inal number value.							
Refer to	Count beyond ten									
Mastering	Compare numbers	ra than lang lagg than ' r	alationshin hatwaan ca	accutive numbers						
Number weekly	Understand the 'one mo Explore the composition			isecutive numbers						
sequence of	Automatically recall num		0 E and come to 10							
learning to	Select, rotate and manip									
teach number,	, , .			n have other shapes withi	in it just as numbers	can				
subitising and	Continue, copy and crea		en recognise a snape ca	in have other shapes with	in it, just as numbers	can.				
counting skills										
Counting Skills	Compare length, weight									

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Addition and subtract weeks)	ace Value within 10 (5 weeks) dition and subtraction within 10 (5Continue Place Value within 20 (1 week) Addition and subtraction within 20 (3		Length and Height (2 weeks) Mass and Volume (2 weeks) Time (2 weeks) Money (1 week) <b>Geometry:</b> Shape (1 week) Position and Direction (1 week)		
Year 2	Number: Place Value (4 weeks Addition and subtrac Multiplication and Div (3 weeks)	tion (5 weeks)	Number: Continue Multiplicatio (1 week) Fractions (3 weeks) Measurement: Mass, capacity and te (3 weeks) Length and Height (2 Time (3 weeks)	emperature	Consolidation         Measurement:         Money (2 weeks)         Statistics: (2 weeks)         Statistics: (2 weeks)         Geometry:         Properties of Shape (         Position and Direction         * Use Mathematics         order to ensure mathematics         of the curriculum I         Stage assessments         Consolidation         →KS2 ready	(3 weeks) n (3 weeks) <u>s Meeting in</u> aximum coverage pefore end of Key

Year 3 Number: Place Value (3 weeks) Addition and subtraction (5 weeks) Multiplication and Division (4 weeks)	Number: To continue Multiplication and Division (3 weeks)* Fractions A and B (5 weeks) Measurement: Mass and capacity (3 weeks)	Measurement: Length and Perimeter (3 weeks) Time (3 weeks) Money (1 week) Statistics: (2 weeks) Geometry: Properties of Shape (2 weeks) Consolidation
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\*Seek guidance from Team Leader and/or Mathematics team before planning the sequence of learning for division.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 4	Number: Place Value* (4 weeks) Addition and subtraction (3 weeks) Multiplication and Division (5 weeks)		Place Value* (4 weeks)Continue Multiplication and Division (1Addition and subtraction (3 weeks)week)Multiplication and DivisionFractions (4 weeks)			
	*include teaching of neg version 2.0	ative numbers from	Number:		Geometry: Properties of Shape ( Position and direction Consolidation	
Year 5	Place Value (4 weeks Addition and subtrac	Number: Place Value (4 weeks) Addition and subtraction (2 weeks) Multiplication and Division A and B (6 weeks)		weeks) tages (3 weeks)	Measurement: Converting units (2 v Volume (1 week) Perimeter and Area Statistics: 2 weeks	
					Geometry: Properties of Shape ( Position and direction	
					*Through Bright Mind Meetings	s and Mathematics

Year 6	Number: Place Value (2 weeks) Addition, subtraction, Multiplication and Division (4 weeks) Fractions A and B (4 weeks) Decimals (2 weeks)	Number: Fraction, Decimals and Percentages (2 weeks) Algebra (2 week) Ratio (2 weeks) Measurement: Converting units (1 weeks) Area, Perimeter and Volume (2 weeks) Statistics: 2 weeks	Geometry: Properties of Shape (2 weeks) Position and Direction (1 week) <u>*To be covered before May SATs</u> <u>window and consolidated in</u> <u>Summer 2</u> Consolidation for transition to Year 7
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#### Mathematics Year 1

Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Key Objectives	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	
Problem solving skill	Visualising	Visualising	Pattern Spotting	Pattern Spotting	Trial and Improvement	Trial and Improvement	
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Describe it	Explain it	Explain it	Convince it	Convince it	
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	
Arithmetic	<ul> <li>Count to 100</li> <li>Multiples: 2;5;10</li> <li>100 in numerals</li> <li>One more or less</li> <li>Numerals and words 1-20</li> <li>Number bonds within 20</li> <li>Add/subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to Signs: add/subtract/ equal</li> <li>One step x / problems</li> <li>Half and quarter of an object; shape; quantity</li> </ul>						
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	White Rose Scheme https://nrich.maths.org/						
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Mathematics Club (terms may vary)						

### Mathematics Year 2Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme
Problem solving skill	Visualising	Pattern Spotting	Trial and Improvement	Working Systematically	Working Systematically	Working Backwards
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Describe it	Explain it	Explain it	Convince it	Convince it
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments
Arithmetic	<ul> <li>assessments</li> <li>Count in steps: 2,3,5,10</li> <li>Place value in two- digit numbers</li> <li>Compare to 100 with statements and signs (&lt;&gt;=)</li> <li>Read and write numbers to at least 0-100 in numerals and words</li> <li>Fluent: facts to 20; related to 100</li> <li>Add/subtract objects/ pictorial representations</li> <li>Add mentally (a two-digit number and ones, a two-digit number and tens, two two-digit numbers, adding three one-digit numbers</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Inverse:+ -</li> <li>Tables: 2;5;1</li> <li>Commutative</li> <li>Recognise, fire</li> </ul>	(x) and non-commutand, name and write fra n, shape, set of objects	tive (divide) ctions 1/3; ¼; 2/4;
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	White Rose Scheme					
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Mathematics Club (terms may vary)					

#### Mathematics Year 3 Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme
Problem solving skill	Visualising	Pattern Spotting	Trial and Improvement	Working Systematically	Working Backwards	Reasoning Logically
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Explain it	Convince it	Convince it	Justify it	Justify it
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments
Arithmetic	<ul> <li>Add/subtract</li> <li>Place value in</li> <li>Compare and</li> <li>Read and writ words</li> <li>Add/subtract formal written three-digit nu hundreds)</li> </ul>	three-digit number	using a columnar number and ones, a	digit), progress Counting in te Fractions of se Fractions as n Equivalent fra Compare/orde	ets; small denominator	methods s minators denominator
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	White Rose Scheme	https://nrich.math	i <mark>s.org/</mark> Target your N	1aths or CGP workbook	s to supplement learni	ng when necessary
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Mathematics Club (terms may vary)	Number Partners				

### Mathematics Year 4 Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme
Problem solving skill	Visualising	Pattern Spotting	Trial and Improvement	Working Systematically	Working Backwards	Reasoning Logically
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Explain it	Convince it	Justify it	Prove it	Prove it
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments
Arithmetic	<ul> <li>Order and cor</li> <li>Find 1000 mo</li> <li>Count backwa</li> <li>Place value in</li> <li>Round: 10/10</li> <li>Roman numer</li> <li>Add/subtract</li> <li>Estimate/use</li> <li>Facts up to 12</li> <li>Multiplication</li> </ul>	a four-digit numbers a four-digit number 0/1000 rals to 100 up to four digits inverse operations to c 2 x 12 (multiply two-digit and	s heck answers I three-digit	digit and three Multiply and c Common equi Add/subtract Counting in he Decimal equiv Round decima Compare num One or two- d	valents: tenths/hundred als to nearest whole abers up to two decima ligit number: divide by	ne-digit number) pairs/ commutativity) e denominator dths; 1/4; 1/2; 3/4 I places 10 and 100
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	White Rose Scheme	https://nrich.math	is.org/ Target your N	1aths or CGP workbook	s to supplement learni	ng when necessary
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Mathematics Club (terms may vary)					

### Mathematics Year 5 Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme	Refer to "small steps" within each unit in the White Rose Scheme
Problem solving skill	Visualising / pattern spotting	Trial and Improvement	Working Systematically	Working Backwards	Reasoning Logically	Conjecturing
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Explain it	Convince it	Justify it	Prove it	Prove it
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments
Arithmetic	Arithmetic focus Unit/s which need Arithmetic focus Curves and Cur		red degree of nd calculate intervals ger numbers (up to 1 umbers with more methods composite numbers, facts 000 per (long : number	<ul> <li>Change improversa</li> <li>Add/subtract multiples of the improper fractions and quantities (us)</li> <li>Fractions and quantities (us)</li> <li>Read and write versa</li> <li>Find decimal of Value of digits and divide nuuup to three de</li> <li>Rounding decontect</li> <li>Comparing, or</li> </ul>	order fractions with di oper fraction to mixed in fractions: with the same ne same number, mixed tions ons and mixed number percentages of number ing fractions a operato te decimals numbers as equivalents for fraction is up to three decimal p mbers by 10, 100 and	number and vice ne denominator/ d numbers and rs by whole numbers ers, amounts and rs) s fraction and vice s places and multiply 1000 giving answers places btracting decimals up

		<ul> <li>Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places</li> <li>Recall and use equivalences between fractions, decimals and percentages</li> <li>Find percentages of numbers, amounts and quantities</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources	White Rose Scheme	https://nrich.maths.org/ Target your Maths or CGP workbooks to supplement learning when necessary
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Mathematics Club (terms may vary)	BEE Project (The Business, Enterprise and Employability programme)

### Mathematics Year 6 Subject objectives – knowledge, understanding and opportunity to apply

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Key Objectives	Refer to "small	Refer to "small	Refer to "small	Refer to "small	Refer to "small	Refer to "small	
	steps" within each	steps" within each	steps" within each	steps" within each	steps" within each	steps" within each	
	unit in the White	unit in the White	unit in the White	unit in the White	unit in the White	unit in the White	
Desklass and in a skill	Rose Scheme	Rose Scheme	Rose Scheme	Rose Scheme	Rose Scheme	Rose Scheme	
Problem solving skill	Visualising / pattern spotting	Trial and Improvement	Working Systematically	Working Backwards	Reasoning Logically	Conjecturing	
Reasoning skill	Describe it	Explain it	Convince it	Justify it	Prove it	Prove it	
Mathematics meeting	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	Arithmetic focus	Unit/s which need revisiting for the whole class from assessments	
Arithmetic	Read/write/order/c	ompare/ place value to	o 10million	Divide proper fract	ions by whole numbers	[for example, $1/3 \div$	
	Round any whole r	number to a required d	egree of accuracy	2 = 1/6]			
	Use negative numb	ers in context, and cal	lculate intervals	Calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for			
	across zero			a simple fraction [for example, 3/8]			
	Addition and subtra	action (mental and form	mal)	<ul> <li>Value of digits up to three decimal places and multiply and</li> </ul>			
	Multiply four-digit t	oy two-digit number		divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three			
	• Long division: four-	-digit by two-digit num	iber	decimal places			
	Short division: four	-digit by two-digit num	nber	<ul> <li>Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by</li> </ul>			
	Solve four operatio	ns problems		whole numbers			
	Identify common fa	actors/multiples; prime	2S	Use written division methods in cases where the answer has			
	Compare and order	r fractions		up to two decimal places			
	• Add/subtract: diffe	rent denominators/mix	ed numbers	<ul> <li>Recall and use equ</li> </ul>	iivalences between frac	tions, decimals and	
	Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions [for example, $1/4 \times 1/2$			percentages			
	= 1/8]			<ul> <li>Fractions and percentages of amounts and quantities</li> </ul>			
Scheme/Resources	White Rose Scheme	https://nrich.math	s.org/ Target your N	laths or CGP workboo	ks to supplement learn	ing when necessary	
Possible	Gifted and Talented	Mathematics Club					
trips/enrichment	competition	(terms may vary)					
experiences							

# Science Overview Whole school units of learning

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery*	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and buildings (C1)	What shall we eat? (C1)	Where shall we go? (C1)		Water (1)
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers (C2)	Anima	ls (C2)
Reception*	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and buildings (C1)	What shall we eat? (C1)	Where shall we go? (C1)		Water 21)
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers (C2)	Anima	ls (C2)
	Animals including	Animals and	Seasonal Changes	Plants	<b>Everyday Materials</b>	<b>Everyday Materials</b>
Year 1	Humans	Humans	Weather			
	Ourselves	Pets				
Year 2	Uses of Everyday Materials	Uses of everyday Materials	Plants	Living things and their Habitats (Gardens and	Animals including Humans	Living things and their Habitats Animal Life Cycles
	Rocks	Light	Animals including	Allotments) Forces and	Animal Life Cycles Plants	(Habitats) Plants
Year 3	(Rocks and Fossils)	(Light and Shadows)	Humans (Keeping Healthy)	Magnets	(Roots and Shoots)	(Flowers, fruits and seeds)
Year 4	Animals, including humans (Teeth)	Electricity	Living Things and their Habitats (Classification)	Living Things and their Habitats (Climate Change/Impact)	States of matter	Sound
Year 5	Forces	Earth & Space	Properties and changes of materials	Properties and changes of materials	Living Things and their Habitats (Reproduction- Plants and animals)	Animals including humans (Human life cycle)
Year 6	Light	Electricity	Living Things and their Habitats (Classification)	Evolution and Inheritance	Animals including humans (Circulatory System)	Second-look Science

\*See MTPs for further planning information

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	name the different	Classify animals	observe and describe	Identify and describe	Find objects and the	Distinguish between
knowledge and skills to	parts of the human	based on their	weather of the	the structure of	different materials	an object and the
be acquired	body	common	season we are in	flowering plants	they are made of	material from which it
		characteristics		Describe the basis	News and describe	is made
	label the parts of the	The stift and server a	compare the weather	Describe the basic	Name and describe	The section to marked in the
	human body	Identify and name a	in Spring to other	structure of trees	different materials	Investigate materials
	an an altimute a la success	variety of common	seasons	Televetific and every	Commence the	for their useful
	construct a human	animals		Identify and group	Compare the	properties
	body and label the	Contonino la inte	explain why day	common fruits and	properties of different	
	parts	Sort animals into	length changes from	vegetables	materials	Observe and explain
		carnivores, herbivores	season to season	Televille and serves a	Tour and the start of the s	what happens to ice
	explore our five	and omnivores	in a stinct state	Identify and name a	Investigate the	as it melts
	senses	Televitic and seven as	investigate the	variety of plants	properties of	
	identifibieb bedu	Identify and compare	amount of rainfall	Televetific function and	materials in everyday	Investigate ways of
	identify which body	animals based on	over a period of time	Identify fruits and	objects	melting ice quickly or
	part is associated with	their teeth	a la a su sa a su al si a a su tha a	vegetables and grow	Fundamenting and an estimation	slowly
	each sense	The section to the	observe and describe	our own	Explore the properties	
	in a stingto a ditale of	Investigate the	patterns about wind	Tour and the start of the s	and suitability of	Explore the properties
	investigate which of	structures of different	direction	Investigate the	plastic	of water
	the five senses are	animals		difference between	Charrieran	Durau ann duaisna
	most important	Commence and	measure temperature	deciduous and	Showcase our	Draw conclusions
		Compare and	and explain how it	evergreen trees	learning	from our
		describe the	changes with the			investigation and
		structures of different	season			present our findings
		animals				
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible	Soanes Centre – Mini				Soanes Centre-	
trips/enrichment	beast safari				Materials	
experiences						

#### **Science Year 1** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

# Science Year 2 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 2 Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Autumn 1 Classify everyday materials based on common properties Compare the suitability of materials according to their properties Investigate the best materials for building a house Explain which materials are best for making a house Investigate absorbent and non-absorbent materials Explore suitable materials for protecting a fragile object	Autumn 2 Understand what it means to squash, bend, twist and stretch materials Explore ways of changing the shape of solid objects Investigate which materials are easiest to change Explain what properties of materials make solid objects easy to change Investigate how long a material can be stretched without breaking Design objects for a	Spring 1 Observe and understand the difference between seeds and bulbs Explain why and how plants disperse their seeds Investigate what bulbs and seeds need to grow into mature plants Investigate what affects the growth of plants Observe and describe how plants grow in different conditions Explain what we have found out from our plant investigations	Spring 2 Investigate what conditions plants need to grow well Explain how habitats provide for the basic needs of animals and plants living there Understand the important role farms play in the food chain Explain how living things obtain their food and energy using food chains Describe the transfer of energy in a food chain Harvest the plants we have grown and explain what we have	Summer 1 Identify the stages of animals in our local habitats. Find out that animals have offspring which grow into adults. Explain that animals need water, food and air to survive. Explain how humans grow from babies into adults. Explain that humans need a healthy lifestyle including exercise and hygiene Understand that eating the right amounts of different types of food will	Summer 2 Understand the differences between things that are living, dead and never been alive Identify what makes a good habitat Observe habitats and explain why animals are suited to them Explore food chains in different habitats Design a micro- habitant that is suited to its inhabitants Create our bug hotel and evaluate its suitability
		house using the most ideal materials	p	found out	keep you healthy.	
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Soanes Centre-Paper makers		Soanes Centre-Plant life		Butterflies Growing kit Observe year 1 chicks	

# Science Year 3 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Compare and group rocks based on their appearance Compare and group rocks based on physical properties Investigate how fossils are formed Describe how fossils are formed Recognise what soils are made from Compare and describe different soils	Recognise the difference between light and dark Investigate how light is reflected from surfaces Explore ways of protecting ourselves from the dangers of sunlight. Describe how shadows are formed Investigate which materials make better shadows Investigate what affects the size of shadows	Know that animals cannot make their own food and what types of food they need. Identify that humans need the right amounts and types of food Understand the difference in the amount of food needed for humans of different age groups Understand the functions of skeleton in humans and some animals Find out the functions of muscle in humans	Compare how objects move on different surfaces Classify materials based on how magnetic they are. Identify contact and non-contact forces Label and describe magnets Make predictions about magnets Draw conclusions based on our science investigations	Investigate what plants need to grow and thrive Observe and record findings from our seedling investigation Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants Explain findings and patterns from our investigations Use our knowledge of plants to design a space farm	Observe and compare a variety of different flowering plants Identify the male and female parts of flowering plants Use role-play to show the life-cycle of flowering plants Describe the process of pollination Understand the role insects play in pollination Investigate the best methods of seed dispersal
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans	and animals			
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Soanes Centre- Rocks and weathering					Soanes Centre- Seed dispersal KS2

# Science Year 4 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 4 Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Autumn 1Ask questions to understand the importance of the teeth in the stage of the digestive systemObserve and record the different types of teeth in humans and their functionsObserve the functions of the parts of the human digestive systemExplain the functions of 	Autumn 2Identify common appliances that work using electricityConstruct a simple series circuit using electrical components. (cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzersLight a lamp/bulb in a simple series circuitRecognise that a switch opens and closes a circuitRecognise some common conductors and insulators.Use scientific knowledge to design and create our own Buzzwire	Spring 1 Understand the characteristics of a living thing (plants and animal). Identify how plants and animals are suited to where they live. Sort living things into different groups using observable features. Explore using a classification key. Use classification keys to identify and name living things Create a classification key to group living things.	Consider how the local environment has changed and the impact of these changes Identify how some living things can survive natural changes in their environment Understand what is causing climate change (investigation) Understand the impact of changes in the environment Explore how we can make a positive impact in the local environment Be a voice for our planet to encourage others to help save our planet	Summer 1Identify materials according to whether they are solids, liquids or gasesCompare and group materials according to whether they are solids, liquids or gasesObserve and measure the temperature at which materials change state when they are heatedIdentify how materials change state when they are cooledIdentify the stages of evaporation and condensation as part of the water cycleExplain the part played by evaporation and condensation in	Summer 2Identify sounds we can hear and how they are madeUnderstand that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to our earPlan and carry out a fair-test, investigating what effects the quality of soundFind patterns between the vibrations and the pitch of the sound producedIdentify patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrationsIdentify that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source
Scheme/Resources Possible	Bigland Green Medium Te	Game rm Plans Soanes Centre-			the water cycle	increases Science Museum
trips/enrichment experiences		Electrical circuits- KS2				

# Science Year 5 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Observe and explain the force of gravity Measure and record the effects of friction between moving surfaces Interpret and evaluate the effects of air resistance Observe and explain the effects of water resistance between moving surfaces Observe and communicate how levers lift a heavy object Set up tests to investigate the effects of pulleys	Develop scientific enquiry questions about space Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets in the solar system Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical Describe the movement of the Moon Explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky Explain day and night using the idea of the Earth's rotation	Compare and group materials based on their properties Compare and group materials based on conductivity of electricity Compare and group materials based on conductivity of heat (thermal conductor) Identify materials which are thermal insulators, based on conductivity of heat Use evidence from fair test to explain particular uses of everyday materials Identify the purpose of thermal insulators based on their thermal conductivity of heat	Separate mixtures of solids through sieving Separate liquid mixtures through filtrations Identify and compare soluble and insoluble materials Explore recovering a substance from a solution through evaporation Explain that irreversible changes from burning can result in the formation of new materials Explain that irreversible changes from action of acid on bicarbonate of soda can result in the formation of new materials	Identify the reproductive parts of plants Understand the lifecycle of flowering plants Explain how plants reproduce in different ways Understand the lifecycles of mammals, birds, amphibians and insects Compare the lifecycle of birds, amphibians and insects	Identify some of the key milestones in human life Compare the gestation periods of different animals including human Identify a baby's early developments after birth Analyse the growth of a human body from birth to five Understand the changes in the human body during puberty Describe how humans develop throughout their lifetime
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences		Greenwich planetarium Soanes Centre- Earth, sun and moon.	Science museum	Soanes Centre- Materials KS2		Centre of the Cell

# Science Year 6 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Observe and explain how light travels in straight lines Predict whether you will see an object based on surrounding light sources Set up tests to demonstrate that objects are seen because they reflect light into the eye in straight lines Carry out a fair test to show which material is the best at reflecting light Observe and explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them Record results to show the distance and position of a light source can affect the size of a shadow	Identify electrical components and make simple electrical circuits Draw a circuit diagram using symbols Investigate how the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer is affected by the number of cells (volts) used in the circuit Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function.(brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers) Make a circuit (electrical prototype) using the circuit diagram Explain how the electrical festive light works with links to previous investigations	Explore why scientists classify living things Understand how living things can be grouped using the levels of classification Group animals using the levels of classification Understand how micro- organisms are grouped Investigate how yeast can make bread rise Understand how plants can be grouped	Identify inherited characteristics in living things and learn that variation occurs within offspring as well as across a species Research and identify advantages and disadvantages of variation and adaptation across specific animals and plants Explain how some animals and plants are adapted to extreme. Environments (cold/hot) Understand what fossils are and how they are formed Explore how the fossil record helps us understand evolution Research and present evolutionary information on a specific animal	Explore dissecting a sheep's heart to learn about the human circulatory system Explain the functions of the human heart Explain how nutrients and water are transported through the body within animals and humans Recognise the impact exercise on the way the bodies function Explain the impact of diet and exercise on our bodies	Identify and sort the learning in the different type of science. Find out scientific discoveries that changed the world Understand the importance of science in the real world Plan a scientific enquiry Test our scientific ideas Present our Scientific ideas/science quiz
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences		Science museum	Soanes Centre- Classifying minibeasts (available in March)		Centre of the Cell	Invite STEM professionals

### Computing Overview Whole school units of learning

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery*	Once upon a story	Homes and	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand & Water	Once upon a story
	(C1&2)	buildings (C1)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1&2)
	Garlands Galore	Journeys	Pumpkin Soup	Rabbit Run	Seaside Tangrams	Colour Collections
	Creating, pattern	Logical reasoning,	Algorithms,	Algorithms,	Tinkering, creating,	Creating, pattern
	spotting, logical	algorithms,	decomposition,	persevering and	debugging,	spotting,
	reasoning	creating,	collaborating	collaborating	persevering	persevering
		collaborating,				
		tinkering	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers	Animals (C2)	
			Make a body	(C2)	Feed the birds	
		Treasure (C2) Leaf		Seed Sequencing		
		Labyrinth	Abstraction,		Algorithm,	
			decomposition,	Algorithms,	decomposition,	
		Logical reasoning,	algorithm	decomposition,	creating,	
		algorithms,		collaborating	collaborating	
		decomposition				
<b>Reception</b> *	Once upon a story	Homes and	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand & Water	Once upon a story
	(C1&2)	buildings (C1)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1&2)
	Garlands Galore	Journeys	Pumpkin Soup	Rabbit Run	Seaside Tangrams	Colour Collections
				Algorithms,		
	Creating, pattern	Logical reasoning,	Algorithms,	persevering and	Tinkering, creating,	Creating, pattern
	spotting, logical	algorithms,	decomposition,	collaborating	debugging,	spotting,
	reasoning	creating,	collaborating		persevering	persevering
		collaborating,	Chamman (C2)	Plants & Flowers		
		tinkering	Changes (C2) Make a body	(C2) Seed Sequencing	Animals (C2) Feed the birds	
		Treasure (C2) Leaf	Make a Douy	Algorithms,	reed the birds	
		Labyrinth	Abstraction,	decomposition,	Algorithm,	
		Labyinti	decomposition,	collaborating	decomposition,	
		Logical reasoning,	algorithm	conaborating	creating,	
		algorithms,	aigoriann		collaborating	
		decomposition			conaborating	

\*See MTPs for further planning information

#### Digital Literacy Information Technology Com

**Computer Science** 

Year 1	What is a Computer?	Modern tales Animate with shapes	Drawing Maths	Mini – Beasts	<mark>My Robot the</mark> Friend	News presenter
Year 2	Online Buddies Maths Madness	Presentation and Typing	Storyland	Storyland Heads up	Making Games	Code a Story
Year 3	Online Detectives	Dancing Robots	Rainforests Keyboard Adventures	Be Digitally Awesome	Micro:bit	Programming with Robots
Year 4	Fake or Real	Hour of Code	Dinosaurs	Minecraft Challenges	Endangered Animals	Game Designer
Year 5	<mark>Girls v Boys: STEAM</mark> Challenges	YouTuber	Making AR Games	News Reporter and Podcasting Video Game Music Composer	Web Designer	Binary Messages
Year 6	Online Safety dilemmas	VR Worlds	Maths: Money	Quick Show Host	Crossy Roads	Coding Playground

E-Safety – My online Life is covered at the beginning of each unit in every year group and taught within each unit of learning.

From Year 1-6, computational thinking is embedded within every unit of learning.

# **Computing Year 1** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Identify who we can	Explain how to	Understand what	Understand what	Manage online	Describe how to
knowledge and skills to	speak to when using	communicate	information is safe to	online bullying is and	information	behave online
be acquired	the internet	positively online	share online	how we should deal		
				with it	Understand what	Explain what personal
	Explain what a	Take good quality	Draw with shapes		robots are and design	information is and
	computer is	photographs		Use book creator to	my own robot	who owns the
			Use emoji to create	design a front cover	_	information online
	Explain what a	Understand the	illustrations		Create a sequence of	
	software is	importance of keeping		Classify and sort data	simple algorithms for	Create our own script
		personal information	Paint and create		a robot	
	Save our work	private	illustrations with	Download images and		Type our script
			maths	use iPads to take	Programme a robot	
	Explain how we can	Explain our own		photographs		Create our video to
	communicate online	digital life	Use an app to create		Debug sequence	present our news
			3D shapes	Research information	errors in a	
	Create a simple	Understand how		to collect data	programme	Use green screen to
	sequence algorithm	animation	Use an online			present our news
			geoboard to create	Use technology to	Present our ideas	
	Program using robots	Create an animation	digital artwork	create our own photo		Collect information
				story and present our		and create a block
		Design a digital		ideas		diagram
		animation using an				
		арр				
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knowsle	l ey scheme of learning			
Possible						
trips/enrichment						
experiences						

#### **Computing Year 2** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Explain how we use	Understand who we	Explain what online	Use a search engine	Explain what personal	Explain what personal
knowledge and skills to	technology to	can trust online	reputation is and	and explain why	information is and the	information is and the
be acquired	communicate		explain the potential	everything we read	importance of	importance of
		Create a title page for	risks of posting	online is not true	passwords to protect	passwords to protect
	Explain who we	our presentation	something	Curata and Andiahaala	IT	It
	should communicate	Add improve to our	Understand the term	Create our Audiobook	Lindovetand what	Tinkor with Carotoh
	with when using	Add images to our	Understand the term	Publish our	Understand what	Tinker with Scratch 3.0
	technology	presentation	online bullying and consequences of it	Audiobook	coding blocks are	5.0
	Communicate	Add appropriate	consequences or it	AUUIODOOK	Explain what a	Plan our animated
	positively online	websites and	Create a story map	Launch our	repeated loop is in	story
		animation to our	for our audiobook	Audiobook	coding	Story
	Explain what to do	presentation			county	Design a backdrop for
	and where to go for	p	Create the layout for	Research vocabulary	Turn codes into	our animated story
	help when	Create a video to	our audiobook	using Google online	algorithms	··· · · · · · · ,
	communicating online	include in our		dictionary	5	Create digital
		presentation	Create the layout for		Create an algorithm	characters for our
	Explain what a QR		our audiobook	Create our own	and program to solve	animated story
	code is	Collect data		version of Charades	a problem	
			Use our pencil			Create algorithms for
	Create our own QR	Record data	drawings to create		Create our own game	our characters in our
	code		digital artwork for our audiobook		using Scratch Jr	animated story
			uuuiobook		Code our own game	Identify bugs and
					gand	debug them in our
						animated story
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knowsl	ey scheme of learning			
Possible						
trips/enrichment						
experiences						

### **Computing Year 3** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Explain how to protect our online identity Be good digital citizens online Evaluate the information we read online Make accurate searches online Explain how to make accurate searches online Explain the consequences of inaccurate searches made online Use advance search tool to find	Understand what to share and not to share online Explain what online bullying is and where to go for support Understand how games and apps work Use decomposition when coding Debug a program when coding Use shapes to create a robot sprite for our game Use different forms of input and output devices.	Use key phrases in search engines Use 360° video to explore places Use Google Earth to explore rainforests Create a soundtrack for our mini-beast Create our own learning game	Explain how to keep our personal information secure Explain what apps are and their purpose Use a browser Create a document Create a presentation Create a spreadsheet	New Micro:bit unit To be planned Spring 2024.	Understand why we need to keep our personal information secure Design a robot Explain how to program a robot Create a set of algorithms using a flow chart Create a driverless car Create a program using algorithms Debug a program
Scheme/Resources	information Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knowsle	ey scheme of learning			
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

# **Computing Year 4** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Explain what my online identity is Describe our online reputation Explain what Fake News is Identify Fake News Explain why people may write Fake News Explain how Fake News can be harmful Explore how information can be altered online	Understand how to interact with others online Explain ways information online can be created, copied and shared Design our own algorithm for a game Use computing language to explain a coding game Use coding to animate Code our own game Use commands in text base coding	Explain how we should behave online Use different filming techniques Add special effects to our movie using green screen Create a script for my movie Use iMovie to create our dinosaur film	Explain the difference between fake news and what is real Explain the positive and negative effects technology can have on our health Explore Minecraft Create a range of things using Minecraft Create a maths challenge using Minecraft Explore maths challenges created by our peers on Minecraft	Take appropriate         measures to keep our         personal information         private         Create our own digital         book         Use technology to         explore the world         Create illustrations         Design a storyboard         for our short film         Create our short film	Understand the importance of privacy and security Explain what copyright is and the consequences of ignoring it Understand and explain what video games are Explain what makes a good video game Program our own video game Explore algorithm flowcharts Program our own video game on Scratch Make improvements to our programs on
Scheme/Resources Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knowsl	ey scheme of learning			Scratch

# **Computing Year 5** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Make responsible	Understand what an	Explain what online	Understand what a	Understand the	Explain why we need
knowledge and skills to	choices about our	online community is	reputation is	podcast is	impact of online	strong passwords and
be acquired	online identity	Evalaia what it means	Understand	Muite a conint for our	bullying and what to	the real cost of free
	Collaborate with	Explain what it means to be	augmented reality	Write a script for our own podcast	do if you are a victim/witness to	apps
	others to solve	YouTuber/Vlogger	(AR)		online bullying	Understand what
	problems	rouruber, riogger	(/ " (/	Record and publish	ornine banying	copyright is and the
		Evaluate the positives	Review AR apps	our podcast	Understand	consequences of
	Use computational	and negatives of			technology and how it	ignoring it
	thinking to design a	being a vlogger	Use AR to present	Understand what a	is changing the world	
	wearable technology		research	music composer is	around us	Explain what binary is
		Create our own vlog	Design and suggests sure	Evelove disitel reveis	Eveloin what the	and convert binary into decimal numbers
	Use computational thinking to create an	Edit our vlog	Design and create our own AR	Explore digital music through audio loops	Explain what the internet is	into decimal numbers
	advert for our					Use binary to send
	wearable technology	Evaluate a life of a	Design and create our	Create digital music	Use HTML to create a	secret messages and
	5,	vlogger	own AR	using an audio loop	webpage	decode them
	Use computational					
	thinking to build a				Plan our website	Use spreadsheets
	tower				Create and mublish	Lindovetoval bouv
	Use computational				Create and publish our website	Understand how spreadsheets can help
	thinking to design an				our website	compute data
	algorithm					
						Create a QR code
	Use computational					explaining what
	thinking to write a					binary is
	program.					
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knowsk	ey scheme of learning			
Possible						
trips/enrichment						
experiences						

# **Computing Year 6** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;		Explain what a VR is	Identify and evaluate	Explain the	Capture evidence of	Manage online
knowledge and skills to			online content and	importance of having	online bullying and	information
be acquired		Design scenes for our	challenge	a healthy positive	explain how to report	
•		VR world	inappropriate	online relationship	it	Understand the
			representations online	with others		impact of technology
		Create a storyboard			Explain how the	can have on my
		for our VR	Understand where	Describe what a	media can shape our	health and wellbeing
			money comes from	positive online	ideas about gender	
		Design scenes for our		reputation is and why		Understand
		VR story	Explain what a stock	it is important now	Explain what	technology
		Curata a V/D ataux	market is	and in the future	decomposition means	Understein d. different
		Create a VR story	Create a stack		in coding	Understand different
		Evolute a V/D stars	Create a stock	Understand what a	Evalain the different	digital careers
		Evaluate a VR story	portfolio spreadsheet	quiz is and what	Explain the different	Design and greate our
			Ruy and call stack	makes good a question	steps in coding to use in a game	Design and create our App layout and logo
			Buy and sell stock using our stock	question	in a game	App layout and logo
			portfolio spreadsheet	Research information	Create a game using	Create a digital
			portiono spredusneet	for our quiz	visual coding	storyboard
			Explain the		visual county	Storyboard
			consequences of	Create a quiz using	Add extras to our	Create a prototype for
			spending money	an online tool	game	our app
			online		guine	
				Present and play our	Publish and share our	
				quiz	game	
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans Knows	ey scheme of learning			
Possible						
trips/enrichment						
experiences						

# History & Geography Overview

#### Whole school units of learning

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery	Once upon a story (C1&2) Monarchy Invasion/Conflict	Homes and buildings (C1) Technology Achievements	What shall we eat? (C1) Cottlement/ Chrilisation	Where shall we go? (C1) Technology Trade Achievements	Sand & Water (C1) Settlement/ Civilisation	Animals (C2) Technology Trade
		Treasure (C2) Legacy Achievements	Changes (C2) Legacy	Plants & Flowers (C2) Trade		
Reception	Once upon a story (C1&2) Monarchy	Homes and buildings (C1) Technology Achievements	What shall we eat? (C1) Cettlement/ Chrilipation	Where shall we go? (C1) Technology Trade Achievements	Sand & Water (C1) Settlement/ Civilisation	Animals (C2) Technology Trade
	Invasion/Conflict	Treasure (C2) Legacy Achievements	Changes (C2) Legacy	Plants & Flowers (C2) Trade		
Year 1	History: Family history What was life like before I was born? Technology Legacy	Geography: Our school (Field Work Unit)	History: Local heroes Why are Catherine and William Booth local heroes? Achievements Legacy	Geography: Our country	History: Inventions - flight Why are aeroplanes a significant invention? Technology Legacy	Geography: Our World (comparative unit - Kenya)
Year 2	Achievements History: Great fire of London Was the fire of London a positive or negative event for the city? Technology Legacy Achievements	Geography: Weather and seasons	History: Schools over time How has school changed since the 1950s? Technology Legacy	Geography: Coasts (comparative unit - Bangladesh)	Achievements History: Great Voyages Why do we remember the voyages of the 'Titanic' and 'Windrush'? Technology Legacy Empire	Geography: Our local area (Field Work Unit)

Year 3	History: Stone Age to Iron Age Was life better in the Stone, Bronze or Iron	Geography: Climates and biomes	History: Local history Why is the Tower of London a significant building?	Geography: Where are we? (Field Work Unit)	History: Development of the police force How has the police force	Geography: Our continent: Europe (comparative unit –
	Age? Technology Legacy		Technology Trade Religion Monarchy		in London changed over time?	Scandinavia)
	Achievements Settlement/ Civilisation/ Empire				Legacy Achievements	
	History: Ancient	Geography:	History: Ancient	Geography: Moving	History: Roman	Geography: Racing
Year 4	<b>Egypt</b> Why was Ancient Egypt	Earthquakes and volcanoes	<b>Greece</b> Why do historians think	Mountains	Britain How did the Romans	Rivers
	such a successful	voicanoes	Ancient Greece is such a	(European focus)	change Britain?	(comparative – United
	civilisation?		significant civilisation?	()		States of America)
			Achievements Legacy		Technology Trade	
	Technology Trade Achievements		Settlement/ Civilisation		Achievements	
	Achievements Invasion/Conflict		UNHISTICOT		Religion Settlement/	
	Settlement/				Invasion/Conflict	
	<b>Civilisation/Empire</b>				···· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	History: Anglo-	Geography: Global	History: Vikings	Geography: Natural	History: Trans-	Geography: Changes
Veer F	Saxons	trade	Why are the Vikings	treasures	Atlantic slave trade	in our local area
Year 5	Is it fair to call the Anglo-Saxon period a		remembered as violent and barbaric?	(Comparative –	What were some of the consequences of	(Field Work Unit
	'dark age'?			Jamaica)	Britain's involvement in	
	aann ago i		<b>Religion</b> Legacy		the Trans-Atlantic slave	
	Achievements		Invasion/Conflict		trade?	
	Religion		Monarchy			
	Settlement/ Civilisation Monarchy				Technology Trade	
	History: British	Geography: Coasts –	History: Kingdom of	History: Local history	Legacy Empire Geography:	Geography: Climate
	Empire *	changes over time	Benin	How did World War Two	Protecting our local	change
Year 6	What are some of the		What caused the end of	Impact our local area?	environment	_
	consequences of the		the Kingdom of Benin?		/	(South America focus)
	British empire in India?		Trade Achievements	Legacy Impire	(Field Work Unit)	
	Trade Legacy Empire		Empire Monarchy	Invasion/Conflict		
	Invasion/Conflict		Invasion/Conflict			

### History & Geography Year 1 Subject objectives –

#### Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Understand what history is Identify and describe how clothes have changed Identify and describe how homes have changed Identify and describe how communication has changed Identify and describe differences between shop now and in the past Identify and describe food now and in the past Explain what life was like before we were	Understand what Geography is Identify maps Describe our playground using a map Make a map of our school Describe routes on a map Identify human and physical features in the local area of our school Create a simple map of local area of our school	Identify what life was like in our area beyond living memory Explain the work of the Salvation Army Explore the life of Catherine Booth Explore the life of William Booth Understand the impact of the Salvation Army Explain why Catherine and William Booth are local heroes	Name the 4 countries that make up the United Kingdom Describe England and its capital city, London Describe Scotland and its capital city, Edinburgh Describe Wales and its capital city, Cardiff Describe Northern Ireland and its capital city, Belfast Compare the capital cities of the United Kingdom	Understand that transport has changed over time Order early flying machines Explain who the Wright Brothers are significant Explain some significant flights Explain how flight changed the world Explain why aeroplanes are a significant achievement	Name and identify the seven continents of the world Understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold Compare the capital cities of Nairobi and London Identify and compare the physical features of villages in Kenya and the UK Identify and compare the human features of a rural area Kenya and the UK Explain how our lives would be different if we lived Kenya
Scheme/Resources	born Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

# History & Geography Year 2 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Understand what	Think like	Explain how our	Name and locate the	Understand why	Identify the location
knowledge and skills to	history is	geographers	experiences of school	5 oceans	voyages can be	of our school
be acquired	the develop of sub-st	Televelific difference	have changed	Describe seconds	significant events	Diana Galaburada tain
	Understand what London was like in	Identify different types of weather	Explain that there	Describe coasts	Explain why the	Plan a fieldwork trip to collect information
	when the fire	types of weather	have been many	Locate and describe a	Titanic was a	about our local area
	happened	Identify and use	different types of	coastal area of the UK	significant ship	
	nappened	weather symbols	schools in the past		Significant Ship	Collect information
	Explain the events of			Locate a coastal area	Identify the key	about our local area
	the Great fire of	Describe wind and	Understand what	of Bangladesh	events of the Titanic's	
	London	wind direction	school was like in the		voyage	Present the findings
			1950s	Describe a coastal		of our field work
	Understand people's	Identify and describe		area of Bangladesh	Explain the causes of	
	experiences during	the four seasons	Understand how		the Empire Windrush	Create maps of our
	the Great Fire of		punishments have	Compare a coastal	voyage	local area
	London	Compare weather and seasons around the	changed over time	area of the UK and	Idontific the	Lice our mane to plan
	Describe	UK	Experience what a	Bangladesh	Identify the consequences of the	Use our maps to plan simple routes
	consequences for	UK	school day in the		Empire Windrush	simple routes
	people after the fire	Apply our of weather	1950s was like		voyage	
		knowledge to make				
	Describe	weather forecasts	Explain how school		Compare why we	
	consequences that		has changed over		remember the	
	impact us today		time		voyages of the Titanic	
					and Empire Windrush	
	Explain if the Great					
	Fire of London was a					
	positive or negative event for London					
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
-						
Possible						
trips/enrichment						
experiences						
4						

### History & Geography Year 3 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Understand what it means to be a historian Understand how historians and archaeologists learn about the past Identify differences in stone, bronze and iron Explain how settlements changed from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Examine archaeological evidence of settlements Explain how tools and farming developed from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Explain differences between the Stone Age, Bronze Age and	Learn like geographers Understand climate and biome zones Understand the climate and biome zone of the polar regions Understand the climate and biome zones close to the equator Understand climate and biomes between the tropics of cancer and Capricorn Understand the climate and biome zone of where we live Apply our knowledge of climate and biome	Explain why the Tower of London was built Identify key features of the Tudor period Explain that the Tower of London was used as prison Identify how the Tower of London symbolised power Find evidence in a historical building Explain why the Tower of London is a significant building to Tower Hamlets	Identify the equator and the northern and southern hemispheres Explain the seasons in the northern and southern hemisphere Understand latitude and its relationship with climate zones Explain how the rotation of the earth causes day and night Identify longitude and its relationship to time zones Compare the information we can find on maps and atlases	Discuss the role of police Understand what life was like in London at the time the police began Understand the development of the police Explore the day in the life of a Bow Street runner Explore the day in the life of a modern police officer Compare the Bow Street Runners to the modern day police	Use geographical language to describe the continent of Europe Describe the human and physical features of Wales Use geographical language to describe the region of Scandinavia Describe the physical features of Sweden Describe the human features of Sweden Compare the geography of Sweden and Wales
Scheme/Resources	Iron Age Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

### History & Geography Year 4 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	Learn like historians Understand the achievements of the Ancient Egyptians Explain the importance of the Nile to Ancient Egyptians Understand the importance of trade in Ancient Egypt Understand the role of the pharaoh in Ancient Egypt Explore the significance of the rule of Ramesses II Explain reasons Ancient Egypt was a successful civilisation	Understand how to learn like a geographer Understand how earthquakes happen Understand how humans have adapted to living near earthquake zones Understand how tsunamis are formed Understand how volcanoes are formed and why volcanoes erupt Understand how humans have adapted to living near volcanoes Compare and express opinions about living near volcanoes or in	Identify where and when the earliest civilisations developed Understand the success of Ancient Greece Understand what life was like in Ancient Greece Understand the origin of the idea of democracy Investigate the cultural influence of Ancient Greece Explain how Ancient Greece our lives today	Describe how mountains are formed Identify and locate the highest peaks in the four nations of the UK Identify and locate the Alpine region in Europe Understand how settlement is impacted by the Alps Understand how economic activity is impacted by the Alps Explain how humans impact the Alpine region	Understand the reasons for the Roman invasion of Britain Explain how the Romans successfully invaded Britain Understand that the Romans faced resistance Understand life in a Roman town Identify cultural changes during the Roman period Explain how the Romans changed Britain	Identify the parts of a river Identify major rivers of the UK Collect and record data about the human features of the river Thames Identify major rivers of the world Collect and record data about the human features of the Mississippi River Compare the Thames and Mississippi River
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	earthquake zones Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

### History & Geography Year 5 Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Explain how to work	Explain how work	Understand the	Identify and locate	Understand the	Name and locate
knowledge and skills to be acquired	like historians	like geographers	Viking raids	the Caribbean	concept of slavery	our local area
	Explain why the	Understand how	Understand the	Compare the	Explain the trans-	Identify the
	Anglo-Saxons settled in Britain	trade became global	events of the raid at Lindisfarne	physical geography of Jamacia and Scotland	Atlantic slave trade	features of our local area today
	Understand the significance of the Sutton Hoo ship	Understand where our food comes from	Understand why the Vikings began to settle in England	Compare tourism in Scotland and	Develop an understanding of the experiences of the enslaved people	Identify land use in the Docklands in the past
	burial			Jamaica		
	Understand how Britain was ruled	Describe the global supply chain	Understand that there was a struggle for power	Compare population and settlements in	Explain how the Trans-Atlantic slave trade came to an	Plan a fieldwork investigation
	under the Anglo- Saxons	Understand the Fair Trade movement	between the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons	Jamaica and Scotland	end Identify how the	Collect and record data from a fieldwork
	Understand the importance of	Identify goods that the UK exports and	Understand how religion changed	Compare the natural resources	slave trade impacted Britain	investigation
	religion in the	who it trades with	during the Viking	and exports of		Explain how the
	Anglo-Saxon period	Explain how human	period	Jamacia and Scotland	Explain some of the consequences of	docklands has changed over time
	Assess Anglo-Saxon	and physical	Evaluate the		the British	
	sources	features impacts exports	evidence about the Vikings	Use comparisons to draw conclusions	involvement in the Trans-Atlantic slave	
	Explain our opinion		vining5		trade	
	about whether the					
	Anglo-Saxon period is a dark age					
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

### History & Geography Year 6

#### Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives; knowledge and skills to be acquired	<ul> <li>work like historians</li> <li>describe what India was like under the Mughal emperors</li> <li>explain how India became a British colony</li> <li>explain how people resisted the British Empire</li> <li>explain how the end of the British Empire changed India</li> <li>explain the impact of India on Britain</li> <li>explain the consequences of British Empire in the India</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>work like geographers</li> <li>identify and describe coastal areas in the UK</li> <li>explain the process of coastal erosion</li> <li>explain the process of longshore drift</li> <li>identify the impact of climate change on coasts</li> <li>identify the impact of changing coast line on people</li> <li>explain what is being done to protect coastlines</li> </ul>	understand the development of the Kingdom of Benin explain if Oba Ewuare deserves the title 'Great' understand how the relationship between Europeans and the Kingdom of Benin developed explain the trading conflicts between the British and the Kingdom of Benin understand the events of 1897 explain the causes of the colonisation of the Kingdom of Benin	develop an understanding of WW2 explain how the beliefs of the Nazi party impacted our local area explain why our local area was a target for the blitz explain the impact of the blitz on our local area use a case study to develop our historical understanding of WW2 explain the impact of WW2 in our local area	understand threats to our local environment understand methods to measure and record pollution carry out field work about pollution in our local area evaluate our field work findings find solutions to pollution in our local area share recommendations from our field work findings	identify and describe the key geographical features of South America understand the impact of human activity on the Amazon rainforest understand the processes that cause climate change understand the physical impact of climate change on South America understand the human impact of climate change in South America understand solutions to climate change in South America discuss and debate the issue of climate change in South
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green Medium	Term Plans				America
Possible trips/enrichment experiences						

### **Religious Education\* Overview**

Whole school units of learning

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and Buildings (C1) Treasure (C2)	What shall we eat? (C1) Changes (C2)	Where shall we go? (C1) Plants & Flowers(C2)	Sand & Water (C1)	Animals (C2) <i>(Islam- Eid)</i>	
Nursery**		(Christianity- Christmas)		(Christianity- Easter)		(	
	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and Buildings (C1)	What shall we eat? (C1)	Where shall we go? (C1)	Sand & Water (C1)	Animals (C2)	
Reception**	(0102)	Treasure (C2) (Christianity- Christmas)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers(C2) (Christianity- Easter)		(Islam- Eid)	
Year 1	1.1 Who is a Christian and what do they believe? Christianity			1.5 What makes some places sacred? Christianity Judaism Islam		to belong to a faith nity? daism Islam	
Year 2	1.2 Who is a Mus be	1.2 Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? Islam		1.4 What can we learn from sacred books? Christianity Judaism Islam		1.8 How should we care for others and the world, and why does it matter? Christianity Judaism	
Year 3		ent people believe about God? Humanism Hinduism	L2.2 Why is the Bible important for Christians today? Christianity		L2.5 Why are festivals important to religious communities Christianity Hinduism Islam Judaism		
Year 4	-	spiring to some people? istianity	L2.6 Why do some people think that life is a journey? What significant experiences mark this? Christianity Hinduism Judaism		L2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Hinduism		
Year 5	U2.1 Why do some people believe God exists? Christianity Humanism	U2.4 If God is everywhere, why go to a place of worship?	U2.2 What would Jesus do? Can we live by the values of Jesus in the twenty-first century? Christianity		U2.3 What do religions say to us when life gets hard? Christianity Islam Hinduism Humanism	U2.6 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? Islam	
Year 6	U2.7 What matters most to Christians and to Humanists? Christianity Humanism		U2.5 Is it better to express your religion in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity? Christianity Islam Humanism		U2.8 What difference does it make to believe in Ahimsa (harmlessness), Grace (the generosity of God), and Ummah (community)? Christianity Islam Hinduism		

\*Adapted from the Tower Hamlets SACRE document \*\*See MTPs for further planning information

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage o	bjectives:
<b>Curriculum Aims</b>						
and Objectives	A. Know about and		B. Express ideas an	-	C. Gain and deploy	
	range of religions and worldviews:		the nature, signification religions and world		to engage seriously worldviews:	with religions and
	A1. Recall and name of	lifferent beliefs and				
The principle aim	practices, including fea	stivals, worship,	<b>B1.</b> Ask and respond		C1. Explore questions	
of RE:	rituals and ways of life	, in order to find out	what individuals and o			that they can express
Is to engage pupils'	about the meanings b	ehind them.	why, so that pupils ca	-	their own ideas and o	-
systematic enquiry			difference belonging t	o a community might	using words, music, a	rt or poetry.
into significant	A2. Retell and sugges	-	make.			
human questions	religious and moral sto	· · ·			<b>C2.</b> Find out about an	
which religion and	discussing sacred writ	-	<b>B2.</b> Observe and reco	•		ration between people
worldviews address,	wisdom and recognisin	-	expressing identity an		who are different.	
so that they can develop the	from which they come		responding sensitively	for themselves.	<b>C3.</b> Find out about qu	unctions of right and
understanding and	A3. Recognise some c	ifferent symbols and	<b>B3</b> Notice and respec	nd sensitively to some	wrong and begin to ex	-
skills needed to	actions which express	-	similarities between d	•	opinions in response	xpress their lucas and
appreciate and	of life, appreciating so		worldviews.			
appraise varied	between communities					
responses to these						
questions, as well as						
develop responses						
of their own.						

Kay Objectives	December come Christian symbols and	Identify analial abjects and symbols found	Decognics and name come symbols of
Key Objectives	Recognise some Christian symbols and	Identify special objects and symbols found	Recognise and name some symbols of
teaching	images used to express ideas about God	in a place where people worship and be	belonging from their own experience, for
knowledge,	(A3).	able to say something about what they	Christians and at least one other religion,
understanding		mean and how they are used (A3).	suggesting what these might mean and
and application	Talk about some simple ideas about		why they matter to believers (A3).
	Christian beliefs about God and Jesus (A1).	Talk about ways in which stories, objects,	
		symbols and actions used in churches,	Give an account of what happens at a
	Re-tell a story that shows what	mosques and/or synagogues show what	traditional Christian infant baptism
	Christians might think about God, in words,	people believe (B2).	/dedication and suggest what the actions
	drama and pictures, suggesting what it		and symbols mean (A1).
*Emerging	means (A2).	Ask good questions during a school visit	
*Expected		about what happens in a church,	Identify two ways people show they belong
*Exceeding	Talk about issues of good and bad, right	synagogue or mosque (B1).	to each other when they get married (A1).
	and wrong arising from the stories (C3).		
		Show that they have begun to be aware that	Respond to examples of co-operation
	Ask some questions about believing in God	some people regularly worship God in	between different people (C2)
	and offer some ideas of their own (C1).	different ways and in different places (B3).	
		and in an erene places (bo).	Identify some similarities and differences
	Make links between what Jesus taught and		between the ceremonies studied (B3).
	what Christians believe and do (A2).		between the ceremonies studied (b5).
Scheme/Resource	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE
-	<b>RE Today:</b>	RE: quest:	RE Today:
<b>s</b> to support the	www.retoday.org.uk	-	-
teaching and	NATRE (National Association of Teachers of	www.request.org.uk	www.retoday.org.uk
learning	•	http://www.truetube.co.uk/	ununu noonling and ultrustale out fourtheir
	Religious Education: Use the films, free		www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their
	resources etc		'specials' in the learning section
	www.natre.org.uk		
	www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their		
	'specials' in the learning section		
Possible	Places of worship:	Places of worship:	
trips/enrichment	Church	Mosque – East London Mosque	
experiences			

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage obj	ectives:	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage of	ojectives:
<b>Curriculum Aims</b>						
and Objectives	A. Know about and u		B. Express ideas and		C. Gain and deploy	
	of religions and wor	dviews:	the nature, significated of religions and wor		engage seriously wi worldviews:	th religions and
The principle aim	A1. Recall and name d	fferent beliefs and				
of RE:	practices, including fest	ivals, worship,	B1. Ask and respond t		C1. Explore questions	
Is to engage pupils'	rituals and ways of life,	in order to find out	what individuals and c		meaning and truth so	
systematic enquiry	about the meanings be	hind them.	why, so that pupils car		their own ideas and or	-
into significant			difference belonging to	o a community	using words, music, ar	t or poetry.
human questions	A2. Retell and suggest		might make.			
which religion and	religious and moral stor				<b>C2.</b> Find out about and	•
worldviews address,	discussing sacred writir		<b>B2.</b> Observe and reco	•	to examples of cooper	ation between people
so that they can	wisdom and recognising	g the traditional from	expressing identity and		who are different.	
develop the	which they come		responding sensitively	for themselves.	C2 Find out about ou	octions of right and
understanding and skills needed to	A3. Recognise some di	fferent symbols and	<b>B3.</b> Notice and respon	d concitivoly to	<b>C3.</b> Find out about qui wrong and begin to ex	
appreciate and	actions which express a		some similarities betw	-	opinions in response	press their lucas and
appraise varied	life, appreciating some		religions and worldview			
responses to these	communities.	Similarities Detween		43.		
questions, as well as	communices.					
develop responses						
of their own.						

Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Recognise that Muslims do not draw Allah or the Prophet, but use calligraphy to say what God is like (A3). Talk about some simple ideas about Muslim beliefs about God, making links with some of the 99 Names of Allah (A1).	Recognise some ways in which Christians, Muslims and Jewish people treat their sacred books (B3). Recognise that sacred texts contain stories which are special to many people and should be treated with respect (B3).	Talk about how religions teach that people are valuable, giving simple examples (B1). Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world (A2).
*Emerging *Expected *Exceeding	Re-tell a story about the life of the Prophet Muhammad (A2). Recognise some objects used by Muslims and suggest why they are important (A2). Identify some ways Muslims mark Ramadan and celebrate Eid-ul-Fitr and how this might make them feel (B1). Make links between what the Holy Qur'an says and how Muslims behave (A2).	<ul> <li>Re-tell stories from the Christian Bible and stories from another faith; suggest the meaning of these stories (A2).</li> <li>Ask and suggest answers to questions arising from stories Jesus told and from another religion (C1).</li> <li>Talk about issues of good and bad, right and wrong arising from the stories (C3).</li> <li>Make links between the messages within sacred texts and the way people live (A2)</li> </ul>	Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world (B1). Talk about issues of good and bad, right and wrong arising from the stories (C3). Talk about some texts from different religions that promote the 'Golden Rule', and think about what would happen if people followed this idea more (C2). Use creative ways to express their own ideas about the creation story and what it says about what God is like (C1). Give examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs about others and the world into action, making links with religious stories (B1).
Scheme/Resource s to support the teaching and learning	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resource box <b>BBC learning zone:</b> https://www.bbc.co.uk/cbeebies/puzzles/let <u>s-celebrate-eid</u> https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zj3d7 ty/ resources/1	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resource box <b>BBC learning zone:</b> https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zcfgk gt	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resource box The story of the life of Dr Barnardo www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p015jf2y Accurate Bible text - www.biblegateway.com
Possible trips/enrichment experiences		Places of worship: Synagogue - Sandy's Row (Spitalfields)	

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage ol	ojectives:	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage ob	ojectives:
<b>Curriculum Aims</b>						
and objectives	A. Know about and		B. Express ideas an		C. Gain and deploy	
The principle aim of RE: Is to engage pupils' systematic enquiry into significant human questions which religion and worldviews address, so that they can develop the understanding and skills needed to appreciate and appraise varied responses to these questions, as well as develop responses of their own.	<ul> <li>A. Know about and range of religions a</li> <li>A1. Describe and mal between different fea and nonreligious worl discovering more abo worship, pilgrimages mark important points reflect on their signifie</li> <li>A2. Describe and und between stories and do communities they are responding thoughtful sources of wisdom ant teachings that arise fricommunities.</li> <li>A3. Explore and describeliefs, symbols and a can understand differ ways of expressing marking marking</li></ul>	and worldviews: ke connections tures of the religious dviews they study, ut celebrations, and the rituals which in life, in order to cance. lerstand links other aspects of the investigating, lly to a range of id to beliefs and rom them in different ribe a range of actions so that they ent ways of life and	<ul> <li><b>B. Express ideas an the nature, significated religions and world</b></li> <li><b>B1.</b> Observe and underexamples of religious worldviews so that the reasons, their meaning individuals and comm</li> <li><b>B2.</b> Understand the composition of the community may be variable of the community of the com</li></ul>	ance and impact of views: erstand varied and nonreligious ey can explain, with gs and significance to unities. hallenges of munity of faith or belonging to a luable, both in the being studied and in sider different , so that they can lerstanding of nces within and	<ul> <li>to engage seriously worldviews:</li> <li>C1. Discuss and prese own and others' views questions about below purpose and truth, ap own in different forms reasoning, music, art</li> <li>C2. Consider and app in which diverse commanity for the wellb responding thoughtfu community, values and</li> <li>C3. Discuss and apply others' ideas about et including ideas about wrong and what is justice.</li> </ul>	ent thoughtfully their s on challenging nging, meaning, plying ideas of their s including (e.g.) and poetry. ly ideas about ways nunities can live eing of all, lly to ideas about d respect.

		Males and all the back of the last	
Key Objectives	Describe some of the ways in which	Make connections between stories in the	Make connections between stories, symbols
teaching	Christians Hindus and/or Muslims describe	Bible and what Christians believe about	and beliefs with what happens in at least
knowledge,	God (A1).	creation, the Fall and salvation (A2).	two festivals (A2).
understanding and			
application	Ask questions and suggest some of their	Give examples of how and suggest reasons	Ask questions and give ideas about what
	own responses to ideas about God (C1).	why Christians use the Bible today (B1).	matters most to believers in festivals (e.g.
	Suggest why having a faith or belief in		Easter, Eid) (B2).
	something can be hard (B2).	Describe some ways Christians say God is	
*Emerging	Something can be hard (b2).	like, with examples from the Bible, using	Identify similarities and differences in the
*Expected	Identify how and say why it makes a	different forms of expression (A1).	way festivals are celebrated within and
-		different forms of expression (A1).	,
*Exceeding	difference in people's lives to believe in	Discuss that some and allow / ideas allow	between religions (A3).
	God (B1).	Discuss their own and others' ideas about	
		why humans do bad things and how	Explore and suggest ideas about what is
	Identify some similarities and differences	people try to put things right (C3).	worth celebrating and remembering in
	between ideas about what God is like in		religious communities and in their own lives
	different religions (B3).	Explain how the Bible uses different kinds	(C1).
		of stories to tell a big story (A2).	
	Discuss and present their own ideas about		Discuss and present their own responses
	why there are many ideas about God and	Suggest why Christians believe that God	about the role of festivals in the life of
	express their own understanding of God	needs to rescue/save human beings (B2).	Britain today, showing their understanding
	through words, symbols and the arts (C1).		of the values and beliefs at the heart of
			each festival studied, using a variety of
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			media (C2).
			Compare have and other religious for the large
			Suggest how and why religious festivals are
			valuable to many people (B2).

Scheme/Resources	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE
to support the	RE Today:	RE: quest:	RE Today:
teaching and learning	www.retoday.org.uk	www.request.org.uk	www.retoday.org.uk
	NATRE (National Association of Teachers of		
	Religious Education: Use the films, free	http://www.truetube.co.uk/	www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their
	resources etc		'specials' in the learning section
		http://hwb.wales.gov.uk-	http://www.truetube.co.uk/
	www.natre.org.uk	Search for Religious Education in the 'find	
		and use' section.	
	www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their		
	'specials' in the learning section		
Possible		Place of worship:	
trips/enrichment		Church – St Marys St Michaels, any other	
experiences		local church	

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage of	jectives:	End of key stage of	jectives:	End of key stage objectives:	
Curriculum Aims						
and objectives	A. Know about and		B. Express ideas an		C. Gain and deploy	
	range of religions a	nd worldviews:	the nature, signific		engage seriously w	ith religions and
The principle aim of			of religions and wo	rldviews:	worldviews:	
RE:	A1. Describe and mal	ke connections				
Is to engage pupils'	between different feat	tures of the religious	<b>B1.</b> Observe and und		C1. Discuss and prese	
systematic enquiry	and nonreligious world	dviews they study,	examples of religious		own and others' views	
into significant human	discovering more abo	ut celebrations,	worldviews so that the		questions about belon	
questions which	worship, pilgrimages a	and the rituals which	reasons, their meanin		purpose and truth, ap	
religion and	mark important points in life, in order to		to individuals and con	nmunities.	own in different forms	,
worldviews address,					reasoning, music, art a	and poetry.
so that they can			<b>B2.</b> Understand the c	-		
develop the	A2. Describe and und	erstand links	commitment to a com	-	<b>C2.</b> Consider and appl	
understanding and	between stories and o	ther aspects of the	belief, suggesting why		which diverse commu	
skills needed to	communities they are	investigating,	community may be va		together for the wellb	
appreciate and	responding thoughtfu	lly to a range of	diverse communities l	being studied and in	thoughtfully to ideas a	about community,
appraise varied	sources of wisdom an	d to beliefs and	their own lives		values and respect.	
responses to these	teachings that arise fr					
questions, as well as	communities.		<b>B3.</b> Observe and cons		<b>C3.</b> Discuss and apply	
develop responses of			dimensions of religion	•	others' ideas about et	-
their own.	A3. Explore and desc		explore and show und		including ideas about	2
	beliefs, symbols and a	ctions so that they	similarities and different roli		wrong and what is jus	-
	can understand different	ent ways of life and	between different religious worldviews.		express their own idea	as clearly in response.
	ways of expressing m	eaning.	religious worldviews.			

Koy Objectives	Ask questions raised by the stories and life of	Recall and name some of the ways religions	Identify and name examples of what Hindus
Key Objectives		mark milestones of commitment (including	have and do in their families and at mandir to
teaching	Jesus and followers today, and give examples of how Christians are inspired by Jesus (B1).		show their faith (A3).
knowledge,	of now Christians are inspired by Jesus (D1).	marriage) (A1).	Show their faith (AS).
understanding and	Make connections between some of Jesus'	Suggest why some people see life as a	Describe some examples of what Hindus do to
application	teachings and the way Christians live today	journey and identify some of the key	show their faith, and make connections with
	(A1).	milestones on this journey (A2).	some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims
	(A1).	Thilestones of this journey (Az).	and duties in life (A1).
*Emerging	Describe how Christians celebrate Holy Week	Describe what happens in Christian, Jewish,	
*Expected	and Easter Sunday (A1).	and/or Hindu ceremonies of commitment and	Describe some ways in which Hindus express
*Exceeding		say what these rituals mean (A3).	their faith through puja, aarti and bhajans (A2).
Exceeding	Identify the most important parts of Easter for	say what these fituals mean (AS).	
	Christians and say why they are important	Suggest reasons why marking the milestones	Suggest at least two reasons why being a Hindu
	(B1).	of life are important to Christians, Hindus	is a good thing in Britain today, and two
		and/or Jewish people (B2).	reasons why it might be hard sometimes (B2).
	Give simple definitions of some key Christian		reasons why it might be hard sometimes (bz).
	terms (e.g. gospel, incarnation, salvation) and	Link up some questions and answers about	Discuss links between the actions of Hindus in
	illustrate them with events from Holy Week and	how believers show commitment with their	helping others and ways in which people of
	Easter (A2).	own ideas about community, belonging and	other faiths and beliefs, including pupils
		belief (C1).	themselves, help others (C2).
	Make connections between the Easter story of		
	Jesus and the wider 'big story' of the Bible	Explain similarities and differences between	Explain similarities and differences between
	(creation, the Fall, incarnation, salvation – see	ceremonies of commitment (B3).	Hindu worship and worship in another religious
	unit L2.2), reflecting on why this inspires		tradition pupils have been taught (B3).
	Christians (A1).	Discuss and present their own ideas about the	
		value and challenge of religious commitment	Discuss and present ideas about what it means
	Present their own ideas about the most	in Britain today (C2).	to be a Hindu in Britain today, making links with
	important attitudes and values to have today,		their own experiences (C1).
	making links with Christian values (C2).		
Scheme/Resources	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE
to support the	Religious Artefacts - PDC/School	Religious Artefacts - PDC/School	Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resources
teaching and learning	Accurate Bible text - www.biblegateway.com	Baptism video:	My life, My Religion -
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	www.bbc.co.uk/programmes /p02mwy4d	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p02n5xj7
		Bat Mitzvah: www.bbc.co.uk/programmes	Mahatma Gandhi -
		p02n2kgx	http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/hinduis
		The cycle of life and death:	m/people/ gandhi 1.shtml
		www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/ p02n5v2q	
Possible		Places of worship:	Places of worship:
trips/enrichment		Synagogue-Sandy's Row (Spitalfields)	Hindu Temple- Sri Murugan Temple (Manor
experiences		Synagogue Sunay S Row (Spitamelus)	Park)
capenences			

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage of	jectives:	End of key stage of	ojectives:
Curriculum aims						
and Objectives	A. Know about and		B. Express ideas an	_		the skills needed to
	range of religions a		the nature, signific		engage seriously w	ith religions and
	A1. Recall and name	different beliefs and	of religions and wo	rldviews:	worldviews:	
	practices, including fea	stivals, worship,				
The principle aim	rituals and ways of life	e, in order to find	<b>B1.</b> Ask and respond		<b>C1.</b> Explore questions	
of RE:	out about the meaning	is behind them.	what individuals and o			that they can express
Is to engage pupils'			why, so that pupils ca	-	their own ideas and o	
systematic enquiry	A2. Retell and sugges	-	difference belonging t	o a community	using words, music, a	art or poetry.
into significant	religious and moral sto		might make.			
human questions	discussing sacred writ	•				nd respond with ideas to
which religion and	wisdom and recognising	ng the traditional	<b>B2.</b> Observe and reco	-		ion between people who
worldviews address,	from which they come		of expressing identity		are different.	
so that they can	A2 Decognico como o	ifferent eumbole	responding sensitively	for themselves.	C2 Find out about as	unation of violational
develop the	<b>A3.</b> Recognise some c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DO NULLA AND	ad a sur 201 a batta	C3. Find out about qu	-
understanding and	and actions which exp	-	<b>B3.</b> Notice and respon	-		xpress their ideas and
skills needed to	way of life, appreciatir	-	some similarities betw		opinions in response.	
appreciate and	between communities		religions and worldvie	ws.		
appraise varied						
responses to these						
questions, as well as						
develop responses of their own.						
L						

Kay Ohio atiyasa	Outline clearly a Christian understanding of what	Recall and name some key features of places of	Outline leave	Give simple definitions of
Key Objectives	God is like, using examples and evidence (A2).	worship studied (A1)	Outline Jesus'	some key terms to do with
teaching	Gou is like, using examples and evidence (Az).		teaching on how his	life after death, e.g.
knowledge,	Give examples of ways in which believing in God	Make connections between how believers feel	followers should live	salvation, heaven,
understanding and	is valuable in the lives of Christians, and ways in	about places of worship in different traditions	(A2).	reincarnation (A3).
application	which it can be challenging (B2).	(A3).		remeanation (AS).
1		(10).	Offer interpretations	Express ideas about how
	Express thoughtful ideas about the impact of	Select and describe the most important	of two of Jesus'	and why religion can help
*Emerging	believing or not believing in God on someone's	functions of a place of worship for the	parables and say what	believers when times are
*Expected	life (B1).	community (B3).	they might teach Christians about how	hard, giving examples
*Exceeding				(B2).
Exceeding	Present different views on why people believe in	Give examples of how places of worship support	to live (B3).	
	God or not, including their own ideas (C1).	believers in difficult times, explaining why this	Franksing the strength	Outline Christian, Hindu
		matters to believers (B2).	Explain the impact	and/or nonreligious beliefs
	Explain how Christians sometimes disagree		Jesus' example and	about life after death
	about what God is like, giving examples of how	Present ideas about the importance of people in	teachings might have	(A1).
	they interpret texts differently (B3).	a place of worship, rather than the place itself	on Christians today	<b></b>
	Function into subot source attrainty and states and	(C1)	(B1).	Explain some similarities
	Enquire into what some atheists, agnostics and	Outline how and why places of warehim fulfil	Everyone their own	and differences between beliefs about life after
	theists say about God, expressing their own ideas and arguments, using evidence and	Outline how and why places of worship fulfil special functions in the lives of believers (A3).	Express their own understanding of what	death (B2).
	examples (C1).	special functions in the lives of believers (A3).	Jesus would do in	ueath (b2).
	examples (C1).	Comment thoughtfully on the value and purpose	relation to a moral	Explain some reasons why
		of places of worship in religious communities	dilemma from the	Christians and Humanists
		(B1).	world today (C3).	have different ideas about
			world today (CS).	an afterlife (B3).
			Explain the links	
			between Jesus' death	Explain what difference
			on the cross and	belief in
			Christian belief in love	judgement/heaven/karma/
			and forgiveness,	reincarnation might make
			giving reasons why	to how someone lives,
			Christians want to	giving examples (B1).
			follow Jesus (A2).	
				Interpret a range of
			Investigate and	artistic expressions of
			explain the challenges	afterlife, offering and explaining different ways
			of following Jesus'	of understanding (B3).
			teaching about love,	or understanding (D3).
			forgiveness justice	
			and/or generosity,	
			expressing their own	
			ideas (C3).	
			iueas (CS).	

Scheme/Resources	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE
to support the	RE Today:	RE: quest:	RE Today:
teaching and learning	www.retoday.org.uk	www.request.org.uk	www.retoday.org.uk
••••••································	NATRE (National Association of Teachers of	http://www.truetube.co.uk/	www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their 'specials'
	Religious Education: Use the films, free	http://hwb.wales.gov.uk-	in the learning section
	resources etc	Search for Religious Education in the 'find and	
	www.natre.org.uk	use' section.	http://www.truetube.co.uk/
	www.reonline.org.uk watch out for their		
	'specials' in the learning section		
Possible			Places of worship:
trips/enrichment			London Central Mosque (Regents Park)
experiences			

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
National	End of key stage o	bjectives:	End of key stage ob	jectives:	End of key stage obj	ectives:
Curriculum Aims						
and objectives	A. Know about and		B. Express ideas and		C. Gain and deploy t	
	range of religions	and worldviews:	the nature, significa		engage seriously wit	h religions and
The principle aim of			of religions and wo	'Idviews:	worldviews:	
RE:	A1. Describe and ma		<b>D1</b> Observe and unde	المعالمين المستعما		المعام والمعالية والمعام والمعالية
Is to engage pupils'		tures of the religious	<b>B1.</b> Observe and under		<b>C1.</b> Discuss and preser	
systematic enquiry into significant human	and nonreligious wor		examples of religious a worldviews so that the	<b>U</b>	own and others' views questions about belong	0 0
questions which	discovering more abo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	reasons, their meaning		purpose and truth, app	0.
religion and		and the rituals which	to individuals and com		own in different forms i	
worldviews address,	mark important point				reasoning, music, art a	
so that they can	reflect on their signif	cance.	B2. Understand the ch	nallenges of		
develop the	A2. Describe and un	lerstand links	commitment to a com		C2. Consider and apply	ideas about ways in
understanding and	between stories and		belief, suggesting why	belonging to a	which diverse communi	
skills needed to	communities they are	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	community may be va	luable, both in the	together for the wellbei	
appreciate and	responding thoughtfu	<b>.</b> .	diverse communities b	eing studied and in	thoughtfully to ideas at	oout community,
appraise varied	sources of wisdom a		their own lives		values and respect.	
responses to these		rom them in different				
questions, as well as	communities.		<b>B3.</b> Observe and cons		<b>C3.</b> Discuss and apply	
develop responses of			dimensions of religion,	•	others' ideas about ethi	
their own.	A3. Explore and desc	-	explore and show und similarities and different	2	including ideas about w wrong and what is just	5
	beliefs, symbols and	-	between different relic		express their own ideas	-
	can understand different		religious worldviews.		copiess their own ideas	
	ways of expressing n	neaning.				

Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application *Emerging *Expected *Exceeding	Identify the values found in stories and texts (A2). Describe what Christians mean about humans being made in the image of God and being 'fallen', giving examples (A2). Describe some Christian and Humanist values simply (B3). Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied (C3). Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view (B2). Examples of similarities and differences between Christian and Humanist values (B3). Apply ideas about what really matters in life for themselves, including ideas about fairness, freedom, truth, peace, in the light of their learning (C2).	<ul> <li>Describe what Ahimsa, Grace or Ummah mean to religious people (A1).</li> <li>Make connections between beliefs and behaviour in different religions (A1).</li> <li>Outline the challenges of being a Hindu, Christian or Muslim in Britain today (B2).</li> <li>Make connections between belief in ahimsa, grace and Ummah, teachings and sources of wisdom in the three religions (A1).</li> <li>Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths (B3).</li> <li>Explain similarities in ways in which key beliefs make a difference to life in two or three religions (A1).</li> <li>Consider and evaluate the significance of the three key ideas studied, in relation to their own ideas (B3).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respond with ideas of their own to the title question (B2).</li> <li>Describe and make connections between examples of religious creativity (buildings and art) (A1).</li> <li>Show understanding of the value of sacred buildings and art (B3).</li> <li>Suggest reasons why some believers see generosity and charity as more important than buildings and art (B2).</li> <li>Apply ideas about values and from scriptures to the title question (C2).</li> <li>Outline how and why some Humanists criticise spending on religious buildings or art (A3).</li> <li>Examine the title question from different perspectives, including their own (C1).</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE PDC/School resource box British Humanist Association: www.humanismforschools.org.uk Accurate Bible text - www.biblegateway.com	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resources Quotes by Mahatma Gandhi - <u>http://www.saidwhat.co.uk/quotes/favourite/</u> <u>mahatma_gandhi</u> Muslim Charity – http://oneummah.org.uk Hindu charity - www.sewauk.org/	Tower Hamlets agreed syllabus for RE Religious Artefacts - PDC/School resource First mosque in the UK: <u>http://www.wokingmosque.org.uk/</u> Christchurch Cathedral in New Zealand www.cardboardcathedral.org.nz/
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Invite a Humanist visitor to discuss their values. (NATRE)		Places of worship: Cathedral - (St Paul's Cathedral)

# **Religious Education Overview - RHE**

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS		y? ool and outside <b>1 (UTW) &amp; Personal Socia</b>	ll Emotional Development			
Year 1	Autumn 1 - Relationshi, • What makes a healthy • How to find a friend? (History – Family Histor	family?	<ul> <li><u>Health and wellbeing</u> –</li> <li>Emotions</li> <li>(Big Thinking – where an of the year)</li> </ul>		Summer 1 - My future set • Celebrating difference: (RE – What does it me community?)	
Year 2	Relationships – All terr. • What should a family • Other types of family. • Healthy friendships & ( <b>Big Thinking – where a</b>	be?	the year)	<u>Online – All terms</u> • Gaming: reality versu (Computing – Projec	s virtual <b>t Evolve/e-safety lesso</b>	ons)
Year 3	Relationships - All term         • Different types of fam         Young Carers         • Who makes choices for         • Bullying: Being a bys         (Big Thinking – where approver)	ily: Adoption, Orphans, or you? tander	<u>Spring 1 - Health and W</u> • Managing emotions • Names of body parts - bottom/anus • Self-care <b>(Science – Animals i</b>	- penis, vagina,	<u>Health and Wellbeing- A</u> • Stranger danger (Computing – Project	<u>All terms</u> : <b>Evolve/e-safety lessons)</b>
Year 4	<u>Living in the Wider Wo</u> • Slavery (History – All units)	rld – All terms	Spring 2 - Living in the • Arranged marriage (RE – Why do some p is a journey? What si experiences mark the	people think that life gnificant		<u>is</u> nd & unhelpful friendships <b>e appropriate at any point of the</b>
Year 5	<u>Autumn 2 - Online</u> • Social Media (Computing – Youtuber	,	<u>Autumn 2 - Online</u> • Social Media (Computing – Podcastin	ng & News reporter)	<u>Summer 2 - Health and</u> • Names of body parts: p vulva, bottom/anus • Puberty and Periods	wellbeing penis, vagina, breasts/nipples, testicles,
	<u>Relationships – All terr</u> • Dysfunctional familie • Smashing stereotypes	s (Big Thir	nking – where appropriate oint of the year)		(Science – Animals in	ncluding Humans)
Year 6	<u>Relationships – All terr</u> • Influences outside of consent, coercion. (Computing – Project E	school: grooming,	<u>Health and Wellbeing</u> – • Changing adolescent • Puberty and Periods, H ( <b>To be taught when appr</b>	nygiene	<u>Online – All terms</u> • Phishing, grooming, (Computing – Project Ev	fraud. volve/e-safety lessons)

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery*	Once upon a story	Homes and buildings	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand &	
Nul Sel y	(C1&2)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1)		
	(CIQZ)	(01)			(C	·)
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers	Anima	<b>Is</b> (C2)
				(C2)		
Reception*	Once upon a story	Homes and buildings	What shall we eat?	Where shall we go?	Sand &	Water
•	(C1&2)	(C1)	(C1)	(C1)	(C	1)
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers	Anima	<b>ls</b> (C2)
				(C2)		
	Drawing	DT focus	Painting/ mixed	DT focus	Sculpture	DT focus
			media			
Year 1	Make your mark	(See Design and	Landaaanaa	(See Design and	Paper play	(See Design and
		Technology overview)	Landscapes	Technology overview)		Technology overview
	Drawing	Sculpture	Painting/ mixed	DT focus	DT focus	DT focus
	Drawing	Bealpeare	media	Diriocus	Diriocus	Diriocus
Year 2	Tell a story	Clay pots		(See Design and	(See Design and	(See Design and
	,	, ,	Superheroes	Technology overview)	Technology overview)	Technology overview
	Painting/ mixed	DT focus	DT focus	Drawing	Sculpture	DT focus
	media					
Year 3		(See Design and	(See Design and	Shape and tone	Abstract, shape and	(See Design and
	Prehistoric art	Technology overview)	Technology overview)		space	Technology overview
	Craft & Design	Painting/ mixed	DT focus	Drawing	DT focus	Craft & Design
		media	<i>(</i> <b>2 - )</b>			
Year 4	Fabric of nature		(See Design and	Power prints	(See Design and	Fabric of nature
		Ancient Egyptian scrolls	Technology overview)		Technology overview)	
	Drawing	Painting/ mixed	DT focus	DT focus	Craft & Design	DT focus
	Diawing	media	DTTOCUS	DTTOCUS	Clait & Design	Di locus
Year 5	I need Space	incala	(See Design and	(See Design and	Architecture	(See Design and
i cui s	i need Space	Portraits	Technology overview)	Technology overview)	/ i chicecture	Technology overview
	Craft & Design	DT focus	Drawing	DT focus	Sculpture	DT focus
			2.4	2.1.0000		2110000
Year 6	Photo opportunity	(See Design and	Make my voice heard	(See Design and	Making memories	(See Design and
-	, p ,	Technology overview)	,	Technology overview)	<b>_</b>	Technology overview

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# Art & Design Year 1Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 1	Autumn 1	Spring 1	Summer 1
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Making your mark- Drawing</li> <li>To know how to create different types of lines</li> <li>Explore line and mark making to draw water</li> <li>Draw with different media</li> <li>Develop understanding of mark making</li> <li>Apply understanding of drawing materials and mark- making to draw from observation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Landscapes- Painting/mixed media</li> <li>Identify key features of a landscape</li> <li>Explore different textures</li> <li>Paint using different tints and shades</li> <li>Reproduce and apply an artist's colour range to their own work</li> <li>Create details using controlled painting and other materials</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Paper Play - Sculpture</li> <li>Role paper to make 3D structures</li> <li>Shape paper to make a 3D drawing</li> <li>Apply paper making skills to create an imaginative sculpture</li> <li>Work collaboratively to plan and create a sculpture</li> <li>Apply painting skills when working with 3D</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Cristea Roberts Gallery- Bridget Riley mark making	National Gallery- Vincent Van Gogh landscape paintings	The Natural History museum- animals that will inspire mask making

Art & Design Year 2

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Tell a story- Drawing</li> <li>Develop a range of mark making techniques</li> <li>Explore and experiment with mark making to create textures</li> <li>Develop observational drawing</li> <li>Apply expressions to illustrate a character</li> <li>Develop illustrations to tell a story</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clay pots- Sculpture</li> <li>Use my hands as a tool to shape clay</li> <li>Use drawing to plan features of a 3D model</li> <li>Shape a pinch pot and join clay shapes as decoration</li> <li>Use impressing and joining techniques to decorate</li> <li>Make a 3D clay model from a drawn design</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Superheroes- Painting/mixed media</li> <li>Create 3D human forms</li> <li>Work together to create a large piece of artwork (collage)</li> <li>Work together to create a large piece of artwork (paint)</li> <li>Work together to create a large piece of artwork (paint)</li> <li>Work together to create a large piece of artwork (pastel)</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The Tate Modern- Beatrix Potter illustrations	The British Museum- Magdalene Odundo clay sculptures	The Tate Modern- Pop art movement

Year 3	Autumn 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Prehistoric Art- Painting/mixed media</li> <li>Apply understanding of prehistoric man made art</li> <li>Understand scale to enlarge drawings in a different medium</li> <li>Explore how natural products produce pigments to make different colours</li> <li>Select and apply a range of painting techniques</li> <li>Apply painting skills when creating collaborative artwork</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shape &amp; tone- Drawing</li> <li>Recognise and draw simple geometric shapes</li> <li>Apply even layers of pencil tone when shading</li> <li>Show tone by shading</li> <li>Apply geometry when drawing 3D shapes</li> <li>Apply all shading techniques</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Abstract shape and space- Sculpture</li> <li>Join 2D shapes to make a 3D structure</li> <li>Join materials in different ways when working in 3D</li> <li>Develop ideas for 3D artwork</li> <li>Apply knowledge of sculpture when working in 3D</li> <li>To evaluate and improve an artwork</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The British Museum- prehistoric collection	The Natural History Museum- Fossil collection	The Tate Modern- Yayoi Kusama installation

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Fabric of nature- Craft &amp; design</li> <li>Understand the starting points to a design process</li> <li>Explore techniques to develop imagery</li> <li>Explore using a textile technique to develop patterns</li> <li>Learn how to create a repeated pattern</li> <li>Understand how art is made for different purposes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ancient Egyptian scrolls- Painting/mixed media</li> <li>To investigate the style, pattern &amp; characteristics of Ancient Egyptian art</li> <li>Apply design skills inspired by an ancient civilisation</li> <li>Construct a new material from an ancient technique</li> <li>Apply painting and drawing skills inspired by an ancient civilisation</li> <li>Develop a contemporary response from Egyptian art</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Power prints- Drawing</li> <li>Draw using tone to create a 3D effect</li> <li>Explore proportion and tone when drawing</li> <li>Plan a composition for a mixed media drawing</li> <li>Use shading techniques to create pattern and contrast</li> <li>Work collaboratively to turn drawings into prints</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The William Morris Gallery	The British Museum- Egyptian artwork	Exhibitions at Whitechapel Gallery or Jealous Gallery

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Summer 1
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>I need Space- Drawing</li> <li>Explore the purpose and effect of imagery</li> <li>Understand and explore decision making in the creative process</li> <li>Develop drawn ideas through printmaking</li> <li>Test and develop ideas using sketchbooks</li> <li>Apply understanding of drawing processes to revisit and improve ideas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Portraits- Painting &amp; mixed media</li> <li>Explore how a drawing can be developed</li> <li>Combine materials for effect</li> <li>Identify features of self portraits</li> <li>Develop ideas towards an outcome by experimenting with materials and techniques</li> <li>Apply knowledge and skills to create a mixed media self portrait</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Architecture- Craft &amp; Design</li> <li>Develop design ideas through research and sketchbook use</li> <li>Apply observational skills to interpret forms accurately</li> <li>Apply composition skills to develop a drawing into print</li> <li>Apply and understanding of architecture to design a building</li> <li>Explore and evaluate the intention of a design</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The Tate Modern- futurism The Barbican- Into the unknown	The Photographers Gallery- portrait exhibition	Workshops with The Royal Institute of British Architects

Year 6	Autumn 1	Spring 1	Summer 1
Key Objectives	Photography- Craft & Design	Make my voice heard- Drawing	Making Memories- Sculpture
teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Apply and understanding of composition to create an effective photomontage</li> <li>Apply understanding of abstract art through photography</li> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of design choices made for an effect using digital photography techniques</li> <li>Apply an understanding of photography to design and recreate a famous painting</li> <li>Demonstrate observation and proportion to create art in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore expressive drawing techniques</li> <li>Consider how symbolism in art can convey meaning</li> <li>Apply understanding of the drawing technique chiaroscuro</li> <li>Evaluate the context and intention of street art</li> <li>Apply an understanding of impact and effect to create a powerful image</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To analyse how art can explore the concept of self</li> <li>To explore sculptural techniques</li> <li>To use creative experience to develop ideas and plan sculpture</li> <li>To apply understanding of techniques to work in 3D</li> <li>To problem solve, evaluate and refine artwork to achieve a chosen outcome</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	photorealistic style Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive	Kapow Art planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The Photographers Gallery	The Saatchi Gallery- Beyond the streets exhibition Shoreditch street art tours	The Tate Modern- Yinka Shonibare exhibition

# **Design & Technology Overview**

Whole school units of learning

Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
group						
Nursery*	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and buildings (C1)	What shall we eat? (C1)	Where shall we go? (C1)	Sand 8 (C	
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers (C2)	Anima	ls (C2)
Reception*	Once upon a story (C1&2)	Homes and buildings (C1)	What shall we eat? (C1)	Where shall we go? (C1)	Sand 8 (C	
		Treasure (C2)	Changes (C2)	Plants & Flowers (C2)	Anima	ls (C2)
	Art focus	Structures	Art focus	Textiles	Art focus	Food
Year 1	(See Art and Design overview)	Constructing a windmill	(See Art and Design overview)	Puppets	(See Art and Design overview)	Fruit and vegetables
	Art focus	Art focus	Art focus	Mechanisms	Structures	Food
Year 2	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Making a Moving Monster	Designing a chair	A balanced diet
	Art focus	Textiles	Structures	Art focus	Art focus	Food
Year 3	(See Art and Design overview)	Cushions	Constructing a castle	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Eating Seasonally
	Art focus	Art focus	Mechanisms	Art focus	Structures	Textiles
Year 4	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Making a slingshot car	(See Art and Design overview)	Model mountainous landscape	Book covers
	Art focus	Art focus	Digital World	Textiles	Art focus	Mechanisms
Year 5	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Smart thermometers	Stuffed toys	(See Art and Design overview)	Pop-up books
	Art focus	Electrical systems	Art focus	Structures	Art focus	Textiles
Year 6	(See Art and Design overview)	Steady hand game	(See Art and Design overview)	Playgrounds	(See Art and Design overview)	Leaver's waistcoats
	now Primany					Digital world watches

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# Design & Technology Year 1

Year 1	Autumn 2	Spring 2	Summer 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Structures - Constructing a windmill</li> <li>To analyse how art can explore the concept of self</li> <li>To explore sculptural techniques</li> <li>To use creative experience to develop ideas and plan sculpture</li> <li>To apply understanding of techniques to work in 3D</li> <li>To problem solve, evaluate and refine artwork to achieve a chosen outcome</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Textiles – Puppets</li> <li>To join fabrics using different methods</li> <li>Use a template to draw my design</li> <li>Join fabrics accurately</li> <li>Embellish my design using different methods</li> <li>Evaluate my product</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Food – Fruit and vegetables</li> <li>Identify if a food is a fruit or vegetable</li> <li>Identify where plants grow and which parts we eat</li> <li>Taste and compare fruit and vegetables</li> <li>Choose fruit and vegetables to create a smoothie (design packaging)</li> <li>Prepare a fruit &amp; vegetable smoothie</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Young V & A- Design	Puppet Theatre Barge	Kiddy Cook- food programme

# Design & Technology Year 2

Year 2	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Mechanisms – Moving monsters	Structures – Designing a chair	Food- A balanced diet
teaching			
knowledge,	- Look and understand how objects	- Explore the concept and features of	<ul> <li>Know what makes a balanced diet</li> </ul>
understanding and	move (pivots, levers, linkages)	structures and the stability of different	
application	the state of the state of the state of the state	shapes	- Taste test food combinations
	- Look and understand how objects	Fundamente in different structures	
	move (making linkages)	- Explore strength in different structures	- Design a healthy wrap
	- To explore different design options	- Design a chair structure	Make a bealthy wrap
	To explore unreferre design options		- Make a healthy wrap
	- To make my moving monster	- Make a structure according to design	- Evaluate the healthy wrap
	, 5	criteria	
	- To decorate my moving monster		
		- Produce a finished structure and test its	
	- To evaluate my moving monster	strength, stiffness and stability	
		- Evaluate my final product	
Scheme/Resources	Kapow	Каром	Kapow
to support the	DT planning in T Drive	DT planning in T Drive	DT planning in T Drive
teaching and learning			
Possible	Young V & A- Design	The Design Museum	Kiddy Cook- food programme
trips/enrichment			
experiences			

# **Design & Technology Year 3** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 3	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Textiles- Cushions	Structures – Constructing a castle	Food- Eating seasonally
teaching knowledge, understanding and	- Recap how to sew running stitch	<ul> <li>Recognise how multiple shapes are combined to build a strong and stable</li> </ul>	- Know that climate effects food growth
understanding and application	- Learn how to sew cross stitch	structure	<ul> <li>Understand advantages of eating seasonal food grown in the UK</li> </ul>
	- Learn how to sew applique	- Design a castle	- Create a recipe that is healthy and
	- Design a product and its template	- To construct 3D nets	nutritious using seasonal vegetables
	<ul> <li>Decorate fabric using applique and cross stitch</li> </ul>	- To construct my final product	- Safely follow a recipe when cooking
	- Assemble your cushion	- To evaluate my final product	- Evaluate recipe
	- Evaluate my final product		
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Fashion & Textile Museum	Visit the Tower of London The National Gallery- castle collection	Kiddy Cook- food programme

# Design & Technology Year 4

Year 4	Spring 1	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Mechanisms –Slingshot cars	Structures- Mountainous landscape	Textiles- Book covers
teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>To build a car chassis</li> <li>To design a shape that reduces air resistance</li> <li>To make a model based on a chosen design</li> <li>To assemble and test my completed project</li> <li>To evaluate my final product</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Draw and label volcano</li> <li>Design model of volcano</li> <li>Experiment with making shapes with Modroc</li> <li>Assemble the shape of my model</li> <li>Paint the shape of my model</li> <li>Evaluate my final product</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and evaluate different types of fastenings</li> <li>Design a product to meet design criteria</li> <li>Make and test a paper template</li> <li>Assemble a book jacket</li> <li>Evaluate my final product</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	The Design Museum	The Natural History Museum	Tate Modern- Anni Albers textile collection

**Design & Technology Year 5** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 5	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Digital World – smart thermometers	Textiles- Stuffed toys	Mechanisms- Pop-up books
teaching knowledge, understanding and	<ul> <li>Carry out research to develop design criteria</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recap how to do a running &amp; cross stitch</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Look and understand how mechanisms work (sliders, levers &amp; pivots)</li> </ul>
application	<ul> <li>Write a programme to monitor ambient temperature, including an alert</li> </ul>	- Design a stuffed toy	- To design a pop-up book
	- Generate creative and unique micro: bit	- Sew a blanket stitch	<ul> <li>Follow my design brief to make my book</li> </ul>
	case	- Create and add decorations to fabric	- Use layers and spacers to cover the
	- Learn about and practise CAD skills	- Use a blanket stitch to assemble the components of a stuffed toy	working of my mechanisms
	- Evaluate my final product	- Evaluate my final product	<ul> <li>Create a high quality product suitable for a target user</li> </ul>
			- To evaluate my final product
Scheme/Resources	Kapow DT alwaying in T Daing	Kapow	Kapow
to support the	DT planning in T Drive	DT planning in T Drive	DT planning in T Drive
teaching and learning			
Possible		Visit Hamleys toy store	The Keeping Gallery- illustrator of Highwayman
trips/enrichment		Build a bear workshop	
experiences			

# **Design & Technology Year 6** Subject objectives – the knowledge and skills children will acquire

Year 6	Autumn 2	Spring 2	Summer 2
Key Objectives;	Electrical systems- Steady hand game	Structures – Playgrounds	Textiles- Waistcoats
knowledge and skills to be acquired each term	<ul> <li>Research and analyse a range of children's games</li> <li>Design a steady hand game</li> <li>Construct a stable base</li> <li>Assemble electronics and complete and electronic game</li> <li>Evaluate my final product</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Design a playground with a variety of structures</li> <li>To build a range of structures</li> <li>To improve and add detail to structures</li> <li>To create surrounding landscape</li> <li>To evaluate my final product</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Design a waistcoat</li> <li>Mark and cut fabric according to a design</li> <li>Assemble the waistcoat</li> <li>Decorate the waistcoat with embellishments</li> <li>Evaluate my final product</li> <li>Digital world day- Make your own watches</li> <li>A micro: bit watch that counts your motions/ movements. Links with computer programming.</li> <li>Aims to be developed in Summer after Micro: bit training.</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive	Kapow DT planning in T Drive
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Young V & A- Design	The Diana Memorial Playground	Fashion & Textile Museum

### **Music Overview**

#### Whole school units of learning

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Nursery	Children will le	Children will learn about beat and pitch through exploring sounds and performing songs. This will be ongoing, throughout the terms.					
Reception							
Year 1	<b>Number –</b> Beat <b>Animals -</b> Pitch <b>Machines -</b> Beat		Patter Water	<b>n -</b> Beat - Pitch	Season Our bod	<b>is-</b> Pitch <b>ies-</b> Beat	
Year 2	Toys - Our bodi Animals	<b>es -</b> Beat		<b>r -</b> Beat <b>s -</b> Pitch		- Pitch 1 - Beat	
Year 3	Environment Building China	<b>j -</b> Beat		- Beat <b>ast</b> - Pitch		<b>n -</b> Composition <b>y -</b> Structure <b>anish -</b> Pitch	
Year 4	Environment Ancient Worl Building	ds - Structure		- Structure <b>World -</b> Pitch	Communicatio In the Pas Time	•	
Year 5	Solar Systen	<b>n -</b> Listening	Life Cycles	s - Structure	At the Movies	- Composition	
Year 6	<b>Journeys -</b> Song o	cycle performance	<b>Growth -</b> Street o	lance performance	Moving on - Leaver's	assembly performance	

Created using Music Express

Year 1	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Recognising and developing a sense of steady beat</li> <li>Identifying and performing changes in tempo</li> <li>Learning to play percussion with control Keeping a steady beat</li> <li>Identifying and keeping a steady beat using movement, body percussion and instruments</li> <li>Recognising and responding to change</li> <li>Understanding pitch</li> <li>Relating pitch to high and low body posture</li> <li>Understanding pitch by singing a song with contrasting high and low melodies</li> <li>Identifying and playing high and low pitches in music</li> <li>Recognising and performing pitch changes and contrasts</li> <li>Sequencing sounds</li> <li>Playing at different speeds (tempi)</li> <li>Controlling changes in speed (tempi)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Marking a steady beat with voices and body percussion</li> <li>Counting a steady beat in patterns of 2, 3 and 4 beats (metre)</li> <li>Performing a steady beat in patterns of 2, 3 and 4 beats (metre)</li> <li>Exploring different ways to emphasise the first beat in a repeating pattern or metre</li> <li>Identifying metre by recognising its pattern</li> <li>Exploring different ways to emphasise beats to form a group (metre)</li> <li>Exploring sounds on instruments and finding different ways to vary their sound</li> <li>Creating a picture in sound</li> <li>Understanding musical structure by listening and responding</li> <li>Performing a simple repeated pattern</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identifying changes in pitch and responding to them with movement Contrasting changes in pitch with changes in dynamics (volume)</li> <li>Relating pitch changes to graphic symbols</li> <li>Listening and responding to pitch changes with movement</li> <li>Listening and responding to a falling pitch signal</li> <li>Performing a steady beat at two different speeds (tempi)</li> <li>Responding to change of mood in a piece of music with a slow and fast steady beat</li> <li>Identifying a repeated rhythm pattern</li> <li>Combining a rhythm pattern and a steady beat</li> <li>Performing together with concentration Performing rhythm patterns</li> <li>Inventing and performing new rhythms to a steady beat</li> </ul>
<b>Scheme/Resources</b> to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

Year 2	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Keeping a steady beat at different speeds (tempi)</li> <li>Marking beats within a four-beat metre</li> <li>Marking beats within a four-beat metre</li> <li>Performing a steady beat</li> <li>Changing tempo</li> <li>Responding to images</li> <li>Recognising and responding to a rhythm ostinato pattern</li> <li>Recognising and playing rhythmic patterns</li> <li>Recognising and responding to steady beat at different tempi</li> <li>Singing in two parts and combining steady beats</li> <li>Performing rhythmic movement patterns to a steady beat</li> <li>Listening to a steady beat and responding in movement</li> <li>Identifying and responding to changes in pitch, upwards and downwards</li> <li>Understanding and performing upwards and downwards pitch direction</li> <li>Reading pitch lines on tuned percussion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performing a steady beat and simple rhythms</li> <li>Understanding and differentiating between beat and rhythm</li> <li>Performing simple rhythms using movement and percussion</li> <li>Understanding and differentiating between beat and rhythm</li> <li>Singing with expression, paying attention to the pitch shape of the melody</li> <li>Accompanying a song with vocal and instrumental ostinato</li> <li>Identifying rising and falling pitch</li> <li>Performing a rising pitch sequence in a song</li> <li>Listening and responding to pitch changes with movements</li> <li>Singing with expression and paying attention to the pitch shape of the melody</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performing steady beat patterns with a song</li> <li>Playing different patterns of steady beat within four beats, and matching to a simple score</li> <li>Performing and creating simple rhythms using a simple score</li> <li>Performing and creating simple three-beat rhythms using a simple score</li> <li>Interpreting a score to perform different beat patterns</li> <li>Performing beat patterns with voices and percussion</li> <li>Exploring different ways to organise music</li> <li>Performing a melody</li> <li>Understanding melody through songs, movement and performing pitch shapes on tuned instruments</li> <li>Exploring and developing an understanding of pitch</li> <li>Using musical scales, high notes and low notes in a composition</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

Year 3	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Selecting descriptive sounds to accompany a poem</li> <li>Creating a musical re-telling of a poem Singing in two-part harmony</li> <li>Accompanying a song with a melodic ostinato</li> <li>Exploring timbre to create a descriptive piece of music</li> <li>Learning about ternary form</li> <li>Singing a song with expression</li> <li>Developing the lyrics of a song</li> <li>Choosing timbre to make an accompaniment</li> <li>Combining chants and sound pictures in a class performance in rondo structure</li> <li>Understanding how music can be organised in sequences</li> <li>Using voices and actions to perform simple rhythms within a steady beat</li> <li>Combining rhythms in layers</li> <li>Making choices about musical structure</li> <li>Understanding the pentatonic scale</li> <li>Performing a pentatonic song with tuned and untuned accompaniment</li> <li>Exploring the pentatonic scale</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identifying the metre in a piece of music Playing independent parts in more than one metre simultaneously</li> <li>Identifying and performing an ostinato</li> <li>Improvising to an ostinato accompaniment</li> <li>Performing rhythmic ostinati individually and in combination</li> <li>Layering rhythms</li> <li>Recognising rhythm patterns in staff notation</li> <li>Understanding pitch</li> <li>Learning to read simple pitch notations</li> <li>Reading simple rhythm notation</li> <li>Learning a Tudor dance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Representing sounds with symbols</li> <li>Using voices creatively and expressively</li> <li>Creating and performing from a symbol score</li> <li>Understanding call and response structure</li> <li>Performing word rhythms</li> <li>Exploring sounds</li> <li>Singing in two parts</li> <li>Performing call and response structure</li> <li>Exploring sounds</li> <li>Understanding and performing binary form</li> <li>Performing call and response</li> <li>Singing in groups</li> <li>Creating descriptive music</li> <li>Singing in a minor key in groups Developing descriptive song accompaniments</li> <li>Singing in two parts with accompaniment</li> <li>Performing repeating rhythms Combining tuned percussion, untuned percussion and singing</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

### Music Year 4

Year 4	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Exploring tuned and untuned percussion to create soothing, repetitive music based on ostinato</li> <li>Singing a song and accompanying it with tuned percussion ostinato</li> <li>Exploring musical phrases, melodic imitation and rounds</li> <li>Performing a round in three parts</li> <li>Exploring combinations of different timbres to accompany a song</li> <li>Learning how to accompany a song with drone and ostinato on tuned percussion</li> <li>Exploring the descriptive music of two major composers</li> <li>Learning about verse and chorus song structure</li> <li>Understanding texture</li> <li>Learning about layered structure in a rhythmic ostinato piece</li> <li>Creating rhythmic ostinati</li> <li>Accompanying a melody with a drone</li> <li>Describing the structure of a piece of orchestral music</li> <li>Reading a clock score to play a piece combining drone and melodic ostinato</li> <li>Using rondo structure to build a performance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Making instruments</li> <li>Performing verse and chorus structure</li> <li>Interpreting notation</li> <li>Improvising</li> <li>Making instruments</li> <li>Performing verse and chorus structure</li> <li>Interpreting notation and improvising Understanding ABA structure</li> <li>Performing repeating rhythms</li> <li>Chanting in three parts</li> <li>Exploring sounds</li> <li>Performing rondo form</li> <li>Exploring the pentatonic scale</li> <li>Playing leaps</li> <li>Reading graphic notation</li> <li>Developing listening skills</li> <li>Describing music using musical and non- musical terms</li> <li>Composing and notating pentatonic melodies</li> <li>Playing a pentatonic song with leaps</li> <li>Combining tuned, untuned percussion and singing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Copying rhythms and a short melody</li> <li>Playing ostinati and layering them in a performance</li> <li>Using music to communicate a meaning</li> <li>Composing a rap</li> <li>Playing ostinati and layering them in a performance</li> <li>Learning to play a Renaissance dance from notations</li> <li>Composing a fanfare</li> <li>Understanding simple musical structures</li> <li>Learning a 1960s pop song</li> <li>Creating a performance</li> <li>Identifying the metre of a new song Singing in three independent parts</li> <li>Playing and singing repeated patterns (ostinati) from notation</li> <li>Identifying metre in a piece of music</li> <li>Understanding syncopation and using off-beat rhythms in improvisation Combining independent parts in more than one metre</li> <li>Identifying how a wellknown story has been told in music</li> <li>Creating music which tells a story</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

# Music Year 5

Year 5	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Listening to music with focus and analysing using musical vocabulary</li> <li>Relating sound sequences to images</li> <li>Interpreting images to create descriptive sound sequences</li> <li>Developing the use of dynamics in a song</li> <li>Listening to music, focusing on dynamics and texture</li> <li>Learning a melodic ostinato using staff notation</li> <li>Developing techniques of performing rap using texture and rhythm</li> <li>Learning a song with a complex texture Learning about the sound of the whole tone scale</li> <li>Listening to music and describing its effects and use of the musical dimensions</li> <li>Performing a song with expression and with attention to tone and phrasing Creating a musical background to accompany a poem</li> <li>Creating and presenting a performance of song, music and poetry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Singing in three parts</li> <li>Reading a melody in staff notation</li> <li>Accompanying a song with tuned and untuned instruments</li> <li>Composing and performing together</li> <li>Singing in two parts</li> <li>Combining vocal sounds in performance Creating a performance using voices and instruments in four parts</li> <li>Exploring extended vocal techniques</li> <li>Developing a structure to combine sounds</li> <li>Creating musical effects using contrasting pitch</li> <li>Learning about the music of an early opera</li> <li>Creating descriptive music</li> <li>Developing a performance with awareness of audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understanding music narrative</li> <li>Interpreting notation</li> <li>Learning about the use of sound effects to movies</li> <li>Exploring and using narrative structure</li> <li>Composing sound effects to perform with a movie</li> <li>Identifying changes in tempo and their effects</li> <li>Exploring and understanding phrase structure of a song melody</li> <li>Exploring the effects of music on movies Using the musical dimensions to create and perform music for a movie</li> <li>Learning about techniques used in movie soundtracks</li> <li>Exploring techniques used in movie soundtracks</li> <li>Creating sounds for a movie, following a timesheet</li> <li>Working in groups to create descriptive movie music</li> <li>Evaluating and refining compositions</li> <li>Learning about using cue scores</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

# Music Year 6

Year 6	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Singing in three-part harmony</li> <li>Exploring expressive singing in a part- song with echoes</li> <li>Developing song cycles for performance</li> <li>Staging a performance with awareness of audience</li> <li>Singing a pop song with backing harmony</li> <li>Learning about a song's structure</li> <li>Learning to sing major and minor note patterns accurately</li> <li>Learning a pop song with understanding of its structure</li> <li>Developing a song cycle performance incorporating mixed media</li> <li>Developing planning, directing and rehearsal skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feeling and moving to a three-beat pulse and revising rhythmic ostinato</li> <li>Performing and improvising rhythmic and melodic ostinato</li> <li>Singing in harmony</li> <li>Learning about chords</li> <li>Performing music and dance</li> <li>Revising, rehearsing and developing music for performance</li> <li>Understanding the process of a musical performance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Singing a song with expression and sustained notes</li> <li>Singing in two-part harmony</li> <li>Singing a song with expression and sustained notes</li> <li>Performing complex song rhythms confidently</li> <li>Identifying the structure of a piece of music</li> <li>Learning to play a melody with chordal accompaniment</li> <li>Experiencing the effect of harmony changing</li> <li>Singing in two- or three part harmony</li> <li>Playing instrumental parts to accompany a song</li> <li>Performing a song with complex structure</li> <li>Listening to and understanding modulation in a musical bridge</li> <li>Preparing for a performance</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Music Express		
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly	Singing Assembly

## **Physical Education Overview** whole school units of learning\* \*Units may swap during the school year to accommodate external facilities or sports coaches

Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery	Self-care Large muscle movement	Movement; balancing, riding, ball skills	Gripping objects Self-care; getting dressed (coats, jackets ,zips)	Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues Group activities-team games	-Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. -Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. -Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which	-Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams. -Show a preference for a dominant hand. *Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: • rolling • crawling • walking • jumping • running • hopping • skipping • climbing
Reception	Movement skills Indoor	Dance/ Movement	Ball Skills KS1 BC	Gymnastics Hall	are related to music and rhythm. Athletic activities KS1 BC	Outdoor games (bat and ball skills - outdoors)
	Gymnastics 1	Dance 1	Dance 2	Circus skills	Athletics	Gymnastics 3
Year 1	Ball Skills 1	Gymnastics 2	Ball Skills 2	Games (rackets, bats)	Team building	Attacking/Defending
	Gymnastics 1	Dance 1	Ball Skills 2	Dance 2	Athletics	Health & Fitness
Year 2	Ball Skills 1	Games 1: striking skills	Gymnastics 2	Games 2 Attack/Defend	Team building	Gymnastics 3
	Gymnastics	Invasion Games (hockey)	Dance 1 Ice Skating	Invasion Games (football)	Athletics	Dance 2
Year 3	Netball	Health & Fitness	Invasion Games (handball)	Striking & Fielding (cricket)	Net/Wall Games (Tennis)	OAA communication & tactics
	Invasion Games (Netball)	Gymnastics	Dance	Striking & Fielding (cricket)	Athletics	Invasion games (dodgeball or football)
Year 4	Swimming	Swimming	Swimming	Swimming	Swimming + water safety	Swimming + water safety
	Gymnastics	Dance 1	Gymnastics 2	Dance 2	Athletics	Striking/Fielding – Rounders
Year 5	Basketball	Invasion Games (hockey)	Invasion games dodge/handball	Net/Wall games (Badminton)	Net/Wall games (Tennis)	OAA – problem solving
	Netball	Health & Fitness	Gymnastics	Invasion games	Intensive swimming	Striking/Fielding
Year 6	OAA – Y6 residential			(Tag Rugby)	(3 weeks per class) Athletics	(Cricket) OAA – Kayaking Wall climbing

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Through Gymnastics: - travel at different levels across a mat safely - hold a balance - hold a balance with a partner - hold a balance on a piece of small equipment (apparatus) - hold a balance on a piece of large equipment (apparatus) - perform a sequence of balance –travel-balance	Through Dance: - move in different directions reaching high and low - travel to music by hopping, skipping and bouncing - move and freeze with control and make spiky shapes - watch and talk about each other's dances - work in pairs and use movements like a ball - choose and link actions together in a dance
	Through Ball Skills: - roll a ball - hit a ball with a hockey stick - throw and catch a ball - kick a ball - run and hold a ball - use the skills we have learnt in a competition	Through Gymnastics: - hold a balance at different levels - hold a balance at different levels on the apparatus - travel in different ways - travel in different directions on the apparatus - jump in different ways - jump off the equipment
<b>Scheme/Resources</b> to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP https://www.british-gymnastics.org/ Complete PE resource	Bigland Green MTP https://www.british-gymnastics.org/ Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club

Year 1	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Dance:</li> <li>be able perform basic movements to music</li> <li>repeat simple patterns with turns and jumps</li> <li>build a simple cheer celebration dance</li> <li>perform simple moves with a partner</li> <li>plan a celebration dance with our own moves.</li> <li>perform a celebration dance to an audience</li> </ul> Through Ball Skills 2: <ul> <li>roll a ball in a game situation</li> <li>hit a hockey ball accurately</li> <li>throw and catch a ball accurately</li> <li>kick a ball accurately</li> <li>run and hold a ball using greater balance</li> <li>apply accuracy in ball skill events</li> </ul>	Through Dance/circus skills: - use simple movements to create a sequence - Change our speed, level and direction of dance movements - respond to the music using our imaginations - repeat and link simple actions to make a dance - change actions and movement to match an activity Through Games (rackets, bats and balls): -push a ball in different directions with a racket -develop pushing a ball with control -apply pushing (dribbling) and ball to a game -hit a ball towards a target (using racket) -hitting a ball with greater accuracy in a game
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP https://www.british-gymnastics.org/ Complete PE resource	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club KS1 key steps gymnastic borough competition	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club

Year 1	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Athletics:</li> <li>throw underarm at a target</li> <li>throw objects overarm</li> <li>use our arms for balance and control when moving</li> <li>Jump off one foot whilst running</li> <li>Jump in different athletic ways.</li> <li>record a standing long jump</li> <li>Through Teambuilding:</li> <li>know why it's important to include everyone in a team</li> <li>know how to work well as a team</li> <li>build trust with a team-mate</li> <li>talk with team-mates to share ideas</li> <li>use ideas to help win at a game</li> <li>work in a team to solve a problem</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Through Gymnastics:</li> <li>use tucked and stretched shapes</li> <li>travel using a gymnastic walk</li> <li>to join our shapes in a sequence</li> <li>roll in a controlled way</li> <li>jump in a controlled way</li> <li>Perform a gymnastic sequence</li> </ul> Through attacking & defending games: <ul> <li>understand what attack means in a game</li> <li>use attacking tactics in a game</li> <li>understand what 'defend' means in a game</li> <li>use defending tactics in a game</li> <li>know how, when and where to attack in a game</li> <li>know how, when and where to defend in a game</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource Parachute activities pack	Bigland Green MTP LCP scheme to supplement athletic activities Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 1 & 2 lunchtime sports club Sports Day

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Year 2 Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Gymnastics:</li> <li>use our strength on gymnastic apparatus safely</li> <li>move with control using a gymnastic walk between apparatus</li> <li>use high, medium and low movements on apparatus</li> <li>copy how our partner moves</li> <li>hold a 4,3, and 2 point balance on the mats</li> <li>hold a 4,3, and 2 point balance on apparatus</li> </ul> Through Ball Skills: <ul> <li>roll a ball with accuracy</li> <li>hit a ball with a hockey stick towards a partner</li> <li>throw and catch a ball with accuracy to a partner</li> <li>kick a ball with accuracy</li> </ul>	Through Dance: <ul> <li>improvise movements and show stillness in a pose</li> <li>perform a duet with gentle actions</li> <li>perform in groups using different pathways</li> <li>change our dynamics of our dance actions</li> <li>explore changes in space for our dance</li> <li>perform and comment on a dance using vocabulary we have learnt</li> </ul> Through Games (striking skills): <ul> <li>strike a ball with our hand</li> <li>strike a ball with a racquet</li> <li>strike a moving ball (rolling)</li> </ul>
<b>Scheme/Resources</b> to support the teaching and learning	<ul> <li>Rick a ball with accuracy</li> <li>run and hold a ball</li> <li>use our ball skills with accuracy in a competition</li> <li>Bigland Green MTP</li> <li>Tower Hamlets Ball Skills KS1 Key Skills</li> <li>Complete PE resource</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>strike a moving ball (rolling)</li> <li>strike a moving ball (bouncing)</li> <li>strike a ball to score points in a game</li> <li>encourage teamwork skills in a striking game</li> </ul> Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club

Year 2	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives	Through Outdoor Ball Skills:	Through Games – Attacking and Defending:
teaching knowledge,	- roll a ball with accuracy in different games	<ul> <li>understand what attacking means in a team game</li> </ul>
understanding and	- hit a ball with a hockey stick in different games	- understand what defending means in a team game
application	- throw and catch a ball with accuracy in different games- kick a	- understand our role in a game can change from defence to
	ball with accuracy in different games	attack
	- run and hold a ball in different games	- create and use attacking tactics
	- use tactics in a ball game	- create and use defending tactics
		- apply attacking and defending tactics in a team game
	Through Gymnastics: - balance using different body parts showing flexibility - hold a balance in different positions on a variety of apparatus - jump and land correctly using pike, straddle and tuck - roll in using control with speed - travel in a sideways direction in a sequence - perform a sequence with a start and finish position	Through Dance (circus skills): - use different scarfs to juggle (throw and catch) - use different objects to juggle (throw and catch) - respond to music appropriately, repeating a pattern - Spin hoops and balance bean bags on body parts - choose and practice the circus skills we are best at - practice and perform the circus skills we are best at
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
to support the teaching and learning	Complete PE resource	Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club KS1 key steps gymnastic borough competition	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club

Year 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Athletics:</li> <li>throw underarm accurately at a target</li> <li>throw objects overarm for distance</li> <li>use our arms for balance and control when moving</li> <li>Jump off one foot whilst running</li> <li>Jump in different athletic ways using balance and strength</li> <li>record a standing long jump swinging arms and landing with balance</li> <li>Through Teambuilding:</li> <li>understand what makes good teamwork</li> <li>understand why trusting our team is important</li> <li>talk and cooperate together to complete a team challenge</li> <li>understand what makes an effective team</li> <li>use simple strategies in a team</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Through Health &amp; Fitness: <ul> <li>understand what agility is</li> <li>understand what coordination is</li> <li>understand the importance of being agile</li> <li>understand the importance of balance</li> <li>understand the importance of coordination</li> </ul> </li> <li>Through Gymnastics: <ul> <li>explore apparatus using balances, ways of travelling and jumps</li> <li>perform half turn jumps with controlled landing</li> <li>build on different ways of rolling showing greater control</li> <li>perform a roll with start and end position</li> <li>link a roll with a jump</li> <li>perform a sequence of jump-roll-jump with smooth links</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP VAL Sabin KS1 Dance scheme LCP scheme to support outdoor games	Bigland Green MTP LCP scheme to support Athletic activities VAL Sabin KS1 Gymnastics scheme
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club	Year 1 & 2 Health & Sports after-school club Year 2 lunchtime sports club Sports Day

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Gymnastics:</li> <li>explore symmetrical balances and ways of travelling</li> <li>show symmetrical shapes using the straddle position</li> <li>show symmetrical shapes using the tuck position</li> <li>explore asymmetrical balances and ways of travelling.</li> <li>make a sequence showing symmetrical and asymmetrical shapes</li> <li>make up our own gymnastic routine</li> </ul> Through Netball: <ul> <li>use a chest pass</li> <li>pass the ball and follow the ball</li> <li>pass the ball and move into a space</li> <li>use the correct footwork</li> <li>shoot the ball into a net</li> <li>apply and improve our netball skills in game situations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Through Invasion games (Hockey):</li> <li>hold a hockey stick with the right grip</li> <li>dribble a hockey ball</li> <li>pass a hockey ball</li> <li>shoot at a target</li> <li>tackle an opponent</li> <li>play a mini hockey game following the rules</li> </ul> Through Health & Fitness <ul> <li>test and record our fitness levels</li> <li>use a circuit workout to improve our fitness</li> <li>use a circuit workout to improve our fitness</li> <li>use skipping activities in a circuit workout</li> <li>make our own fitness circuit up to improve our fitness</li> <li>test our fitness levels again to check improvements</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP Quick Sticks Hockey guides	Bigland Green MTP
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 3 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 3 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions

Year 3	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives	Through Handball:	Through Invasion Games (football):
teaching knowledge,	- pass and catch a handball	- dribble and stop a football
understanding and	- pass the ball while running	- pass and receive the ball
application	- use space and positioning in a team game	- use the space in a football game
	- use a standing shot accurately	- develop our attacking skills
	- use a jumping shot accurately	- play in a small sided football game using defending and
	- use attacking and defending tactics in a game	attacking positions.
		- to apply the skills we have learnt in a football tournament
	Dance: split unit with Ice Skating	
		Through Striking & Fielding (cricket):
		- understand the concept of batting and fielding
		- throw the ball overarm in the fielding team
		- throw the ball underarm and use bowl
		- catch the ball in the field
		- strike the ball away from fielders
		- apply our learning in a mini game of cricket
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
to support the teaching		Platform cricket – specialist cricket coach
and learning		Complete PE resource
Possible	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club
trips/enrichment	Year 3 lunchtime sports club	Year 3 lunchtime sports club
experiences	Sports competitions	Sports competitions
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ice Skating at Canary Wharf	

Year 3	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Net/Wall games (Tennis):</li> <li>hold and control a tennis racquet</li> <li>use the ready position and the forehand stroke.</li> <li>use the forehand to hit a stationary ball</li> <li>use the forehand to hit a moving ball</li> <li>use the forehand to volley a ball</li> <li>score points in a game of mini tennis</li> </ul> Through Athletics: <ul> <li>know and use different running styles</li> <li>improve the accuracy of our throwing</li> <li>throw overarm to get distance</li> <li>use two footed and one footed take offs for the long jump</li> <li>compete in relay races</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Through Dance:</li> <li>explore, improvise and combine movement ideas</li> <li>explore and plan dance motifs independently</li> <li>explore and plan dance motifs with a partner</li> <li>explore and plan dance motifs in small groups</li> <li>observe and evaluate others dance</li> <li>perform, improve on a dance from others suggestions</li> </ul> Through Outdoor Adventurous Activities – communication and tactics: <ul> <li>create and use simple tactics in a team</li> <li>know what makes a good team leader</li> <li>develop our communication skills in a team</li> <li>develop our communication skills as a team (part 2)</li> <li>collaborate (share ideas) effectively as a team</li> <li>communicating to use defending and attacking tactics in a team</li> </ul>
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource	Bigland Green MTP LCP scheme to support Athletic activities
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 3 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 3 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions Sports Day

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Through Gymnastics: - perform different gymnastic positions with quality - use different ways of rolling at different levels - travel using mini sequences on equipment - hold partner balances on large apparatus - show gymnastic jumps off equipment. - perform a gymnastic sequence using rolls, balances and jumps Swimming & Water Safety	Through Netball: - pass a ball in different ways - pass the ball, look and move with speed - pass the ball and move into a good space - use the correct footwork with accuracy - shoot the ball into a net with accuracy - use attacking and defending tactics Swimming & Water Safety
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource British gymnastics resource cards	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 4 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club Year 4 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions

Year 4	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Through Dance: - use a variety of dance movements showing different speeds - work collaboratively in a small group on a dance - respond to music appropriately repeating movement patterns - form a dance and suggest improvements - perform a dance sequence and evaluate a dance Swimming & Water Safety	Through Cricket: - catch the ball and use the underarm throw and roll - bowl the ball underarm at a wicket - use the correct grip and stance for batting - use overarm throwing and the long barrier when fielding - use tactics in a game of kwik cricket - know and use the rules fairly and apply language to help teammates Swimming & Water Safety
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
to support the teaching	VAL Sabin KS2 Dance scheme, Dance notes scheme or Complete	Complete PE resource
and learning	PE resource	Platform Cricket – specialist cricket coach
Possible	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club
trips/enrichment	Year 4 lunchtime sports club	Year 4 lunchtime sports club
experiences	Sports competitions	Sports competitions

Year 4	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives	Through Athletics:	Through Invasion games (football):
teaching knowledge,	- experiment with different running styles and apply sprint and	- dribble and stop a football with greater control
understanding and	long distance technique	- pass and receive the ball in different ways
application	- improve the accuracy of our throwing perform in different	- use the space effectively in a football game
	events	- develop our attacking skills individually and as a team- play in
	- throw overarm to get distance using a range of techniques	a small sided football game using defending and attacking
	- use different jumping techniques from two-foot, one-foot and	positions
	running jumps	- apply attacking/defending tactics at the right time in a game
	- use two footed and one footed take offs for the long jump	
	- compete in relay races with baton change over techniques	Similar objectives can be taught through Dodgeball
Scheme/Resources to	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
support the teaching and	LCP scheme to support Athletic activities	Complete PE resource
learning	Complete PE resource	
learning		
Possible	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club	Year 3 & 4 Health & Sports after-school club
trips/enrichment	Year 4 lunchtime sports club	Year 4 lunchtime sports club
experiences	Sports competitions	Sports competitions, Sports Day

Thysical Education	Tear 9 Subject objectives the knowledge and skins children win dequire		
Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Basketball:</li> <li>dribble a basketball with control</li> <li>pass and catch a basketball with accuracy</li> <li>shoot a basketball with accuracy</li> <li>use the correct footwork for basketball</li> <li>mark opponents when defending and think tactically</li> <li>use the skills I've learnt in a basketball game</li> </ul> Through Gymnastics: <ul> <li>recognise and use different ways of pushing and swinging to our bodies into balanced positions</li> <li>perform individual balances using apparatus</li> <li>travel using rolls into and from different balanced positions.</li> <li>jump in different ways using push movements and showing control</li> <li>perform a floor sequence that includes 3 jumps-3 balances and 3 travel movements</li> <li>perform a sequence including balances, travelling and jumps using floor and apparatus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Through Dance:</li> <li>copy movements to a 4-beat count in group unison</li> <li>use jumps and lifts safely in a dance</li> <li>work with a partner in a duet varying dynamics</li> <li>use repetitions and call and echo movements in a dance</li> <li>develop and end phase and suggest improvements</li> <li>evaluate a dance using dance vocabulary</li> </ul> Arts Award (Dance) Through Invasion Games (Hockey): <ul> <li>be able to dribble and control the hockey ball</li> <li>pass the hockey ball in different ways</li> <li>pass and receive the ball whilst moving</li> <li>use marking as a defending tactic to intercept the ball</li> <li>shield the ball from an opponent as an attacking tactic</li> <li>compete in a game of hockey using attacking and defending tactics</li> </ul>	
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource	Bigland Green MTP Specialist dance instructor for Arts Award Quick Sticks Hockey resources Complete PE resource	
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Arts Award Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 5 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders trained	Arts Award Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 5 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders	

Year 5	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives		
teaching knowledge,	Through Invasion games (handball/dodgeball)	Through Net Games (Badminton):
understanding and	- Use a variety of throwing techniques and use the correct rules	- grip the racquet and perform a forehand serve
application	to play dodgeball	- use the ready position and hit an overhead forehand shot
	- use different ways to dodge and use different tactics as a team	- use the 3 overhead forehand shots
	to be successful in the game	- use the backhand underarm serve
	- play dodgeball using the correct rules and tactics as a team	- use backhand underarm shots
	- develop a comfortable grip on the ball to be more successful in	- score points in a game of badminton
	throwing techniques (handball)	
	- develop passing and shooting in handball	Through dance:
	- play a game of handball following the rules and applying tactics	- use a range of movements using different dance elements
		- work collaboratively on a paired dance
	Flexible unit to allow for Arts Award	- respond to music appropriately repeating a range of movement
	(gymnastics 2)	patterns
		- use levels, speed, unison and canon in a dance
		- sequence a dance and improve focussing on dance elements
		perform a dance sequence evaluating own and others' work
Scheme/Resources	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
to support the teaching	Complete PE resource	Complete PE resource
and learning		
Possible	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club
trips/enrichment	Year 5 lunchtime sports club	Year 5 lunchtime sports club
experiences	Sports competitions, Sports Leaders trained	Sports competitions, Sports Leaders

Year 5	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Athletics:</li> <li>use appropriate running techniques for different events</li> <li>to use the correct technique for the javelin throw</li> <li>develop different throwing techniques for the discus and shot put</li> <li>to develop the consistency of our actions in the long jump</li> <li>use appropriate techniques for the high jump and triple jump</li> <li>use the correct hand over technique in a relay</li> </ul> Through Net/Wall Games (Tennis): <ul> <li>use the ready position and strike a ball using the forehand stroke</li> <li>use the backhand stroke and the correct footwork</li> <li>use the volley at the right time</li> <li>serve a tennis ball and move towards the ball</li> <li>improve our coordination in a game</li> <li>apply and improve tennis skills and give others tips</li> </ul>	Through Striking & Fielding (Rounders): -use the correct technique for batting and bowling in rounders -use the correct technique for throwing and catching when fielding in rounders -know and understand the fielding positions in rounders (backstop, base fielders, out-fielders) -field effectively in different positions explaining decision making -apply tactics to gain advantage over the other team -know and apply the rules of rounders in a full game Through Outdoor Adventurous Activities (problem solving): -understand what makes an effective team and use tactics -use communication skills to change tactics during a game -collaborate effectively to ensure the best tactics are used -know why motivating each other is important for a team challenge -understand how you can collaborate and communicate more effectively as a team -collaborate using attacking and defending tactics for a game
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 5 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders trained	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 5 lunchtime sports club, Sports Day Sports competitions, Sports Leaders trained

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	<ul> <li>Through Invasion Games (Netball):</li> <li>use different netball passes for different situations.</li> <li>pass and move receiving the ball from different directions</li> <li>use the correct footwork needed in netball</li> <li>shoot accurately at a target in different situations</li> <li>understand team tactics to attack and defend</li> <li>apply tactics and play by the rules in a game</li> </ul> Through the Year 6 Residential: <ul> <li>take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team</li> <li>bike riding</li> </ul>	Through Health & Fitness: - test our fitness levels and record results - use a circuit workout to improve fitness levels - use a circuit workout to improve fitness levels (part 2) - design our own circuit workout and modify it as needed - record and compare our new fitness levels knowing what could affect the results
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 6 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 6 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders

Year 6	Spring 1	Spring 2
Key Objectives teaching knowledge, understanding and application	Through Gymnastics: - work with a partner and in a small group to create balances using different levels - work with a partner to travel in synchronisation - sequence our synchronisation movements WALT: work with a partner to travel in a canon formation - use synchronisation and canons in a gymnastic routine - describe, change and improve a gymnastic routine	Through Invasion Games (Tag Rugby): - pass and catch a rugby ball with accuracy - Pass and move with a rugby ball - tackle using rugby tags without a ball - tackle using rugby tags and run forwards with the ball - play a small sided rugby game using movements to avoid being tackled - compete in a tag rugby game using tactics and rules
Scheme/Resources to support the teaching and learning	Bigland Green MTP VAL Sabin Scheme of work to support Gymnastics Complete PE resource	Bigland Green MTP Complete PE resource
Possible trips/enrichment experiences	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 6 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club Year 6 lunchtime sports club Sports competitions, Sports Leaders

Year 6	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Key Objectives	Through Athletics:	Through Striking Games (Cricket):	
teaching knowledge,	- use appropriate running techniques for different events	- use the long barrier, over arm and underarm throwing for	
understanding and	commenting on tactics	fielding	
application	- to use the correct technique for the javelin throw comment on	- use the correct grip and stance for batting and use the	
	tactics	forward drive	
	- develop different throwing techniques for the discus and shot	<ul> <li>bowl the ball underarm and overarm at a wicket</li> </ul>	
	put and improve technique	- use tactics for fielding	
	- to develop the consistency of our actions in the long jump and	- use tactics when batting	
	other jumping styles	- apply tactics and play by the rules in a game of cricket	
	- use appropriate techniques for the high jump and triple jump		
	- use the correct hand over technique in a relay applying sprint	Outdoor and adventurous activities:	
	technique	Kayaking at Shadwell Basin Activity Centre	
	Intensive Swimming unit of learning		
Scheme/Resources to	Bigland Green MTP	Bigland Green MTP	
support the teaching and	Complete PE resource	Complete PE resource	
learning	LCP scheme to support Athletic activities		
Possible	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club	Year 5 & 6 Health & Sports after-school club	
trips/enrichment	Year 6 lunchtime sports club	Year 6 lunchtime sports club	
experiences	Sports competitions, Sports Leaders	Sports competitions, Sports Leaders	
	Intensive swimming sessions	Shadwell Basin Kayaking/wall climbing	

#### Modern Foreign Language: Spanish - whole school units of learning

KS2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	A new start	Calendar and	Animals	Carnival time	Food	Going on a picnic &
	-Introducing myself:	celebrations	- Animals around us	- Carnival celebrations	- Revisit information	Aliens in Spain
Year	Greetings, feelings,	-Bonfire night colours	- My favourite animal	- Numbers up to 15	about myself	-Picnic food and drinks
3	name	-Colours, numbers	- Revisit colours and	- How old I am	- Fruit and vegetables	-Picnic locations
•	-Numbers up to 10	-Days and months	numbers	- Easter egg hunt	- The Hungry Giant	-Maps
	-Colours	-Christmas celebrations		- Information about	- Asking for fruit and	-Where I live
				myself (presentation &	vegetables	
				dialogue)		
	Welcome to school	Local area	Family tree	The body	Feeling unwell &	Summer time
	-Talking about myself	- Bonfire night poem	-Epiphany celebrations	- Revisit commands	Jungle animals	- The weather and
Year	-Numbers up to 31	- Commands/instructions	-Read and write	- Body parts	-I don't feel well: at the	seasons
4	-Days and months	- Places in town	information about my	- Description of aliens	doctor´s	- Ice cream flavours
_	-Birthdays	- Shops, signs, directions	family	- Presentation about	-Jungle animals	- Ice cream flavours I like
	-School facilities	- Christmas presents	-Parts of the face	myself	-Walking through the	and dislike
	-Classroom objects				jungle	- Buying ice cream
	My school subjects	Time in the city	Healthy eating	Clothes, colours	Out of this world	Going to the seaside
	-Talking about me and	- Places in the city	- Fruit and vegetables	-Clothes	-Personal information: ID	-Popular seaside
Year	others	- Directions	- Likes and dislikes	-Colours	cards	destinations in Spain
5	-School subjects I like	- Buying entrance tickets	- Going to the market	-Description of clothes	-Planets in the solar	-Beach items
	and dislike	- Christmas shopping	- Healthy recipes	-The clothes I wear	system	-Activities on the beach
	-Opinions on school				-Description of planets	
	subjects					
	Everyday life	Where I live	Playing and	Leisure time,	Café culture and	All about me,
	-Revisiting me (school	- Rooms in a house	enjoying sport	hobbies, and fun	restaurants	Transition to KS3
Year	subjects and personal	- Objects and furniture	-Investigating sports	-At the funfair: funfair	-Spanish tapas	Revision and
6	information)	- Prepositions	-Sports I play	rides, buying treats	-Eating out: menus and	consolidation of previous
	-Time o'clock	- Christmas celebrations:	-Likes and dislikes	-Favourite things	ordering food	topics: Personal
	-Daily routine	Where is the elf?	-Opinions on sports	-Spanish festivals: La	-Traditional Spanish	information, Where I live,
				Feria de Abril	breakfast	Daily routine, Free time
						activities

Developed using Primary Languages Network <u>https://primarylanguages.network/</u>

## Appendices

#### Appendix 1 The Learning Vision

- Actions for pupils to achieve the school mission

#### Appendix 2 Subject specific expectations (KS1 & KS2)

- English Writing
- DTR (Daily Teaching of Reading) / Reading
- Mathematics
- Science
- Physical Education
- Common expectations for foundation subjects
- Subject specific expectations for foundation subjects

#### Appendix 3 Curriculum Overviews by Year Group

- Year 1-6

Bigland Green's mission is to increase children's life chances by providing them with the knowledge, skills and care to be: successful learners, confident individuals, and responsible

# learning Vision

actions for pupils to achieve the school

(ES)		Ser		
high expectations	curiosity & challenge	resilience & teamwork	pace and balance	aspiration to inspire
Doing the right thing all day, every day and taking great pride in what we do.	Being curious about the world around – thinking and asking Big Questions to increase our knowledge and understanding.	Never giving up when things are tough and always striving together to get the best for everyone.	Using every available moment for learning at our best and growing with and promoting the Big Values.	Having dreams that excite us and others in our school community and beyond.
Praise pads - given to pupils t Reader, writer, and mathem Ask me stickers - awarded by House points - given by teach	to be taken home to celebrate s <b>natics champion</b> of the monthy v teachers to acknowledge exce hers to individuals/groups for the	significant achievement in learni n - awarded in whole school asse ptional learning. neir achievement & fortnightly tr	emblies.	<ul> <li>I will be determined to achieve my dreams/goals and will let nothing stop me.</li> <li>Adults are there to help me learn better, so that I can achieve my ambition.</li> <li>I will reach for the stars and inspire others to do the same.</li> <li>I will learn so that I am ready for the next term, the next year and for my secondary school.</li> </ul>
I githacver	expectations bing the right thing all day, wery day and taking great pride in what we do. will stay focused and not ive up on my learning, so nat I can take pride in my chievements. will always demonstrate xcellent presentation and do by best learning in class and t home. will always carefully follow ustructions and the school ales. will look after myself and veryone in my school ommunity. book marks - collect the set of raise pads - given to pupils eader, writer, and mathem sk me stickers - awarded by ouse points - given by teac arbles - awarded for individ	expectations         bing the right thing all day, wery day and taking great pride in what we do.         will stay focused and not ive up on my learning, so hat I can take pride in my chievements.         will always demonstrate excellent presentation and do ny best learning in class and the school lies.         will look after myself and veryone in my school pommunity.         will look after myself and veryone in my school pommunity.         proke marks - collect the set of six and enter for a prize draw raise pads - given to pupils to be taken home to celebrate seader, writer, and mathematics champion of the monthsk me stickers - awarded by teachers to individuals/groups for tharbles - awarded for individual & collective achievement.	expectations       challenge         bing the right thing all day, very day and taking great pride in what we do.       Being curious about the world around – thinking and asking Big Questions to increase our knowledge and understanding.       Never giving up when things are tough and always striving together to get the best for everyone.         will stay focused and not ive up on my learning, so tat I can take pride in my chievements. <ul> <li>I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions'.</li> <li>I will find answers to my questions by reading and using my senses.</li> <li>I will share my experiences outside school with confidence and pride.</li> <li>I will use every opportunity tig ain knowledge.</li> <li>I will be a good role model for others and learning.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> <li>I will take turns and always set the needs of others above my own needs.</li> </ul>	expectations       challenge       teamwork       balance         big the right thing all day, very day and taking great pride in what we do.       Being curious about the world gig Questions to increase our knowledge and understanding.       Never giving up when things to get the best for everyone.       Using every available moment of roleman day our best and is growing with and promoting to growing with and promoting to get the best for everyone.       Using every available moment of roleman day our best and is growing with and promoting to get the best for everyone.         will stay focused and not we up on my learning, so that I can take pride in my. the every serves.       I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions'.       I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions'.       I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions'.       I will believe in myself and I will never give up - I will keep trying especially when things are difficult.       I will always the my best to get the best for everyone.       I will always the my best to get the best for using any sense.       I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions'.       I will believe in myself and I will never give up - I will keep trying especially when things are difficult.       I will always the my best to be 'to task' and avoid any distractions.       I will not be afraid to ask the 'Big Questions' to my using my sense.       I will use every opportunity the a good role model for others and learning.       I will always the my best of every and learning.       I will be a good role model for others and learning.       I will take turns and always the event of the ant of every and rest.       I will kee turns and always theres to a take any time to learn, play and

#### English Writing expectations

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Planning	<ul> <li>Use the English curriculum document for English MTP and weekly planning.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use the school's agreed planning proforma (notebook or word document) to complete weekly and half-termly plans.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Planning must be differentiated according to the children's ability and special provisions</li> </ul>
	must be made for greater depth and children with SEN.
	<ul> <li>Teachers must follow the Immersion, Imitation and Innovation phase for Writing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The common language must be embedded in English planning.</li> <li>Teachers will plan a diagrate grammer (numburtien cossion ence a weak. All content</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers will plan a discrete grammar/punctuation session once a week. All content must be taught in context of the unit of work.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In Spring 2, Teachers will plan for an independent write up (Writer's Workshop) once</li> </ul>
	every 2 weeks. This will be related to a genre the children are familiar with and a topic
	they have prior experience or knowledge of.
	<ul> <li>At the beginning of a unit of work, teachers must produce a model outcome, which will</li> </ul>
	include all the language features and punctuation that should be evident in children's writing.
	<ul> <li>Planning should be evaluated after each lesson to help teaching, learning and</li> </ul>
	assessment.
	Using the Purple Mash Spelling Scheme, teachers will set spelling home learning once a
	week. Teachers will also test children's spelling weekly and keep a record of scores.
	<ul> <li>Teachers should plan a minimum 15-minute discrete handwriting session each week as well as time to practice.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Key vocabulary for magpie books/magpie wall must be evident in planning.</li> </ul>
Lesson	<ul> <li>Each Lesson should either have a vocabulary/ GPS/handwriting starter.</li> </ul>
Delivery	Teachers will utilise learning strategies such as talk partners, individual, group and
	whole class learning.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to consistently model WMG, whether this is handwriting, writing or editing skills etc.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers to ensure that children are able to self and peer edit writing.</li> </ul>
Learning in	<ul> <li>Children's handwriting should be joined and follow the school handwriting policy.</li> </ul>
books	Children should write with a pencil or a black ink pen.
	<ul> <li>Dates must be written in words on the left hand side (Monday 19<sup>th</sup> June 2023)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mistakes should be crossed out with a single line by using a ruler.</li> <li>Children must use a green pen for editing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Children must use a green pen for editing.</li> <li>Adults must model the handwriting policy when marking books.</li> </ul>
Learning	<ul> <li>Every classroom should have an English working wall.</li> </ul>
environment	The common language/ sentence types must be displayed based on the unit of study.
	We do not expect to see all the sentence types on display.
	<ul> <li>EYFSY, KS1 and Year 3 classrooms must have a magpie tree as one of their working walls, which contains words linked to their unit of work.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers should display the teacher model of the end outcome on their working wall.</li> </ul>
Feedback and	<ul> <li>Teachers should use the GPS QLA to inform their planning.</li> </ul>
Assessment	<ul> <li>At each assessment point (October, February and May) spelling trackers and speed</li> </ul>
	reading tests must be updated.
Resources	<ul> <li>All staff are responsible for the organisation and upkeep of the English cupboards</li> <li>Teachers will order resources from the PDC event term</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers will order resources from the PDC every term</li> <li>Please refer to the English Handbook for further clarity.</li> </ul>

#### Daily Teaching of Reading (DTR) / Reading expectations

Planning	<ul> <li>Use Medium Term Planning to map out reading skills/strategies, learning behaviours and text types for the half term.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use the DTR proforma for weekly plans.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers should choose one reading skill (from the KPI), reading strategy and learning behaviour for the week.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers to match the reading skill to the reading strategy using the BG document.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers must plan two oral and two written plenaries for the week.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers to use English core text for modelling throughout the week.</li> </ul>
	If children finish reading the English core text or if the English unit of work is non-
	fiction refer to the BG booklist.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to plan for fiction, non-fiction and poetry text types for the half term.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monday and Tuesday: text for main reading activity will be the English core text.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Wednesday and Thursday: text for main reading activity will be banded books.</li> <li>Teachers to plan a comprehension follow up lesson on Friday. This will be based on</li> </ul>
	the banded books.
	<ul> <li>KS1 should have a minimum of three follow up questions and KS2 should have a</li> </ul>
	minimum of six.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to use Pixl question stems to vary the question types for the follow up.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers to plan for a follow up on an unseen text fortnightly.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers to ensure separate provision for early readers.</li> <li>Teachers to plan for Reading to Learn every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and</li> </ul>
	Friday from 9:00AM to 9:15 AM.
	<ul> <li>Teachers will ensure Story Time is timetabled every day. Teachers to select a text from</li> </ul>
	the Bigland Green Reading List.
Lesson	<ul> <li>Teachers to explicitly model reading strategy, learning behaviour and sentence stems</li> </ul>
Delivery	throughout the lesson.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to instil "No Hands Up" strategy and embed agree, build and challenge (ABC).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Each child should have a copy of a bookmark and must be consistently used</li> </ul>
	throughout the session.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to ensure the TA has a focus group in DTR with a clear learning goal.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teachers will utilise learning strategies such as echo reading, peer reading and text</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>marking to enhance reading fluency.</li> <li>Teachers to ensure parents attend Reading to Learn and are involved in a reading</li> </ul>
	activity.
	<ul> <li>All adults in the classroom to be involved in a reading activity with the children during</li> </ul>
	Reading to Learn.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to display the Story Time book on their classroom door.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Children working below a brown band take banded books home twice a week to ensure that the reading material is suitable for their ability.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All children must take home a fiction/non-fiction book every day. This will be</li> </ul>
	acknowledged with a comment or initials by parents.
	Staff must check reading records regularly.
	<ul> <li>The Reading Gem checklist must be stuck inside the child's reading record.</li> </ul>
Learning in	Children should have two written plenaries and one follow up comprehension activity in
books	their books.
	<ul> <li>Children's work in their DTR books must be presentable and to a high standard.</li> <li>Children should write with a pencil or a black ink pen.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All children should strive to join their handwriting.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mistakes should be crossed out with a single line by using a ruler.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Children must use a green pen for editing and feedback.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sheets should be trimmed and neatly stuck in.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Any intervention/PiXL related learning should be completed at the back of the book.</li> </ul>
Learning environment	<ul> <li>Book corners should be organised and welcoming.</li> <li>Book corners should have a range of high quality fiction and non-fiction books.</li> <li>A separate section must be allocated to Reading Gems</li> <li>Story Time reading boxes must be stored in the Group Room.</li> <li>Teachers to ensure that books in the book corner cater to all children's reading abilities.</li> </ul>
Feedback and Assessment	<ul> <li>Adults must use the Individual tracker for their focus group in every session.</li> <li>Teachers must address any misconceptions and allow time for children to respond.</li> <li>Teachers should keep their KPI up to date and use this to inform the API.</li> <li>Teachers to group and plan interventions for key marginals in reading.</li> <li>Teachers should use the PixL reading QLA to inform their future planning/groupings.</li> <li>At each assessment point (October, February and May) spelling trackers and speed reading activities must be updated.</li> </ul>
Resources	<ul> <li>All staff are responsible for the organisation and upkeep of English cupboards.</li> <li>Teachers to book a slot for the school library once a week.</li> <li>Teachers to order resources from the PDC where appropriate.</li> <li>Please refer to the English Handbook for further clarity.</li> </ul>

#### Mathematics expectations

Planning	<ul> <li>Use the White Rose Scheme to help structure and support planning.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use the school's agreed planning proforma (Notebook or PowerPoint document) to</li> </ul>
	complete weekly plans. Medium term plans are also completed half-termly.
	<ul> <li>Planning should be reviewed after each lesson to help teaching, learning and assessment.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Planning will show a sequence of learning, with a clear WALT, Success Criteria (if needed),</li> </ul>
	starter activity, modelled learning (teaching of skills/knowledge through modelling), talk
	task, develop learning, task for pupils to complete, and a plenary- key questions should
	be carefully planned for.
	<ul> <li>Planning and activities should be adapted for your set/ class taking into the account the learning needs of individual pupils (including for MAP( pupils with CEND))</li> </ul>
	learning needs of individual pupils (including for MAP/ pupils with SEND).
	<ul> <li>The activities/ task that pupils complete should contain a mix of fluency and reasoning questions and should allow for pupils to use mathematical equipment as and when</li> </ul>
	needed.
	• Worksheets and text books should be used when it is purposeful and meaningful in
	enhancing the learning.
	<ul> <li>Hands on/ practical activities using concrete/ pictorial aids should be planned for to embed</li> </ul>
	the learning.
	<ul> <li>Fortnightly investigations to take place which focus around key problem solving skills</li> </ul>
	as listed on the Bigland Green Curriculum.
	<ul> <li>Reasoning skills should be embedded throughout the daily learning.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Teach Times tables and arithmetic skills in discrete sessions.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The Calculation Policy is used to teach the appropriate methods for particular year groups.</li> <li>One 15.30 minute time tabled dat for whole class Mathematics Meeting (KS1 and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>One 15-20 minute time-tabled slot for whole class Mathematics Meeting (KS1 and</li> <li>KS2) which is planned for as part of the weekly plan for Mathematics</li> </ul>
Locor	KS2) which is planned for as part of the weekly plan for Mathematics.
Lesson Delivery	<ul> <li>The WALT (and success criteria if needed) will be displayed on the WB.</li> <li>Teachers will utilise learning strategies such as talk partners, individual, group and whole</li> </ul>
Delivery	class learning.
	<ul> <li>Teachers will use relevant and appropriate mathematical resources to model or scaffold</li> </ul>
	pupils' learning.
	<ul> <li>Teachers to follow the structure on the planning proforma to deliver the lesson (this may</li> </ul>
	vary during an investigation lesson).
	<ul> <li>There should be less teacher talk and more pupil talk and learning time.</li> </ul>
Learning in	<ul> <li>All pupils use the "1 digit per square box" rule when writing numbers.</li> </ul>
books	• All pupils in Year 2-6 draw a margin using a ruler and a pencil which is 2 full square boxes
	wide.
	<ul> <li>A short date is written on the first line of the page after the margin line.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pupils in Year 4-6 write the date in Roman Numerals beside the short date.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The WALT should be written underneath the dates.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Yellow exercise books which contain large squares to be used by Year 1 and Year 2, books</li> </ul>
	which contain smaller squares to be used by Year 3-6 (Year 2 to use these books during
	the Summer Term at the discretion of class teacher).
	<ul> <li>Pupils' exercise books should contain a sufficient representation of the curriculum taught.</li> <li>Any intervention related learning should be completed at the back of the book.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pupils in Year 5 and 6 record learning completed during Bright Minds, intervention and</li> </ul>
	any recap of arithmetic in green exercise books.
	<ul> <li>Children in EYFS complete their learning in wow books.</li> </ul>
Learning	<ul> <li>There should be a Mathematics Learning Wall in every classroom, including set rooms,</li> </ul>
environment	which aid pupils' current learning.
	<ul> <li>The learning wall must display a thermometer, a multiplication grid, a calendar, Roman</li> </ul>
	numerals (Year 4-6), a number line and the current problem solving and reasoning skills
	which is being taught (suited to your Year group).
	which is being tadgit (suited to your rear group).

	<ul> <li>Mathematical equipment must be easily accessible for all children and labelled clearly EYFS → The following resources must be in your classroom: objects to count, number cards, numbers in sequence, shapes, scales, jugs and measuring bottles, rulers and measuring tape, dominoes, unifix cubes, building blocks and dice.</li> <li>Year 1-6 → The following resources must be in your classroom: number lines, hundred squares, place value tables, ten frames, part/ whole model frames, number cards, times table mats, dienes, place value cards/fans, counters, place value counters, dice, counting stick, bead strings, unifix cubes, 2d and 3d shapes, digital and manual clocks, mirrors and money. Upper KS2 should also have protractors and a negative number line.</li> </ul>
Feedback and Assessment	<ul> <li>Follow the school's agreed marking codes and the Feedback and Assessment policy.</li> <li>All learning in pupils' books should be marked, correct answers should be ticked and incorrect answers should be crossed and then corrected by pupils. Refer to the Feedback and Assessment Policy to see ways in which peers can review each other's learning.</li> <li>KPI (Key Performance Indicators) sheets must be dated at the time of assessment on an ongoing basis, this is used to update the API (Assessment Performance Indicators) on a termly basis.</li> <li>The end of unit assessment booklet from White Rose is used as a 'Hot Task'. This is used at the end of a unit to show progress and understanding of the unit taught. Any misconceptions still arising should be addressed in future lessons.</li> <li>As enrichment; pupils in KS1 and KS2 use NumBots and TTRS respectively to help practice facts and times table; pupils in KS2 take part in enterprise projects and competitions, and the recall of number facts are celebrated in a half-termly Mathematics Champions assembly with certificates.</li> <li>Pupils complete termly summative tests (PiXL test papers), the scores are recorded in the API and a QLA (question level analysis) is completed for each test paper for pupils who are key marginal- where necessary QLA is used for all pupils.</li> <li>Times table charts must be ticked when a pupil has mastered the relevant fact and kept in the assessment folders.</li> </ul>
Resources	<ul> <li>All staff are responsible for the Mathematics cupboard resources</li> <li>Group Room contains additional resources for specific units</li> <li>Shared Drive: Whole school shared drive- Mathematics</li> <li>White Rose (individual log in)</li> <li>NRICH (no username/password)</li> <li>Target your Maths/ CGP books (provided to each year group)</li> <li>PIXL (ask Team Leader for log in details)</li> <li>Testbase (username: biglandgreen password: e12nd)</li> <li>EYFS cupboard (for EYFS only)</li> </ul>

#### Science expectations

Planning	<ul> <li>Use Bigland Green Medium Term Plans to produce lesson notebooks or PowerPoints.</li> <li>Use the agreed subject proforma to create lesson notebooks or PowerPoints.</li> <li>Each slide must include the date, WALT and key vocabulary.</li> <li>Planning must include differentiation identified on the Medium Term Plans.</li> <li>Learning must be adapted to suit all children's needs, including SEND.</li> <li>Annotated planning should be displayed in the classroom and filed in the class planning folder at the end of the half-term.</li> <li>Plan for appropriate practical science investigation lessons, in line with the Medium Term Plans.</li> </ul>
Lesson Delivery	<ul> <li>Begin each unit by introducing pupils to what they will learn and why they are learning it.</li> <li>The first lesson must include a knowledge harvest (KWL). Whole class KWL in KS1 and individuals in KS2.</li> <li>KWL to be completed at the end of the unit of learning.</li> <li>Incorporate an exciting hook to introduce the new unit or an end of unit celebration of learning.</li> </ul>
Learning in books	<ul> <li>Learning must be presented with high expectations at all times.</li> <li>Worksheets will only be used when necessary to support children's learning.</li> <li>Photographs should only be used where there will be an impact on children's learning.</li> <li>E.g. where a child has not recorded in their books such as mini white-board work. A caption should accompany any photograph. Photographs of other children's learning should not be included in books or to document an activity as this will be shown on planning</li> <li>The investigation format and sentence stems must be used for each year group.</li> <li>Books must show a variety of learning e.g: tables, charts, scientific diagrams.</li> </ul>
Learning environment	<ul> <li>Learning walls must be on-going working walls.</li> <li>Learning walls must include children's learning, key vocabulary and relevant information to support further learning.</li> <li>Add key vocabulary to the learning wall as it is introduced.</li> <li>Learning walls must change each half term in advance of the unit of learning.</li> <li>Display books linked to the unit of learning to promote reading to learn.</li> </ul>
Feedback and Assessment	<ul> <li>Assessment for learning should be ongoing in every lesson.</li> <li>MTPs must be annotated after each lesson to identify adaptations needed for the next lesson or children who need further support or challenge.</li> <li>Read to Learn sessions can be used to provide children with feedback.</li> <li>All learning will be assessed at the end of each lesson in line with the Bigland Green Feedback and Assessment Policy.</li> <li>Science Key Performance Indicators for children (KPI) will be kept up to date in the class assessment folder.</li> <li>APIs to be completed for each child during whole school assessment weeks.</li> </ul>
Resources	<ul> <li>Resources taken from the subject resource cupboards will be returned neatly.</li> <li>PDC boxes (books, artefacts, posters) can be ordered from the School's Library Services in advance of the unit of learning.</li> <li>New resources must be approved by the Subject Leader before placing an order.</li> <li>Class Teachers are responsible for preparing and ensuring they have all necessary resources before the day of the lesson.</li> </ul>

### **Physical Education** expectations

Planning Lesson Delivery	<ul> <li>Half-termly plans completed using the school's agreed planning proforma including the STEP principle for differentiation (modify Space, Task/Time, Equipment, People to help scaffold the learning for children to be successful)</li> <li>Planning will show WALT, Success Criteria (if needed), starter activity/warm up, teaching of skills/knowledge through modelling/instruction, children's practice activities and will focus the three pillars of progression: motor competences; rules, strategies and tactics; and healthy participation.</li> <li>Vocabulary will use specific terminology and informal language to aid children's participation through knowledge</li> <li>PE is for ALL – adaptions through STEP to ensure engagement of pupils with SEND</li> <li>High quality PE is delivered through instruction, practice and feedback where children are physically active for at least 50%-80% of the lesson depending on</li> </ul>
	what is being taught
	<ul> <li>All staff in the lesson will wear suitable footwear for PE and a house team t-shirt of</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>assigned house team where appropriate</li> <li>Children must wear house team t-shirt, sports trousers/leggings and suitable</li> </ul>
	footwear for lessons
	If a child forgets their kit:
	<ol> <li>Phone call home to bring in correct kit</li> <li>Risk assess if activities can be carried out in uniform</li> </ol>
	3) Letter home informing parent of no kit
	4) If not participating, child completes KS1 or 2 skills sheet
	5) Record made, ongoing issues reported to SLT
	<ul> <li>No jewellery apart from stud earrings to be worn in PE lessons</li> <li>Injuries effecting participation should be confirmed with the parent, children</li> </ul>
	missing PE due to injury will complete a skills learning sheet to help them engage with the learning and knowledge
	<ul> <li>If a child is well enough to be in school, they are well enough to take part in PE lessons including swimming</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PE kit changing expectations have been paused since the pandemic and will be reviewed periodically by SLT in line with the school's risk assessment</li> </ul>
Learning in books	<ul> <li>The school does not use PE learning books so lesson time is spent on the most effective learning</li> </ul>
Learning	<ul> <li>The learning space for PE should always be checked for health and safety before a</li> </ul>
environment	<ul> <li>PE lesson begins</li> <li>Display boards to promote PE including clubs and competitions are utilised in the</li> </ul>
	school hall and corridors
	<ul> <li>Where relevant, links to sports and health are made in the classroom learning</li> </ul>
Feedback and	<ul> <li>environment</li> <li>Assessment for learning is very much an ongoing process in PE and teachers</li> </ul>
Assessment	should evaluate plans with assessment notes
	<ul> <li>Pupils benefit from clear and precise feedback on what they are doing well and</li> </ul>
	how to develop – pupils should have a secure mental model of what they are trying to achieve
	<ul> <li>Most knowledge is assessed through physical means but not always e.g. checking</li> </ul>
	knowledge of rules
	<ul> <li>Enrichment in PE is provided through after-school clubs and sports fixtures with local schools of the expectation is the school will have 1.2 fixtures per week</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>local schools ~ the expectation is the school will have 1-2 fixtures per week</li> <li>The whole-school PE tracker is used to log attainment as well as monitor extra-</li> </ul>
	curricular engagement through sports clubs and competitions
Resources	<ul> <li>All staff are responsible for the PE cupboard resources and this is monitored and</li> </ul>
	maintained by the PETA and PE teacher

#### Common expectations for foundation subjects

Planning	Use Bigland Green medium term plans to produce lesson notebooks or PowerPoints.
_	<ul> <li>Lesson notebooks or PowerPoints must be created using the agreed subject proforma.</li> </ul>
	Lessons must include the differentiation identified on the medium term plans.
	All planning must be annotated and evaluated after each lesson.
	<ul> <li>Class teachers will adapt planning to ensure learning is accessible for all children in their class.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The first slide of planning must include sequence of learning, key vocab and additional adult support.</li> </ul>
	Teachers must have continuous professional dialogues to ensure consistency of learning across the year group.
Lesson Delivery	<ul> <li>Begin each unit by introducing pupils to what they will learn and why they are learning it.</li> </ul>
	All lessons should build on previous learning.
	<ul> <li>Previous learning should be revisited to make links or assess children's knowledge.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Children must have the opportunity to explore and investigate using a range of learning styles.</li> </ul>
	Knowledge and skills must be taught in unison.
	All teachers must maintain a high level of pedagogical understanding to ensure a good quality of education.
Learning in	All Learning must be presented with high expectations at all times.
books	Dates must be written in short form on the left hand side
	<ul> <li>Worksheets will only be used when necessary to support children's learning.</li> </ul>
	Learning outcomes should reflect the WALT.
	• Photographs should only be used where there will be an impact on children's learning. E.g. where a child has not recorded in their
	books such as mini white-board work. A caption should accompany any photograph. Photographs of other children's learning should
	not be included in books or to document an activity as this will be shown on planning. *Exception for D&T (see above).
Learning	Classroom displays must be on-going working walls.
environment	Working walls must be changed half-termly, in advance of the unit of learning.
	Key vocabulary linked to the current unit of learning must be displayed.
Feedback &	Assessment for learning should be ongoing in every lesson.
assessment	Names of focus children to be written on weekly plans based on assessments from the lesson.
	<ul> <li>Planning will be annotated and adapted weekly based on children's assessments.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Read to Learn sessions can be used to provide children with feedback.</li> <li>All learning will be appeared at the and of each learning with the Bigland Curren Feedback and Appearement Paling.</li> </ul>
<b>.</b>	All learning will be assessed at the end of each lesson in line with the Bigland Green Feedback and Assessment Policy.
Resources	<ul> <li>Resources taken from the subject resource cupboards will be returned neatly.</li> <li>DDC haves (heads, antefaste, neaters) can be andered at the start of a unit from the School (a Library Consistence).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PDC boxes (books, artefacts, posters) can be ordered at the start of a unit from the School's Library Services.</li> </ul>
	New resources must be approved by the Subject Leader before order.
Differentiation	Class Teachers are responsible for preparing and ensuring they have all necessary resources before the day of the lesson.
Differentiation	Children's individual needs must be planned for so they can access learning.
SEND	<ul> <li>Lessons, resources and activities will be differentiated to ensure all children engage with the same unit of learning.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Learning must include a range of activities to allow children to make good progress from their starting point.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Photographs with captions may be used to evidence children's outcomes and to support with assessment.</li> </ul>

**Subject specific expectations** for foundation subjects This document should be used in conjunction with the **`Shared Expectations for Teachers'** to help raise the quality of education.

	History	Geography	Art & Design and Design Technology	Computing	Big Thinking	Religious Education
Planning	-Planning must demonstrate how key learning is built upon using the medium term plan themes and hook question.	-Planning must demonstrate how key learning is built upon using the medium term plan themes.	-Half term weekly planning must be created on a single notebook or PowerPoint.	-Use Knowsley documents to support the teaching of specific programs and apps (see medium term plans).	-Each lesson must be planned out using the enquiry plan. -All enquiries must be tailored to the needs and interests of the class.	-Medium Term Plans will follow the SACRE (RE) document.
Lesson Delivery	<ul> <li>-Final history lesson must allow children to answer the key question.</li> <li>-A range of primary and secondary resources should be used.</li> <li>-Learning must be presented appropriately for the time period (e.g no newspaper articles when teaching Vikings).</li> </ul>	-Case studies should be used where possible. -A variety of maps and globes must be used (including digital mapping).	-All skills must be modelled by a teacher.	-All skills must be modelled by a teacher.	-All sessions must take place in a circle. -Children will create their own enquiry questions (can be guided in KS1). -Teachers should look for points of tension to develop class discussions, not teach morals. -KS1- 40 minute lesson. -KS2 – 45 minute lesson.	-A range of primary and secondary resources should be used.
Learning in books	-KWLs should be completed at the beginning and end of each unit (see example in the subject folder).	-KWLs should be completed at the beginning and end of each unit (see example in the subject folder).	-Each child must have a portfolio that includes their final product (*could be a photograph) and a written evaluation.	-Work must be saved in each child's folder in the 'Pupil Shared Area'. -Book Creator App will replace the use of worksheets. -Evidence of weekly learning will be	-Every enquiry will be recorded in the classes' Big Thinking Big Book. This will include children's responses and the enquiry question.	

				shown in each class's Computing Big Book. -Big Books should include the date, WALT, a short description of the task and examples of children's work.		
Learning environment	<ul> <li>The hook question should be displayed on the learning wall and referred to each lesson.</li> <li>A timeline should be created at the start of each unit of learning to support chronological understanding.</li> </ul>	-Each class must display and annotate a world map. -Any other relevant maps should be displayed when necessary. E.g. tectonic plate map when studying volcanoes	-Art room display is allocated to a year group per half term (see subject folder).	-Computing Suite display board is allocated to 2 year groups per half term (see subject folder).	-Each classroom will have a Big Thinking Display that includes sentence starters and the 4 C's.	
Feedback & assessment						
Resources				-Ensure all electronic equipment is working prior to the lesson. -Computing Suite must be left tidy.	-Recommended Big Thinking story books can be found in the PPA room. -Level 1 P4C foundation booklet is in the PPA room. -Each class has a copy of 'The Philosophy Shop' and 'The If Machine'.	

#### YEAR 1 Curriculum Overview

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Big Thinking	See Big thinking subject section within BG curriculum document for progression, teacher selects stimuli and themes							
English	Labels, List and Captions Retelling Text: Little Red Riding Hood	<b>Re-telling</b> <b>Text:</b> The Enormous Turnip	Shakespeare Festival Poem Text: The Tempest	Narrative Short story Text: Olivia Saves the Circus	Non-chronological report about chicks Text: non-fiction information books	Descriptive setting Text: The something		
	Re-telling Text: Elmer and the Lost Teddy	Diary entry Text: Beegu		Descriptive setting Text: Nimesh the Adventurer	Recount Recount of a visit to the farm	Poetry Shape poems Text: Patterns and Rhymes		
Maths	Number: Place Value within 10 (5 weeks) Addition and subtraction within 10 (5 weeks) Place Value within 20 (2 weeks)		Number: Continue place Value with Addition and subtraction Place Value within 50 (2 Place value within 100 (2 Multiplication and Division	within 20 (3 weeks) weeks) weeks)	Measurement: Fractions (2 weeks) Length and Height (2 wee Weight and Volume (2 we Time (2 weeks) Money (1 week) Geometry: Shape (1 week) Position and Direction (1 Consolidation	eeks)		
Science	Animals including Humans Ourselves	Animals and Humans Pets	Seasonal Changes Weather	Plants	Everyday Materials	Everyday Materials		
Computing	What is a Computer?     Modern tales       Animate with shapes		Drawing Maths	Mini - Beasts	My Robot the Friend	News presenter		
Wider Curriculum (History or Geography)	History: Family history What was life like before I was born? Technology Legacy Achievements	Geography: Our school (Field Work Unit)	History: Local heroes Why are Catherine and William Booth local heroes? Achievements Legacy	<u>Geography:</u> Our Country	History: Inventions: flight Why are aeroplanes a significant invention? Technology Legacy Achievements	Geography: Our World (comparative unit - Kenya)		

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious	1.1 Who is a Christian and what do they believe?		1.5 What makes some places sacred?		1.7 What does it mean to belong to a faith	
Education	Christ	tianity	Christianity Judaism Islam		community? Christianity Judaism Islam	
Art &	Drawing	DT focus	Painting / mixed	DT focus	Sculpture	DT focus
Design	Make your mark	(See Design and Technology overview)	<b>media</b> Landscapes	(See Design and Technology overview)	Paper play	(See Design and Technology overview)
Design &	Art focus	Structures	Art focus	Textiles	Art focus	Food
Technology	(See Art and Design overview)	Constructing a windmill	(See Art and Design overview)	Puppets	(See Art and Design overview)	Fruit and vegetables
Music	Ourselves Exploring sounds Number	Our School Exploring sounds Animals	Machines Beat Pattern	Story time Exploring sounds Water	Seasons Pitch Weather	Our bodies Beat Travel
	Beat	Pitch	Beat	Pitch	Exploring sounds	Performance
Physical Education	Gymnastics 1	Dance 1	Dance 2	Circus Skills	Athletics	Gymnastics 3
	Ball Skills 1	Gymnastics 2	Ball Skills 2	Games (rackets, bats)	Team building	Attacking/Defending

#### YEAR 2 Curriculum Overview

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Thinking	See Big thinking subject	ct section within BG curr	iculum document for pro	ogression, teacher select	s stimuli and themes	
English	Instruction How to put out a fire Text: books on Fire Safety	<b>Diary Entry</b> <b>Text:</b> The Disgusting Sandwich	Shakespeare Festival Storm setting Text: The Tempest	Narrative Short Story Text: Billy and the Beast	Biography on famous figures Biography on famous figures Text: biographies and information books on famous figures	Narrative Traditional stories on Dragons Text: Tell Me a Dragon/ George and
	Character Description Text: Man on the Moon	Non-chronological report on endangered animals Text: The journey home (fiction) and non- fiction		<b>Recount</b> Links made with Wider Curriculum	<b>Poetry</b> <b>Text:</b> Sound collector related to sounds of the seasons	the Dragon
Maths	Number: Place Value (4 weeks) Addition and subtraction (5 weeks) Multiplication and Division (3 weeks)		subtraction (5 weeks) Fractions (3 weeks)		Measurement:         Money (2 weeks)         Statistics: (2 weeks)         Geometry:         Properties of Shape (3 weeks)         Position and Direction (3 weeks)         *Use Mathematics Meetings to ensure maximum coverage before KS1 assessments         Consolidation -> KS2 ready	
Science	Uses of Everyday Materials	Uses of everyday Materials	Plants	Living Things and their Habitats (Gardens and Allotments)	Animals including humans Animal Life Cycles	<b>Living Things and</b> <b>their Habitats</b> Animal Life Cycles (Habitats)
Computing	Online Buddies Maths Madness	Presentation and Typing	Storyland	Storyland Heads up	Making Games Code a Story	
Wider Curriculum (History or Geography)	History: Great fire of London Was the fire of London a positive or negative event for the city? Technology Legacy	<u>Geography:</u> Weather and seasons	History: Schools over time How has school changed since the 1950s?	Geography: Coasts (comparative unit - Bangladesh)	History: Great Voyages Why do we remember the voyages of the `Titanic' and `Windrush'? Technology Legacy	Geography: Our local area (Field Work Unit)
	Technology Legacy Achievements		Technology Legacy	Dangiduesit)	Technology Legacy Empire	

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious	1.2 Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?		1.4 What can we learn from sacred books?		1.8 How should we care for others and the world,	
Education	Isla	am			and why do	
			Christianity J	udaism Islam	Christianit	y Judaism
Art &	Drawing	Sculpture	Painting / mixed	DT focus	DT focus	DT focus
Design			media			
	Tell a story	Clay pots		(See Design and	(See Design and	(See Design and
			Superheroes	Technology overview)	Technology overview)	Technology overview)
Design &	Art focus	Art focus	Art focus	Mechanism	Structures	Food
Technology						
	(See Art and Design	(See Art and Design	(See Art and Design	Making a moving	Designing a chair	A balanced diet
	overview)	overview)	overview)	monster		
Music	Ourselves	Our land	Animals	Story time	Weather	Pattern
	Exploring sounds	Exploring sounds	Pitch	Exploring sounds	Exploring sounds	Beat
	Toys	Our bodies	Number	Seasons	Water	Travel
	Beat	Beat	Beat	Pitch	Pitch	Performance
Physical	Gymnastics 1	Dance 1	Ball skills 2	Dance 2	Athletics	Health & Fitness
Education						
	Ball Skills 1	Games 1:	Gymnastics 2	Games 2:	Team Building	Gymnastics 3
		Striking skills		Attack/Defend		

#### **YEAR 3 Curriculum Overview**

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Thinking	See Big thinking subje	ct section within BG curr	iculum document for pro	gression, teacher select	s stimuli and themes	
English	Instructions	Diary Entry	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Non-fiction	Persuasive advert
	<b>Text:</b> Stone Age Boy/Woolly Mammoth/The First Drawing	Text: Iron Man	A speech from a main character <b>Text:</b> Julius Caesar	Re-writing a section of the story <b>Text:</b> Leon and the	Non-chronological report on Plants / chosen flower	<b>Text:</b> Charlie and the Chocolate factory
	Poetry Shape Poems	Narrative Section of a story Text: Iron Man		place in between	Text: Non-fiction texts	Narrative Text: Charlie and the Chocolate factory
Maths	Number: Place Value (3 weeks) Addition and subtraction (5 weeks) Multiplication and Division (4 weeks)		Number: To continue Multiplication and Division (3 weeks) *See Team Leader* Fractions A and B (5 weeks) Measurement: Mass and capacity (3 weeks)		Measurement: Length and Perimeter (3 weeks) Time (3 weeks) Money (1 week) Statistics: (2 weeks) Geometry: Properties of Shape (2 weeks) Consolidation	
Science	<b>Rocks</b> (Rocks and Fossils)	Light (Light and Shadows)	Animals including Humans (Keeping Healthy)	Forces and Magnets	Plants (Roots and Shoots)	Plants (Flowers, fruits and seeds)
Computing	Online Detectives	Dancing Robots	Rainforests Keyboard Adventures	Be Digitally Awesome	Micro:bit	Programming with Robots
Wider	History:	Geography:	History:	Geography:	History:	Geography:
Curriculum (History or Geography)	Stone Age to Iron Age Was life better in the Stone, Bronze or Iron Age? Technology Legacy Achievements	Climate and biomes	Local history Why is the Tower of London a significant building? Technology Trade Religion Monarchy	Where are we? (Field Work Unit)	Development of the police force How has the police force in London changed over time? Legacy Achievements	Our continent: Europe (comparative unit – Scandinavia)

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious Education	L2.1 What do different people believe about God? Christianity Islam Humanism Hinduism		L2.2 Why is the Bible in tod Christ	ay?	or Christians L2.5 Why are festivals important to religi communities Christianity Hinduism Islam Judaism	
Art &	Painting / mixed	DT focus	DT focus	Drawing	Sculpture	DT focus
Design	<b>media</b> Prehistoric art	(See Design and Technology overview)	(See Design and Technology overview)	Shape and tone	Abstract, shape and space	(See Design and Technology overview)
Design &	Art focus	Textiles	Structures	Art focus	Art focus	Food
Technology	(See Art and Design overview)	Cushions	Constructing a castle	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Eating seasonally
Music	Environment Composition Building	Sounds Exploring sounds Poetry	China Pitch Time	In the Past Pitch Communication	Human Body Structure Singling Spanish	Food and Drink Performance
Physical Education	Beat Gymnastics	Performance Invasion Games (hockey)	Beat Dance 1 Ice Skating	Composition Invasion Games (football)	Pitch Athletics	Dance 2
Education	Netball	Health & Fitness	Invasion Games (handball)	Striking & Fielding - cricket	Net/Wall Games (Tennis)	OAA communication and tactics
Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish)	A New Start	Calendar and Celebrations	Animals	Carnival time	Food	Going on a picnic

#### **YEAR 4 Curriculum Overview**

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
<b>Big Thinking</b>	See	Big thinking subject section	on within BG curriculum docu	ment for progression, tead	cher selects stimuli and the	emes
English	Poetry	Recount	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Biography	Narrative
	Structured poems	Newspaper article	Letter	Fables	<b>Text:</b> A range of biographies	Short Story
	Explanation Explanation based on previous unit of learning Text: non-fiction texts	Text: Egyptian Echo Narrative Part of a story from Characters POV (setting focus) Text: Marcy and the	Text: Anthony and Cleopatra	<b>Text:</b> Michael Rosen's Aesop's Fables		Text: Street child
Maths	Riddle of the Sphinx         Number:         Place Value* (4 weeks)         Addition and subtraction (3 weeks)         Multiplication and Division (5 weeks)         *include teaching of negative numbers from version 2.0		Number:         Continue Multiplication and Division (1 week)         Fractions (4 weeks)         Decimals A and B (5 weeks)         Measurement:         Money (2 weeks)		Measurement:         Length and Perimeter (2 week)         Area (1 week)         Time (2 weeks)         Statistics: 1 week         Geometry:         Properties of Shape (2 weeks)         Position and direction (2 weeks)         Consolidation	
Science	Animals, including humans (Teeth)	Electricity	Living Things and their Habitats (Classification)	Living Things and their Habitats (Climate Change/Impact)	States of matter	Sound
Computing	Fake or Real	Hours of Code	Dinosaurs	Minecraft Challenges	Endangered Animals	Game Designer
Wider Curriculum (History or Geography)	History: Ancient Egypt Why was Ancient Egypt such a successful civilisation? Trade Achievements	<u>Geography:</u> Earthquakes and volcanoes	History: Ancient Greece Why do historians think Ancient Greece is such a significant civilisation? Achievements Legacy	Geography: Moving Mountains (European focus)	History: Roman Britain How did the Romans change Britain? Technology Trade Achievements	Geography: Racing Rivers (comparative – United States of America)
	Invasion/Conflict Settlement/Civilisation		Settlement/ Civilisation		Religion Settlement/ Civilisation/Empire Invasion/Conflict	

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious Education	L2.3 Why is Jesus inspiring to some people? Christianity		L2.6 Why do some people think that life is a journey? What significant experiences mark this? Christianity Hinduism Judaism		L2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Hinduism	
Art & Design	<b>Craft and Design</b> Fabric of nature	Painting / mixed media Ancient Egyptian Scrolls	<b>DT focus</b> (See Design and Technology overview)	<b>Drawing</b> Power Prints	<b>DT focus</b> (See Design and Technology overview)	<b>DT focus</b> (See Design and Technology overview)
Design & Technology	Art focus (See Art and Design overview)	Art focus (See Art and Design overview)	<b>Mechanisms</b> Making a slingshot car	Art focus (See Art and Design overview)	<b>Structures</b> Model mountainous landscape	<b>Textiles</b> Book Covers
Music	Poetry Performance Environment Composition	Sounds Exploring sounds Ancient Worlds Structure	Building Beat Recycling Structure	Around the World Pitch Communication Composition	<b>Time</b> Beat	In the Past Notation Food and Drink Performance
Physical Education	Invasion Games (Netball) <i>Swimming</i>	Gymnastics Swimming	Dance Swimming	Striking & Fielding cricket Swimming	Athletics <i>Swimming + water</i>	Invasion games (dodgeball) <i>Swimming + water</i>
Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish)	Welcome to school	Local area	Family tree	The body	safety Feeling unwell and jungle animals	Summer time

#### YEAR 5 Curriculum Overview

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Thinking	See Big thinking subjec	ct section within BG curri		- · ·		
English	Explanation	Non-chronological report	Shakespeare Festival	Narrative	Newspaper article	Argument
	Text: Beowulf	<b>Text:</b> non-fiction texts on Anglo Saxons	Persuasive letter Text: Macbeth	Viking Myth Text: Illustrated Norse	Text: Ice Trap	<b>Text:</b> non-fiction texts on fair trade
	Recount Diary entry Text: Beowulf	Narrative poem Text: The Highwayman		Myths		
Maths	Number: Place Value (4 weeks) Addition and subtraction (2 weeks) Multiplication and Division A and B (6 weeks)		Number: Fractions A and B (6 weeks) Decimals and Percentages (3 weeks) Decimals (3 weeks)		Measurement:Converting units (2 weeks)Volume (1 week)Perimeter and Area (2 weeks)Statistics: 2 weeksGeometry:Properties of Shape (3 weeks)Position and direction (12 weeks)Consolidation - through bright minds	
Science	Forces	Earth & Space	Properties and changes of materials	Properties and changes of materials	Living Things and their Habitats (Reproduction- Plants and animals)	Animals including humans (Human life cycle)
Computing	Girls v Boys: STEAM Challenges	YouTuber	Making AR Games	News Reporter and Podcasting Video Game Music Composer	Web Designer	Binary Messages
Wider Curriculum (History or Geography)	History: Anglo-Saxons Is it fair to call the Anglo-Saxon period a 'dark age'? Achievements Religion Settlement/ Civilisation Monarchy	<u>Geography:</u> Global Trade	History: Vikings Why are the Vikings remembered as violent and barbaric? Religion Legacy Invasion/Conflict Monarchy	Geography: Natural treasures (Comparative – Jamaica)	History: Trans-Atlantic slave trade What were the consequences of Britain's involvement in the Trans-Atlantic slave trade? Technology Trade Legacy	Geography: Changes in our local area (Field Work Unit)

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious Education	U2.1 Why do some people believe God exists?	U2.4 If God is everywhere, why go to a place of worship?	U2.2 What would Jesus values of Jesus in the Christ		U2.3 What do religions say to us when life gets hard?	U2.6 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?
	Christianity Humanism		Christ	lancy	Christianity Islam Hinduism Humanism	Islam
Art &	Drawing	Painting / mixed	DT focus	DT focus	Craft and design	DT focus
Design	I need space	<b>media</b> Portraits	(See Design and Technology overview)	(See Design and Technology overview)	Architecture	(See Design and Technology overview)
Design &	Art focus	Art focus	Digital World	Textiles	Art focus	Mechanisms
Technology	(See Art and Design overview)	(See Art and Design overview)	Smart Thermometers	Stuffed toys	(See Art and Design overview)	Pop-up books
Music	<b>Our Community</b> Performance	Solar System Listening	Life Cycles Structure	Keeping Healthy Beat	At the Movies Composition	<b>Celebration</b> Performance
Physical Education	Gymnastics	Dance 1	Gymnastics 2	Dance 2	Athletics	Striking/Fielding (Rounders)
	Basketball	Invasion Games (hockey)	Invasion games dodge/handball	Net/Wall games (Badminton)	Net/Wall games (Tennis)	OAA – problem solving
Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish)	My school subjects	Time in the city	Healthy Eating	Clothes and colours	Out of this world	Going to the seaside

#### YEAR 6 Curriculum Overview

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Thinking	See Big thinking subjec	t section within BG curr	iculum document for pro		s stimuli and themes	
English	Diary entry Text: One Thousand and One Arabian Nights Story Text: One Thousand and One Arabian Nights	Non-fiction Persuasive brochure <b>Text:</b> travel brochures and trip to Gorsefield	Shakespeare Festival Soliloquy Text: Romeo and Juliet Obituary Text: Romeo and Juliet	Narrative Short story Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone Non-chronological report Text: Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone / Fantastic Beasts	Free Verse Poetry	Transition units/creative writing
Maths	Number: Place Value (2 weeks) Addition, subtraction, Multiplication and Division (4 weeks) Fractions A and B (4 weeks) Decimals (2 weeks)		Number:         Fraction, Decimals and Percentages (2 weeks)         Algebra (2 week)         Ratio (2 weeks)         Measurement:         Converting units (1 weeks)         Area, Perimeter and Volume (2 weeks)         Statistics: 2 weeks		Geometry:         Properties of Shape (2 weeks)         Position and Direction (1 week)         *To be covered before May SATs window         and consolidated in Summer 2         Consolidation for transition to Year 7	
Science	Light	Electricity	Living Things and their Habitats (Classification)	Evolution and Inheritance	Animals including humans (Circulatory System)	Second-look Science
Computing	Online Safety dilemmas	VR Worlds	Maths: Money	Quick Show Host		
Wider Curriculum (History or Geography)	History: British Empire What are some of the consequences of the British empire in India? Trade Legacy Empire Invasion/Conflict	<u>Geography:</u> Coasts: changes over time	History: Kingdom of Benin What caused the end of the Kingdom of Benin? Trade Achievements Invasion/Conflict	History: Local history How did World War Two impact our local area? Legacy Impre Invasion/Conflict	Geography: Protecting our local environment (Field Work Unit)	Geography: Climate change (South America focus)

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Religious Education	U2.7 What matters most to Christians and to Humanists? Christianity		U2.8 What difference does it make to believe in Ahimsa (harmlessness), Grace (the generosity of God), and Ummah (community)? Christianity Islam Hinduism		U2.5 Is it better to express your religion in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity? Christianity Islam Humanism	
Art &	Craft and Design	DT focus	Drawing	DT focus	Sculpture	DT focus
Design	Photo opportunity	(See Design and Technology overview)	Making my voice heard	(See Design and Technology overview)	Making Memories	(See Design and Technology overview)
Design &	Art focus	Electrical Systems	Art focus	Structure	Art focus	Textiles
Technology	(See Art and Design overview)	Steady hand game	(See Art and Design overview)	Playgrounds	(See Art and Design overview)	Waistcoats <b>Digital world</b> Smart watches
Music	World Unite	Journeys	Growth	Roots	Class Awards	Moving on
	Step dance performance	Song cycle performance	Street dance performance	Mini musical performance	Awards show performance	Leaver's assembly performance
Physical Education	Netball	Health & Fitness	Gymnastics	Invasion game (Tag Rugby)	Intensive swimming (3 weeks per class)	Striking/Fielding (Cricket)
Lucation	OAA – Y6 residential				Athletics	OAA – Kayaking Wall climbing
Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish)	Everyday life	Where I live	Playing and enjoying sport	This is me, hobbies and fun	Café culture and restaurants	All about me and transition into Year 7